Arkansas Gazette.

NINETIETH YEAR. LITTLE ROCK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1909. PRICE FIVE CENTS PER COPY.

TAFT APPROVES LOCK TYPE CANAL

Engineer's Report Incomplete, but It Will Approve Gatun Dam and the Entire Canal Plan.

SPEAKS IN NEW ORLEANS

Tells People Canal Will Be Complete in 1915—Entrance Into City Picturesque, Reception Most Cordial.

New Orleans, Feb. 11.—President elect Wm. H. Taft landed here shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon from Panama and was most enthusiastically received by the entire city, whose guest he is to be until Saturday morning.

Mr. Taft made a brief speech this afternoon in which he heartily approved the present lock type of canal across the Isthmus of Panama.

He reviewed a parade of enthusiastic citizens miles in length and tonight attended one of the carnival season balls, that of the Elves of Oberon. Mr. Taft will tomorrow address the negro Y. M. C. A., spend several hours in automobiling and at night be the guest of honor at an elaborate banquet at which nearly 500 prominent citizens will pay $25 a plate to participate.

Saturday morning the president-elect will go to Cincinnati, from where, on Monday, he will leave for Washington, returning again to Cincinnati Wednesday.

Hears of Knox's Trouble.

Mr. Taft received the first news of the constitutional question which has been raised against the appointment of Mr. Knox to a cabinet position by wire less yesterday when he was apprised, not only by press messages, but by a dispatch giving the views of Senator Knox. That he was somewhat disturbed over the situation last night was admitted, but early today he received the news of the disposition of Congress to amend the cabinet salary law by making the pay of the secretary of state what it was before the recent increase and he was inclined to take this as a happy solution of the difficulty. Pending a conference on the matter which will take place between Mr. Taft and Senator Knox in Washington next week, the president-elect regards it as impolitic to discuss the question for publication.

Cabinet Speculation Active.

With the return of Mr. Taft to the country, cabinet speculation became at once active. No information is to be given to the public, however, from the authoritative source. Mr. Taft said he should adhere to his previously announced plan of keeping silent and also keeping cabinet appointments open until the very last moment to provide against possible contingencies.

It is regarded, however, as highly probable that offers of cabinet positions are to be made without great delay. Mr. Taft said he expected to be placed in possession of information he desired and had asked to be obtained for him during his absence.

The presence here of J. C. Shaffer, owner of the Chicago Evening Post, on whose judgment Mr. Taft said he should place weight regarding cabinet aspirants from the vicinity of Chicago, makes it apparent that cabinet activities have begun.

In this connection there was a rumor here today that J. M. Dickinson of Nashville, formerly general counsel for the Illinois Central Railway, was being considered for the war portfolio, but no confirmation in the way of a positive statement could be obtained.

Treasury Berth Still Vacant.

From what Mr. Taft said today, it is a fair inference that he has, as yet, decided on no one for the treasury portfolio, but that as to the other places his ideas are decidedly more definite.

On the trip from Panama Mr. Taft made the first draft of his inaugural address. This he intends to submit to certain friends in Washington on his forthcoming visit there next week.

Engineers' Report Incomplete.

The inability of the Board of Civil Engineers to complete their report on the questions regarding which their advice has been asked regarding the Panama canal, made the Washington visit by Mr. Taft necessary. The engineers will go at once to Washington to complete their work. It may be stated that their report will be a complete approval of present plans and methods on the isthmus.

They will not only recommend the construction of the Gatun dam, but give it as their judgment that the dam will be perfectly safe if built to a height of 155 feet instead of 135 feet, thus saving expense in construction.

Other features of their report will deal with the thickness of cement required for the walls and floors of the locks; devices for handling ships in the locks and the approval of the $10,000,000 breakwaters at Colon, the construction of which will create a harbor out of the present open roadstead.

The failure of the engineers to complete their report was said to be their desire for careful consideration regarding just the manner of stating their conclusions, rather than any disagreement regarding what those conclusions are.

Likes Work at Panama.

In his speech on the steps of the city hall here, Mr. Taft made what he said was his summing up of his recent trip.

"I am here on my way from the great constructive work," he said after paying his compliments to his audience. "The greatest entered upon by any nation during the past two centuries, and I am glad to say to you, who perhaps are more interested in that work than any other part of the people of the United States, that the work is going on as you would have it go on. That on the 1st of January, 1915, at least, if not before—and I am

(Continued on page 2, third column.)

"BILL" LATURA FREED OF A MURDER CHARGE

Is Held, However, to Answer Other Charges of Murder and Murderous Assault—Is Insane.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 11.—Holding that he is insane the jury in the case of William (Bill) Latura, charged with murder in connection with the killing of Charles Miller, one of four negroes who were shot to death by Latura several months ago, today returned a verdict of acquittal. Latura was returned to jail to await trial on other indictments charging murder and murderous assault.

The shooting occurred December 10. Armed with an automatic pistol Latura entered a saloon conducted by a negro on DeSoto, near Beale street, and when he reached the billiard room in the rear, without warning, it is charged, began shooting wildly. When the police arrived four negroes were found lying about the floor dead and two others were badly wounded.

After disposing of his pistol Latura went to a nearby saloon and quietly submitted to arrest.

The case has been on trial continuously since January 8, nearly three weeks being occupied securing a jury, it being necessary to examine more than 1,500 veniremen. The defense depended entirely on a plea of insanity to secure Latura's acquittal.

LINCOLN MEMORIAL BEGINS IN NEW YORK

Today 1,000 Halls Will Be Given Over to Celebration of One Hundredth Anniversary of His Birth.

New York, Feb. 11.—Tonight saw the beginning of the greatest memorial celebration ever planned for a great man, when Lincoln meetings were held at the Broadway tabernacle, in Trinity school and at the Jewish Theological Seminary. Senator W. E. Borah and Congressman J. Van Vechten Olcott were among the speakers.

The centennial of Abraham Lincoln's birth will be celebrated in this city tomorrow in nearly 1,000 halls, churches schools and theaters.

Lincoln's services to humanity will be recited by famous orators, everywhere his Gettysburg address will be read, and probably a million voices will unite in patriotic songs. Flags will flow everywhere from public and private buildings and the holiday will be generally observed throughout the city.

Salutes from the guns on naval vessels and harbor fortifications at 8 o'clock in the morning will hail the day and the 700,000 children will gather in the 561 schoolhouses for patriotic exercises. The city's official celebration in Cooper Union at 2 p. m. will be in the hall in which Lincoln first appeared in the East. Mayor McClellan will call the meeting to order. Bishop Greer will offer prayer and Joseph H. Choate and Dr. Lyman Abbott will deliver orations.

Ex-Senator John C. Spooner will be the orator at 4 p. m. at Columbia University, where the entire day will be given over to the celebration of Lincoln's memory and of Charles Darwin's services to science.

In the evening there will be a great demonstration in Carnegie Hall, while other celebrations will be held throughout the greater city in halls, schools, churches and theaters.

CELEBRATION IN LONDON.

London, Feb. 11.—The Lincoln celebrations in England began at Rochdale, Lancashire, tonight. A big meeting was held in town hall and presided over by the mayor, at which John L. Griffiths, the American consul at Liverpool, delivered an eloquent centenary address. Other speeches were made recalling Lincoln's imperishable services to humanity and Rochdale's great townsman, John Bright, had loyally supported the cause of Lincoln.

BOUTELL DELIVERS EULOGY.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Toward the close of the session of the house today Representative Boutell of Illinois delivered a eulogy of Abraham Lincoln. He spoke of Lincoln's entry into the body as a member on December 6, 1847. Here in this house, he said, attending to its routine duties and responding to numerous roll calls, Lincoln spent his fortieth birthday.

Mr. Boutell said it was altogether fitting that there should be put on the records of the house "some memorial of the greatest member of this national association of the people's representatives."

REVENUE CUTTER IS ON GUARD

Wireless Tells of Distress of Steamer Matanzas.

New York, Feb. 11.—Thanks to a wireless summons sent by the steamship El Norte of the Southern Pacific Steamship Company, six ocean-going vessels and the revenue cutter Onondaga are keeping more or less distant watch tonight on the barkentine Matanzas, bound for Philadelphia, from Ferdinandina, and sighted 12 miles southeast of the Diamond shoal lightship flying signals of distress in a northeast gale.

The El Norte, which is equipped with the United Wireless system, came up with the barkentine yesterday and stood by her until daylight, while the crew jettisoned her cargo of lumber.

A wireless message sent by the El Norte to Pendleton Brothers of this city, owners of the Matanzas, through the wireless station at Cape Hatteras, apprised them of the plight of the barkentine. A similar message to the four winds was picked up by the steamer Comus of the Southern Pacific Steamship Company, which hastened to the aid of the disabled ship.

TO ELECTROCUTE A WOMAN

Court of Appeals Fixes Week in Which Mrs. Farmer Will Die.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 11.—The Court of Appeals today fixed the week beginning March 29 as the date for the execution of Mrs. Mary Farmer at Auburn prison.

She was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Sarah Brennan near Watertown.

REVOLT IN CUBAN ARMY AT HAVANA

Company of Rural Guards Refuse to Be Transferred to Regular Army to Cabanas Fortress.

DEMAND AUDIENCE WITH GOMEZ

Some Tried to Ascend Stairs to President's Apartments, but Armed Police Drove Them Back.

Havana, Feb. 11.—Mutiny broke out this afternoon among a company of the Rural Guards just as the men were about to embark in launches to be transported across the harbor to Cabanas fortress. When the men learned they were to be transferred from the Rural Guard to the permanent army, in accordance with a decree issued by Governor Magoon authorizing the transfer of one battalion, they refused to embark, and, led by a subaltern officer, rushed to the palace. They entered the court yard and demanded an immediate audience of President Gomez.

Tried to Reach President.

Some attempted to ascend the stair way to the presidential apartments, but the way was barred by the police guard armed with revolvers.

The mutineers being unarmed, thereupon retreated, but they remained in the court yard, shouting that they refused to submit to the transfer and demanded to be returned to their homes in Matanzas and Santa Clara, whence they had come to participate in the inaugural ceremonies.

For a time there was great excitement around the palace precincts and General Pe[r]gen Pino Guerra, commander of the permanent army, and Gen. Monteagudo, commander of the Rural Guard, were summoned. They succeeded eventually in restoring order and in persuading the men to submit. The men were then sent under an armed escort to Cabanas.

SUMNER, MISS., HAS BIG FIRE

Practically Entire Town Is Destroyed—Loss, $60,000.

Memphis, Feb. 11.—Reports from Sumner, Miss., today state that a fire which started late last night practically destroyed the business section of the town.

Among the principal buildings burned were the telephone exchange, People's bank, the Herald-Progress office, Frierson hotel, Byles drug store and the general merchandise stores of J. W. Robertson, H. A. Smith and A. I. Gidnitz.

The postoffice building was also burned and a quantity of mail destroyed.

The loss is estimated at $60,000.

SPENT $107,793.05 IN POLITICS

Senator Stephenson Used $11,390 for Postage in Campaign.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 11.—The official statement of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson, with affidavit attached, shows that the expense of his candidacy for the nomination of United States senator at the primary election on September 1, 1908, amounted to $107,793.05.

The sum total is made up from 11 different groups, which are set forth in the statement.

The largest single item is $53,729.56, which was paid to C. M. Hambright, John C. Miller, E. H. McMahon, E. J. Rogers, U. C. Keller and others for services rendered in organizing outside Milwaukee county. The next big amount is $16,485.24, paid to an advertising agency and others for newspaper advertising.

For postage he spent $11,390.

Contributions to associations, cigars, etc., is listed at $1,420.63.

TURK CRISIS IS DEVELOPING

Relief of Nazim Pasha Causes Grave Apprehension.

Constantinople, Feb. 11.—The new government seems to be on the edge of a serious crisis as the result of the sudden removal of Osmon Nazimi Pasha, minister of war, and Ari Pasha, minister of marine, who without any public explanation were replaced on Wednesday by Nazim and Husni Pasha, respectively. Nazimi Pasha has been commander of the second army corps at Adrianople, where he has shown great talent for organization. Husni Pasha is a vice admiral.

The crisis was further developed tonight by the resignation of the president of the council, Hassan Fehmy, and the threatened resignations of the ministers of justice, interior and finance.

SUN DOGS SAY COLD COMING

But the Weather Man Says It Will Stay Warm.

Section Director Alciatore, basing his conclusions on weather maps and barometric deductions and such things, says that the weather will remain fair for the next few days. Sundry old settlers, basing their predictions on two "sun dogs" which appeared in the west late yesterday afternoon, aver that bad weather is approaching. The public may take its choice of Uncle Sam's forecast or the old home grown variety.

The two "sun dogs" which appeared yesterday were the first seen this year. They were very large and brilliant and remained visible for nearly half an hour. The "sun dogs" are caused by the peculiar reflection of the sun's rays upon nearby clouds, and usually appear about sunrise or sunset. By many they are regarded as tokens of cold and wintry weather.

SMALLPOX IN SCHOOL DETAINS THE PUPILS

Fifteen Cases Develop in William Jewell College, at Liberty, Mo.—College Is Under Quarantine.

Special to the Gazette.

Liberty, Mo., Feb. 11.—Fifteen students of William Jewell College, among them John Greene, the son of President John P. Greene of the college, are confined in the college gymnasium here, afflicted with smallpox. All of the 15 cases have developed since Tuesday, when the first two cases were discovered.

The entire school dormitory is quarantined, the gymnasium has been converted into a pest house and guards are at all trains to keep students from leaving town. There are 600 students in this college.

When the outbreak came Tuesday, one case developed in the top floor of the dormitory, where more than 100 students live.

The Kappa Fraternity house also is quarantined, imprisoning many students. Many have attempted to leave Liberty, but armed guards stopped them.

CONGRESSMAN MACON CUTS OUT INCREASES

Arkansan Tells Cook of Colorado He Has Many Farmers in His Congressional District.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Further consideration was given by the House of Representatives today to the agricultural bill.

Bartlett of Georgia suggested that some provision should be made for the preservation of 'possum and provoked the house to laughter by reading a humorous dialogue between two negroes who found fault with President elect Taft's recent 'possum dinner in Atlanta on the ground that 'possum was not a white man's dish.

Every increase in salary provided for in the bill was stricken out on the objection of Mr. Macon of Arkansas. The Arkansas member declared that he could best represent the interest of the farmers by keeping down such increases and thus lessen their burdens of taxation. This statement led to a sharp tilt with Mr. Cook of Colorado. "Have you any farmers in your district?" he inquired.

Has Many Farmers.

"More than you have in your whole state," was the quick rejoinder of Mr. Macon.

"I would not imagine so," retorted Mr. Cook, "from the way you have retarded the work of our committee."

The chair admonished both that it was unparliamentary to refer to each other in the second person.

"I want the stenographer to record what has been said," protested Mr. Macon.

"I stand by what I said," interjected Mr. Cook.

"And so I stand by what I said, too," Mr. Macon hotly replied.

Without having been materially amended, the bill was passed and the house adjourned.

MISS SLIGER WEDS IN ST. LOUIS

Former Helena Girl Becomes Mrs. Gurdon White Price.

Special to the Gazette.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—The Episcopal Church of the Ascension was the scene of a beautiful wedding last night when Miss Eugenia Sliger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bennet Sliger, formerly of Helena, Ark., became the bride of Gurdon White Price of Chicago.

Miss Ida Price, the groom's sister, was maid of honor. Mrs. Philip B. Newcomb was matron of honor and Miss Margaret Sliger, the bride's sister, was bridesmaid.

The bridal procession was led by two little girls, Miss Laura Louise Price, carrying the bride's boquet of white roses and lilies of the valley and Miss Elizabeth Carpenter, bearing the ring on white satin cushion.

George Price was his brother's best man and the groomsmen were John F. Price, the groom's brother, Owen Orr of Chicago, Frank Sliger, the bride's brother, and Dr. Lee Dorsett.

TO FEED SHERMAN POSSUM

Georgia Delegation in Congress to Entertain Vice President.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Regretful that Vice President-elect Jas. S. Sherman should have been deprived of the gastronomic pleasure enjoyed by President elect Taft upon the occasion of the recent "possum and taters" dinner at Atlanta the Georgia delegation in Congress has determined to give Mr. Sherman a dinner in this city shortly after the inauguration, at which this famous dish shall appear.

WOULD UNIFORM LOBBYISTS

St. Louis Senator Would Furnish Badges and Caps Also.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 11.—Senator Brogan of St. Louis today introduced a bill requiring all legislative agents to wear uniform caps and badges to be furnished by the secretary of state. The bill closed with an emergency clause because of many lobbyists now in the capital.

The legislature today heard a delegation of Missouri W. C. T. U. in support of a state wide prohibition amendment. The delegation was received with cheers as it marched into the hall.

FOR UNIFORMITY OF TEXT-BOOKS

Idea Is Not New One, the System Having Been Adopted and Rejected in Some States.

IN VOGUE IN SOUTH AND WEST

Indiana Only State in North or East Which Adopted and Still Retains Uniformity.

By the Arkansaw Traveler.

Several bills are now pending in the legislature providing for the adoption of the principle of state uniformity of text books. These bills differ in many respects, but they all aim at the same general end—the creation of a state board which shall select the text books which are to be used in the schools throughout the state.

State uniformity of text-books is not a new proposition in the United States, this system having been in vogue in some states as much as 60 years ago. Vermont was one of the first states to provide by law that the books should be uniform throughout the state. The first adoption in that state took place in 1850, the second in 1867 and the last in 1872. The law was then repealed and each town in Vermont now selects and buys its own books in the open market. West Virginia also adopted state uniformity soon after the state was admitted to the Union, and the system was retained until 1897, when the county was made the unit of adoption. Missouri, Michigan, Minnesota and Washington are other states which have had state uniformity, but have repealed their uniformity laws after giving them a trial.

States Which Have Uniformity Laws.

State uniformity laws are now in force in most of the Southern states, as well as a number of Western states, but this method of selecting school books is not now in vogue in any Eastern or Northern state, with the single exception of Indiana. The states and territories which now have uniformity laws are Alabama, Arizona, California, Georgia, Montana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Idaho and Indiana.

A. Jones, editor of the Teachers' Journal, published at Marion, Ind., asserts that state uniformity of text books was first introduced in the South immediately after the war by "carpet baggers" who saw in this system possibilities of graft through the sale of the text-book privileges to favored publishers. After the reign of the "carpet baggers" ended, Mr. Jones declares, the uniformity laws were repealed and the agitation in favor of state uniformity was next found in the Middle West.

California Prints Own Books.

The state of California went the full length on the subject, providing not only for state uniformity, but undertaking itself the manufacture of the school books, with the idea of selling them to the people at cost. So far as known, no other state has tried this experiment, but one of the bills now pending before the General Assembly provides for the establishment of a state printing establishment in Arkansas for this purpose. The reports of the state superintendent of public instruction of California, as well as every report made upon this matter by educators and others who have made an investigation, show that the experiment has been a failure in California.

The first idea was to use only books written by citizens of California, but the books thus produced were so inferior to those in the general market that the system was abandoned and the state now leases plates from regular school book publishers, paying them a royalty on each book made. It is asserted that the prices charged for these books are as high as those charged for the same books by the private publishers, and the state gets no return on the million dollars which it has invested in its printing establishment.

Indiana Fixes Maximum Price.

The state of Indiana is the only state in the North or East which has adopted and is still using the state uniformity plan. Indiana passed its first uniformity law in 1889, fixing the maximum prices which should be charged for text-books in the state. It is claimed that the banks offered to the School Book Board in that state under this system are special editions of standard books, or books made for that state. For instance, it is asserted by a local educator, who has made an investigation of the subject, that the fact that a certain geography is sold in Indiana at a less price than is charged in Arkansas is explained by the fact that the geography which is sold in Indiana, while apparently the same book that is sold in Arkansas, contains 20 less pages than the book used here. In other words, it is claimed that where a maximum price is fixed by law upon all books, the publishers will furnish just so much as is paid for, limiting the size and quality of the books offered to correspond to the price that is paid.

Missouri Abandons Uniformity.

The state of Missouri passed a law establishing state uniformity in 1891 and a second law was passed in 1897. In 1905 the latter act was repealed and the County Boards of Education were again under the general statutes, the authorities to select books for their schools. In 1907 a law was passed specifically placing the authority to contract for uniform books in the County Boards of Education, or, where no such boards exist, with the county superintendent and two teachers, one appointed by the county court and the other by the State Board of Education. Under this law Missouri now has uni-

(Continued on page 2, fifth column.)

ARKANSAS WEATHER FORECAST

Cloudy Friday, rain at night or Saturday, colder Saturday.

Local Record Yesterday.

	Barom.	Temp.	Wind.	Wthr.	Prec
7 a. m.	30.16	37	SW	Pt Cldy	0.00
7 p. m.	30.06	50	S	Pt Cldy	0.00

Maximum temperature 63, minimum 37.

ROOSEVELT GOES TO LINCOLN FARM

Tells Crowd at Pittsburg Average American Citizen Is Good Fellow, but Wives Are Better Fellows.

Pittsburg, Feb. 11.—On his way to the Lincoln centenary celebration in LaRue county, Kentucky, President Roosevelt passed through here tonight. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Roosevelt, Secretary of War Wright, Secretary Loeb, Surgeon General Rixey and others. The party traveled on a special train of three coaches on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Leaving Washington at 11:55 a. m., the run was made on exact time. The president and his immediate friends occupied the rear car. There were only three stops between Washington and this city, one at Baltimore, one at Harrisburg and one at Altoona.

Crowd at Harrisburg.

At Harrisburg 400 or 500 people congregated and they received the chief executive with vociferous cheering. He shook hands with many of them during the five minutes' stay.

At Altoona the number was much larger. Bareheaded and in the face of a stiff cold wind, he mounted a baggage truck, but so loud and so numerous were the calls for a speech that the president could find opportunity only to express his gratification over their cordiality and to wish them "all possible good luck."

At Tyrone, by special request the president stood on the rear platform as the train whizzed by, and in response to a wave of his hand, the crowd cheered lustily.

Speaks at Pittsburg.

During his 15 minutes' stop in this city the president gave a brief talk to several hundred persons gathered about the rear of his car. The president thanked his audience for the enthusiastic reception accorded him, and congratulated several of the men upon bringing their "better halves." He said the average American citizen was a good fellow, but his wife was a better fellow.

The president is due at Louisville tomorrow at 9:25 a. m., and at Hodgenville, the nearest railroad station to the Lincoln farm, about noon.

ROOSEVELT GETS APPROVAL

Senator McLaurin Says He Did Right In Discharging Negroes.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Senator McLaurin of Mississippi spoke today on the Brownsville affair, upholding the course taken by the president in the discharge of the negro soldiers of the Twenty-fifth infantry and maintaining that he could not sign a bill for their re-enlistment without stultifying himself.

"The president," he said, "is entitled to the plaudit, 'well done, good and faithful servant,' for the act discharging the whole worthless band. It is not expected that he will do any act in reference to this matter that will draw a black mark across a course of conduct in the matter deserving of such high commendation."

He Congratulates Foraker.

Mr. McLaurin congratulated Senator Foraker on the progress he had made in seeking legislation for the re-enlistment of the Brownsville soldiers. "He has accomplished this," he said, "grappling with the administration in mortal combat with one hand," said Senator McLaurin, "he has been able with the other to compel the hostile Republican party in the Senate into becoming obedient followers of his flag, and this just as he is leaving the Senate."

JURY HAS THE SMITH CASE

Judge Told That No Verdict Could Be Reached Last Night.

Columbus, Miss., Feb. 11.—In a court room packed to the doors with people not only deeply concerned regarding the fate of Charles R. Smith, the slayer of E. A. Laurent, but anxious to hear the final impassioned pleadings of the lawyers on both sides, the trial of the most famous case in the history of Lowndes county, or perhaps in the entire state, terminated tonight.

The last speech was made at 9:15 and a few minutes later Judge Buckley, after having delivered the papers in the case to the foreman of the jury, said:

"Retire, gentlemen and make up your verdict."

The jury immediately went into an apartment set aside for them in the rear of the court room, and at midnight had not reached a verdict.

A few minutes before midnight the jury sent word to Judge Buckley that they would not reach a verdict tonight, and court adjourned until 8 o'clock tomorrow.

RAILROADS AND UNIONS AGREE

Roads Will Spend Sum of $10,000,000 Improvements Immediately.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 11.—For the first time it is believed in the history of the railroads and unionists in the United States the managements of all roads entering Texas and the railway unions, today agreed on all pending legislation before the state legislature. The employes agree to a lenient full crew bill and will fight the two-cent fare law.

The railroads agree to a law promoting their employes according to their length of service and experience.

It is understood that all railroad lines will immediately commence contemplated improvements and the conservation of additional lines, involving an expenditure, it is said, of $10,000,000.

NEWPORT TO HAVE ANOTHER COMPRESS

St. Louis Cotton Compress Company Officials Stop There and Make Promise of Increasing Facilities.

ST. LOUIS MONEY INTERESTED

Business of Present Plant So Satisfactory It Is Decided to Establish Another to Cost $40,000.

Special to the Gazette.

Newport, Feb. 11.—Newport, already one of the leading cotton centers and markets of the state, is to be made even more prominent along those lines by the construction of another compress here before the opening of the next season. Such is the promise of the high officials of the St. Louis Compress Company, who were in Newport today on a tour of inspection.

The business of the present press has been highly satisfactory, it having handled 31,000 bales this season; and the total for the year will run around 50,000 bales. The officers recognize the need of larger facilities and expect to spend $40,000 in either fitting up the lower press or building a new press on their property at the intersection of the Rock Island and Iron Mountain tracks. They expect to prepare to handle 15,000 bales of cotton here in a season.

The officers on the tour of inspection were: Jos. W. Lewis, president, Richard Upshaw, J. D. Goldman, Robert Rankin, John D. Davis, vice president, of St. Louis, and W. T. Black, superintendent, of Little Rock.

They also had as their guest C. H. Jackson, assistant general freight agent of the Iron Mountain.

BANKRUPT FACES A PERJURY CHARGE

W. B. McIntosh of Wolf Bayou, Cleburne County, Is Placed Under Arrest at Batesville.

Special to the Gazette.

Batesville, Feb. 11.—W. B. McIntosh, [illegible] County, was [illegible] on a charge of perjury while [illegible] to leave the city, following a [illegible] made in a bankruptcy proceeding that he had no assets.

McIntosh was yesterday adjudged a bankrupt by Referee Cole on the petition of several wholesalers and jobbers of this city. He conducted a small mercantile business at Wolf Bayou. His liabilities are said to be about $500. He gave bond, and the hearing of the perjury case was set for February 22.

FIRST ELECTION SINCE 1887

Dover, North of Russellville, Feels Thrill of Life Again.

Special to the Gazette.

Russellville, Feb. 11.—Dover, 10 miles north of here, will hold an election soon to choose a mayor and other municipal officers. Dover was made an incorporated city in 1852 by a special act of the legislature. It elected regularly the entire body of municipal officers up to 1887, then discontinuing to do so on account of the county seat being removed to Russellville, this greatly depopulating the town. Dover has been growing the last few years, and now boasts of as fine a school, bank and mercantile houses as any town of its size in the state.

No announcement is made as to who will enter the race for mayor.

NASHVILLE MAN A BANKRUPT

Joseph Winter Fails for Large Sum—May Be $20,000.

Special to the Gazette.

Texarkana, Feb. 11.—Joseph Winter, a general merchant at Nashville, Howard county, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court here today. Liabilities are roughly estimated at from $15,000 to $20,000, assets not known.

Prior to 12 years ago, Winter was for a long time in business here, and for the last 30 years he has been one of the best known merchants and cotton buyers in southwest Arkansas.

NEGRO CHILDREN DIE IN FIRE

Father Is Badly Burned in Attempt to Rescue His Family.

Special to the Gazette.

Crawfordsville, Feb. 11.—Two small children of Green Burnett, a much-respected negro who lives a few miles outside of town, were burned to death early yesterday morning when his house was consumed by fire. The old negro was himself badly burned, but he managed to get his wife and two other children from the house unharmed.

VOLUNTEER JURY IN CASE

By Agreement, a Legal Sort of Arbitration Is Used at Newport.

Special to the Gazette.

Newport, Feb. 11.—To expedite business in the Jackson Circuit Court and relieve a crowded docket, which gave no chance to hear their case, the attorneys in a case between Gertrude Atkins and Josephine Morton yesterday tried out the merits of the controversy in the clerk's office before a jury, who volunteered to serve, and Judge E. L. Boyce, with the understanding that the jury's finding should be accepted as an agreed judgment; and it was so entered upon the docket today. The plaintiff was awarded the piano, and other property sued for

(Continued on page 2, first column.)

71.2009.085.20389

Real Rose and Sweet Pea Hat Pins, $1.50 value, 85c.

NOVELTY JEWELRY

A fine new showing of Novelty Jewelry, representing all the latest productions of the largest Eastern factories, that should certainly interest women of fashion.

Included are Mesh Purses, Bracelets, Fobs, Belt Pins, Handy Pins, Hat Pins, Neck Chains, etc.

You may come here expecting to see an unusually fine assemblage of these Jewelry Novelties.

Albert Pfeifer & Bro.
Jewelers 406 Main.

ARKANSAS NEWS

(Continued from page 1.)

was allowed to remain with the defendant.

Boys to Reform School.

Bennie Marshall and Oscar Doyle, the two boys who robbed Barker Bros.' place, pleaded guilty to grand larceny today and each was given one year in the reform school.

MATHEY GETS DIVORCE

Chancellor Curl Obeys Mandate of the Supreme Court.

Special to the Gazette.

Hot Springs, Feb. 11.—In the Chancery Court today a final decree of divorce was granted to Joseph Mathey, a manufacturer of Washington, D. C., from Della J. Mathey, after the case had passed through the lower courts here, into the Supreme Court, and was remanded back here with the order that Mathey was entitled to a decree.

In the first hearing of the case, public interest was attracted through hundreds of love letters being introduced in evidence as between "Pudgy Widdles" and "Jack Cheese Straw."

Other evidence caused Judge Curl to refuse the original bill for divorce by the husband and the cross-bill by the wife, that neither was entitled to separation.

Large property interests in Washington and large lumbering interests in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi were involved in the case.

KILNS BURNED.

Special to the Gazette.

Delight, Feb. 11.—Fire destroyed six kilns of lumber last night, owned by Solomon Watson, a half mile north of town. The loss is about $300, with no insurance.

MURDER TRIAL OPENS.

Special to the Gazette.

Waldron, Feb. 11.—The John Bailey murder trial came up today, and late in the evening the jury was completed and 75 witnesses were called and sworn. The five defendants are held for murder in the first degree. The town is full of people. It will require several days to conclude the case.

Marshal Holt of Mena brought in [illegible] and Will Frost, charged with illicit distilling.

LIQUOR CASE HEARING.

Special to the Gazette.

Texarkana, Feb. 11.—Geo. B. Adams, a white man, who is a merchant at Hampton, in Calhoun county, and who was indicted by the recent federal Grand Jury at this place on a charge of failure to keep his federal liquor license posted conspicuously, was brought here today by Deputy United States Marshal Rowe and given a hearing before United States Commissioner Somervell, who granted him bail in the sum of $250, which he gave and was released.

WHARTON-NORMAN.

Special to the Gazette.

Hamburg, Feb. 11.—Miss Julia Norman, daughter of Judge James C. Norman, formerly chancellor of the Second Chancery district, was married yesterday to Leo M. Wharton of Athens, Ala., a young business man. Rev. J. W. Moseley performed the ceremony. The couple left for St. Louis on their honeymoon and will be at home in Athens after March 10.

WATERWORKS CONTRACTS LET.

Special to the Gazette.

Hope, Feb. 11.—The contract for furnishing the boilers to the waterworks plant of Hope was awarded today to Casey & Hedges of Chattanooga, the contract price being $4,000.

The Harris Air Compresser Company of Indianapolis received the award for the air compresser for $3,000, the capacity being 450 gallons per minute.

NEW DEAN COMING.

Special to the Gazette.

Hope, Feb. 11.—Dean H. E. Bowers, the newly appointed dean of the Arkansas Theological School, who resides here will visit Little Rock next Monday with a view of meeting the churchmen of that city.

STORM RAGES IN SPAIN.

Madrid, Feb. 11.—A violent storm is raging along the eastern coast of Spain. In Valencia harbor several vessels came into collision and a fisherman was wrecked, three of the crew perishing. Trees have been uprooted, chimneys blown down and roofs damaged.

EARTHQUAKE IN FRANCE.

Rodez, France, Feb. 11.—A sharp earthquake shock was felt in this district this morning. It was preceded by dull rumblings. Two oscillations were recorded. No damage is reported.

NEW GYMNASIUM FORMALLY OPENED

Exercises at Little Rock College in Which Bishop Morris Speaks and Is in Turn Much Complimented.

The new gymnasium building of Little Rock College, corner of Gaines and Twenty-fifth streets, was formally opened last night. The attendance was large and many distinguished people were present. Around the handsome hall in the second story, bunting was hung, a collection of college colors and banners being massed over the slightly raised platform on which Bishop Morris, the college faculty and the speakers were seated.

Frequent references complimentary to Bishop Morris, who presided at the dedicatory ceremonies, were made by the various speakers, all referring to his efforts in forwarding educational work.

The ceremonies were opened by Bishop Morris with prayer, after which he made an address on the invitation of President O'Hern. The bishop said that the students at the college were closer to his heart, and he would do more for them than all of the 15,000 people of Little Rock.

Alderman John H. Tuohey, representing Mayor Duley, made a short address.

Judge Joe Asher complimented the bishop on the extent and character of the work he was doing in Arkansas for the extension of education.

Col. R. C. Hall said that if the Arkansas Military Academy had had the splendid gymnasium now possessed by the college it would have never sold the ground on which the gymnasium is built.

Bishop Makes This a Holiday.

James A. Gray, in addressing the younger element, said that the day looked forward to by students was the holiday, and suggested to Bishop Morris to grant a holiday in honor of Lincoln's centenary. The bishop was "game" and announced the holiday.

Other speakers were: H. F. Auten, M. P. Gleason, grand knight of the Columbian Council, Professor W. C. Harrington and President O'Hern.

A game of basketball between the college and High School freshmen teams was played after the dedication. Little Rock College won, the score being 19 to 5.

AN OPEN LETTER

Star, Miss., January 21, 1909.

Gregory Medicine Company,
Little Rock, Ark.

Gentlemen: I have been selling your Gregory's Antiseptic Oil for several years. I want to tell you of some of the wonderful cures it has effected.

R. L. Welch of D. Lo. sold it to two of his customers and each cured a horse of a bad case of fistula.

J. R. Webster cured a severe case of eczema. He said it beat anything he ever saw.

W. E. Dent of Star, Miss., split his foot open with an ax and applied the oil immediately and it relieved the pain at once. The wound healed rapidly without inflammation or pain.

I have cured hog and chicken cholera and colic in horses in every case. I cured an ox of that most fatal of all diseases among cattle called charbun.

H. Dear was bitten by a rattlesnake. He applied your antiseptic oil one time and was relieved from pain and cured in a few minutes.

Your oil is a most wonderful medicine. It cures everything it gets a chance at in man and all animals. It does even more than you claim for it. Ship me another case. E. P. Harper.

Manufactured and for sale by Gregory Medicine Company, Little Rock, Ark. All druggists handle it.

The above is a true copy of Mr. Harper's letter. We have on file hundreds commending the oil in equally strong terms.

Hicks' Capudine Cures Sick Headache. Also Nervous Headache, Traveler's Headache and aches from Grip, Stomach troubles or Female troubles. Try Capudine—it's liquid—affects immediately. Sold by druggists.

ALFONSO VISITS MANUEL.

Madrid, Feb. 11.—King Alfonso left here tonight for Villa Viçosa to visit King Manuel of Portugal.

The Heraldo states that King Alfonso, on his return from Portugal, will go to San Sebastian. From that place he will make excursions to Pau to witness the aeroplane flights of Wilbur Wright.

Remedies are Needed

Were we perfect, which we are not, medicines would not often be needed. But since our systems have become weakened, impaired and broken down through indiscretions which have gone on from the early ages, through countless generations, remedies *are* needed to aid Nature in correcting our inherited and otherwise acquired weaknesses. To reach the seat of stomach weakness and consequent digestive troubles, there is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a glyceric compound, extracted from native medicinal roots—sold for over forty years with great satisfaction to all users. For Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Stomach after eating, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Belching of food, Chronic Diarrhea and other Intestinal Derangements, the "Discovery" is a time-proven and most efficient remedy.

The genuine has on its outside wrapper the Signature R. V. Pierce, M.D.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine of KNOWN COMPOSITION, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

EDITORS DECIDE ON FORT SMITH

Will Hold State Meeting There in May and Then Take Jaunt Over the State in a Special Train.

The spring meeting of the Arkansas Press Association was held in the Supreme Court rooms at the state house yesterday. About 30 members from various parts of the state were present. The meeting, while regular, is considered as merely preliminary to the meeting to be held at Fort Smith in May.

Three resolutions passed by the association are important. One of these asked the passage of a legislative act requiring all state banks to publish quarterly statements similar to those of national banks. Another asked that a bill be drafted providing for the publication of the general acts of the assembly in one newspaper in each county in the state. A third asked that the old state house be preserved. The occupation tax bill, House Bill No. 11, was discussed and the legislature was asked to kill it.

The association held a short morning session, but transacted no business until the afternoon.

Fort Smith Meeting Place.

The selection of Fort Smith as the place for holding the spring meeting was almost unanimous. Frank Park, city editor of the News-Record, and Paul B. Bigger, secretary of the Commercial Club of Fort Smith, represented that city. The meeting will be held May 11, 12 and 13. Following it the members of the association will go on an excursion over the state in four special cars chartered for the purpose, visiting practically all the railroad points in Arkansas.

Those in Attendance.

President J. R. Jobe presided at yesterday's session. E. V. Hodges, corresponding secretary of the association, acted as secretary. Among the members present were: F. W. Allsopp, Little Rock; J. A. Livingston, Russellville; Adam Clark, Arkadelphia; D. A. Turner, Atkins; M. L. Martin, Ola; J. R. Jobe, Little Rock; W. O. Troutt, Jonesboro; Leon Westmoreland, Greenwood; J. H. Hond, Yellville; C. P. Newton, England; A. C. Millar, Little Rock; J. W. Davis, Arkansas City; H. B. McKenzie, Prescott; George H. Trevathan, Batesville; O. C. Ludwig, Little Rock; Mrs. Bernie Babcock, Little Rock; R. E. Bradford, Lonoke; E. M. Fink, Rogers; D. S. Dunaway, Conway; J. G. Higgins, Conway; W. B. Folsom, Brinkley.

TAFT APPROVES LOCK TYPE CANAL

(Continued from Page One.)

very much interested in having it within the next four years—that canal will be completed. And when that time comes you will see coming down this river your great commerce bound through those sluices to the west coast of America, to the west coast of South America, to the Orient and to Australia.

Engineers Say It Is Good.

"The Board of Engineers that accompanied me has examined the whole work and they say it is good, that it shall go on as it has gone on; that the organization on the isthmus, the American push and the good feeling that is there commends itself to them as men who understand great works of that class and convinces them that the canal is now an immediate prospect."

His Entry Picturesque.

Mr. Taft's entry into New Orleans was picturesque and thrilling. He came up the hundred miles of the Mississippi from its mouth on the scout cruiser Birmingham at the rate of nearly 30 miles an hour, breaking all records. All the shipping in the river had on gala dress, and as far as a dozen miles below the city the big muddy stream was alive with tugs and sternwheelers having aboard crowds of shouting citizens. The concert of steam whistles, brass bands and banks lined with exulting enthusiasts added to the scene. A big sternwheeler carried the local Reception Committee eight miles below the city, which, with a dozen tugs and other passenger steamers, hovered around the cruiser, in her war paint, as she slowed down and struck a sevenknot pace to keep in company.

Barge 23 Lands Party.

From the flying bridge Mr. Taft was kept busy waving his cap and answering salutations, while Mrs. Taft, on the quarterdeck, had her share of the ovation. A big red barge, number 23, was brought alongside in midstream at the foot of Canal street, over which the party boarded the Reception Committee's steamer, from which a landing was made.

The parade had been waiting an hour and the distinguished guest was at once placed at its head in a carriage drawn by four horses and the line of march, which covered nearly five miles, was taken up.

After his speech to a gathering of thousands before the city hall, Mr. Taft reviewed the parade from the same place. He was then conveyed to the Hotel Grunewald, where he is to be entertained during his stay in the city.

Tafts Rule With King.

President-elect and Mrs. Taft broke through many old traditions associated with the masked balls of the carnival season tonight when they were the guests of the merry monarchs of the Elves of Oberon at the Old French opera house in Bourbon street. Reverence of a real nature and more than imaginary awe for the kings of these balls have been brought about by the concealment of their identity ever since the lands of the creole grandissimes and an entirely new and very much unlooked for precedent was established tonight by the honor paid President-elect and Mrs. Taft.

No sooner had the rule of the king and queen been established than they made their way, surrounded by courtiers, to the box of honor and escorted the distinguished visitors to the stage, where they were asked to share the throne. Later Judge Taft danced with the queen and Mrs. Taft was the partner of the king in the same waltz.

KILLS TOWN MARSHAL.

Greenville, Miss., Feb. 11.—Following a quarrel at Belzoni, Miss., today between the town marshal, W. W. Regan and a bridge tender, Richard Maxwell, the latter shot and killed Regan. Other than it is asserted both men had been drinking, no details of the killing are available.

WHY BE BALD

When Parisian Sage Is Guaranteed to Stop Falling Hair or Money Back?

A luxuriant head of hair is God's birthright to every man—to every woman.

If your hair is falling out, if it is turning gray, if it is full of dandruff, if it is harsh and uncontrollable, then it is diseased and prompt action should be taken.

Parisian Sage is a real hair restorer; it will darken faded hair, it will stop dandruff in one week by promptly killing the germs that infest the roots of the hair.

Parisian Sage is the most delightful hair dressing in the world; it is pleasant, invigorating and refreshing. It makes the hair soft, beautiful and luxurious. Wherever Parisian Sage is known it is the ladies' favorite hair dressing.

We urge all women who desire beautiful hair, to try Parisian Sage.

If, after using one bottle, you do not say it is the most delightful hair dressing you ever used, you can have your money back. The price is only 50 cents a bottle at Snodgrass & Bracy's and Gibson Drug Company's or by express, charges prepaid, from Giroux Manufacturing Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

COTTON MEN GET IN HOURS LATE

Little Rock People Could Not Carry Out Program Planned for St. Louis Capitalists—Visit Plant Here.

The officers and directors of the St. Louis Cotton Compress Company arrived in Little Rock about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, too late by several hours for the entertainment planned for them by the Board of Trade. They came from Newport, and were delayed by a smashup on the Iron Mountain. W. T. Black, the state superintendent of the company, W. M. Kavanaugh and several other local business men met the capitalists at the Union depot and conveyed them uptown in automobiles.

The capitalists spent several hours inspecting their property in Little Rock and in viewing the general business section of the city. They are on a trip of inspection over all of Arkansas, as they have property in various parts of the state worth several millions of dollars. The trip is designed for the purpose of ascertaining the exact condition of this property and of deciding upon improvements and extensions which will be made immediately.

"The officers and directors of the company are planning to provide ample facilities for the handling of the cotton crop in Arkansas," said Mr. Black last night. "The trip will allow them to form an idea of the improvements needed. It is the belief of the members of the company that the cotton crop of the state will materially increase each year, and larger facilities will therefore be needed. These will be provided."

The members of the party expressed their pleasure with the reception given them by the business men of Little Rock.

Last year's cotton crop, they said, had passed their expectations and was in a way responsible for the proposed improvements.

Will Visit Other Cities.

The party will continue the trip over Arkansas today. Among the cities which they will visit are Pine Bluff, Helena and Hope, where improvements are planned. The exact nature of the improvements to be made at Little Rock were not divulged, the members of the party stating these had not yet been determined, but that they would be extensive in character.

The following persons composed the party: J. W. Lewis, president; John D. Davis, vice president and also vice president of the Mississippi Trust Company of St. Louis; Robert Rankin, J. D. Goldman, a director, and also the president of the Lesser-Goldman Cotton Company; R. W. Upshaw, vice president of the Napoleon Hill Cotton Company of St. Louis, and W. K. Kavanaugh.

JAP INDEPENDENCE DAY.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Over the Japanese embassy in this city flies today the flag of the island empire, raised in commemoration of the Japanese independence day. The day is observed as a religious holiday.

MEMORIAL AT SPRINGFIELD.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—Senators and representatives forgetting for a time the tension of the deadlock in the General Assembly, joined today in a Lincoln memorial meeting in the hall of representatives in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln.

A huge wreath of red and white roses surrounded a life-sized painting of the martyred president and the national colors were draped about the speaker's stand.

MERCHANTS OPPOSE THE STREET SIGNS

Association Will Send Resolution to the City Council Protesting Against Granting of Proposed Franchise.

The Retail Merchants' Association, in session last night, adopted a resolution strongly opposing the street sign advertising privilege requested of the City Council at its last meeting and which has been referred to the Street Committee of that body. The members of the association were unanimously opposed to the requested privilege and voted to send a copy of the resolution to the next meeting of the council, that it might be used there in opposition to the privilege.

The proposal to install the signs bearing advertising at street corners was given a thorough discussion by the members of the association, and its faults were minutely aired. According to the members of the association, the signs will be unsightly and will mar the street corners. It is said that property owners would object to them and would in all probability tear them down. Moreover, it was urged at the meeting that the installation of the signs would not be in any manner advantageous to the city.

To Send Eight Delegates.

The association voted to send eight delegates to the eleventh annual convention of the National Association of Retail Grocers, which will be held at Portland, Ore., June 2, 3, 4 and 5. C. J. Kramer, formerly president of the local Retail Merchants' Association, is president of the National Association of Retail Grocers. The delegates to this convention will be elected at a later meeting. It was stated at the meeting last night that John A. Green, secretary of the National Retail Grocers' Association, probably would visit Little Rock within the next month as a guest of the local association.

FOR UNIFORMITY OF TEXT-BOOKS

(Continued from Page One.)

form schoolbooks in each county.

Kansas and Kentucky have adopted laws similar to that of Indiana with respect to the placing of a maximum limit upon the prices that may be charged for books. The principal objection to these laws has been that the prices named have been so low that the standard text books have been excluded from the states and the boards have been forced to adopt inferior books.

Arguments for Uniformity.

The chief arguments advanced in favor of state uniformity of text books are:

First, reduction in the price of school books.

Second, elimination of the loss sustained by persons moving from one county to another.

Third, the possibility under this system of establishing a state course of study under the direction of the state superintendent of public instruction.

The opponents of the state uniformity idea contend in reply to the first of these arguments, that state adoption does not in reality result in securing any lower prices than can be secured by county adoptions under the system now in vogue in many counties in this state, but that if cheaper books are secured, they are inferior both as to subject matter and as to mechanical construction. It is declared that by making exclusive contracts with certain publishers for four or six years or even more, as is done in some cases, competition during the life of that contract is entirely abolished and a monopoly created. It is also declared that the changes in books which are necessary at every new state adoption, cause a loss which more than offsets any saving which may have been made in the original purchase price of the books.

Comparatively Few People Move.

In answer to the second argument regarding the saving that would be made in removing from one county to another it is declared that statistics show that not more than five per cent of the people move from one county to another and that the amount which they lose is not sufficient to call for the adoption of the uniformity plan. The Ohio law has a provision that persons moving from one county to another or leaving the state may leave their text books and receive a fair remuneration for them.

The argument that state uniformity would enable the state superintendent of public instruction to outline a state course of study, just as the superintendent of the city schools outlines the course of study in his own schools, is the only one that appeals at all to educators as a whole; prominent educators have been found almost unanimously opposed to the state uniformity plan.

Books Cost Less Than Gum.

It is asserted that the cost of school books is slight, when compared to the total cost of maintaining the schools of the country, but that it is given undue prominence because of the fact that it is the only direct personal cost in connection with the public free schools. The entire cost of text books in the United States, it is declared, amounts annually to about $7,000,000, a per capita tax of less than 10 cents and less than the amount that is spent every year for chewing gum or soda water. The average annual cost of text books for each pupil, it has been estimated, ranges from $1.20 in the advanced grammar grades, to less than 10 cents in the lower grades.

County Uniformity in Arkansas.

Arkansas already has a law, passed in 1899, which permits the adoption of the county uniformity plan. At present there are 28 counties which have uniformity of text books and forty-seven without it. Of the latter, twenty-three have never tried the plan and the remainder have adopted it and rejected it. At the school election in May, 1899, following the adoption of the county uniformity law, forty-three counties voted for uniformity. Fifty-two counties altogether have adopted the uniformity plan, but twenty-four have since abandoned it and twenty-eight are still working under that system.

It is declared that under the county uniformity law in this state there has always been active competition and the various county Text Book Boards have been able to make their selections from all the best text books published in the United States.

THE BACHELORS ROUTED

"Bachelors' Congress" at the Y. M. C. A. Is an Uproarious Farce.

A hit was scored by the second act of "The Bachelors' Congress," a farce, played by the Christian Endeavor Society of the First Presbyterian church, at the Y. M. C. A. last night. Thirty-eight young people of the society made up the cast, under direction of Mrs. Charles W. Greenwood. The plot was bubbling with fun, and well executed mimicry—the secret of the play—kept the audience in a roar of laughter throughout.

The second act was a session of the Congress of Bachelors, at which there are speeches by confirmed bachelors. The meeting is stormed by a bevy of misses, who take charge of the Congress and conduct it to suit themselves, completely worsting the bachelors.

The cast:

Messrs. Edward A. Koehn, Chester Fullenwider, George B. Gill, W. J. McInturff, Mac Palmer, Oscar Old, Southall Rozelle, Ignatius Sprigg, J. G. McFadyen, Charles Harley, George Pye, J. E. Taylor, John W. Wade, James Wilson, O. B. Bohny, J. G. Rankin, Will Spillman, James V. Johnson, Charles W. Greenwood, Pearl Douglass, Robert Rosinger, and Misses Ernestine Schader, Margaret Harley, Ruth Dobbins, Laura Koehn, Nell Jennings, Nina Christian, Lydia Sadler, Bertha Tobey, Marion Schader, Mary Pye, Hattie Gore, Virginia Fullenwider, Ruth Pye, Louise Rosener, Ivy Maude Kleser and Anna E. Penal, and Mrs. G. G. Wood.

To attain the highest order of education is now foremost in the minds of all parents who have children in the first years of their school days. The necessity of it is becoming more and more apparent every day. And one of the greatest aids to their advancement is the study of music. It enriches the mind with the most refining of all accomplishments, gives the scholar an insight to the loftiest ideals and develops their minds to appreciate the higher order of things.

The Best Piano for all this is

THE **KIMBALL**

Its tone is sweet and sympathetic. It is guaranteed.

Established 1853.

HOLLENBERG MUSIC CO.

The Best, the Largest, the Oldest Piano House in the Southwest.

Dr. Rashbaum
Vienna Specialist.
Treats Diseases of the

Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat

Catarrh Successfully Treated. Entire New and Up-to-Date Methods. Expert in Adjusting Glasses to the Eyes.

321 Southern Trust, Third Floor, Phone 4493. Office Hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 6:30. Consultation Free.

LADIES:

Let us do your dry cleaning of evening gowns, dresses, skirts, waists, gloves; when finished by us, we return them just like new.

Riegel's

Phone 3167. Call. Deliver.
WE DO DYEING.

H. H. SCHMUCK
CHANDLER & TAYLOR ENGINES AND BOILERS,
Sawmills, Steam Pumps, Mill Supplies.
COTTON GINNING MACHINERY.
WRITE FOR CATALOG "G."
Office and Warehouse.
117 EAST MARKHAM ST., LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is **Laxative Bromo Quinine** Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

A. V. Rogoski
Practical Plumber
Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Phones 478.
307-309-311 W. 7th St.

DROPSY Cured; quick relief; removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; 30 to 60 days effects permanent cure. Trial treatment given free to sufferers; nothing fairer. For circulars, testimonials and free trial treatment write DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

WARNING ORDER.

Mrs. Floy K. Martin, Plaintiff.
vs.
Estate of Thos. B. Martin, deceased, being petition for assignment of dower. In Pulaski Probate Court.

The defendants, Thomas B. Martin Jr., Edward G. Martin, Mrs. Daniel Linthicum, Loulie Cowper Pierce, Sam K. Pierce and Sam K. Pierce, as guardian of Loulie Cowper Pierce, are warned to appear in this court within 30 days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Mrs. Floy K. Martin, being a petition for the assignment of dower in the estate of Thos. B. Martin, deceased.

Witness my hand and seal this 18th day of January, 1909.

Henry O. Vogler, Clerk.
By H. S. Turner, D. C.

Rose, Hemingway, Cantrell & Loughborough, solicitors for plaintiff. 56190

Don't Forget!

Three Times a Day

As a gentle, non-intoxicating, tonic medicine, every tired woman should take a spoonful of Cardui, three times a day.

Cardui will help you to get back your strength, by increasing your appetite, toning up your nerves, regulating the proper working of your womanly organs, and building up the natural, resisting power of your tissues, against fatigue and disease.

The details of how it does this, it is not necessary to explain.

The thing to remember is, that it obtains its results, by acting upon the female constitution, being a medicine for women and not by any manner of means for men.

Take Cardui then, ladies, for it will surely help you, as it has helped a million others, in the past 50 years.

Mrs. Fannie Ellis, of Foster, Ark., writes: "I was sick for seven (7) years, with female trouble. Every month, I would very nearly die, with my head and back. Half the time, I could not stand on my feet, without great pain. I took 12 bottles of Cardui and was cured, fat, healthy and stout." Cardui is a God-send to suffering women." Try it. Sold everywhere.

Take CARDUI

G 207

DONAGHEY FAVORS NEW COMMISSION

Governor Says All Those Connected With New State House Should Be Discharged and State Take Charge.

SAYS CONTRACT IS TENTATIVE

Thinks Building Can Be Completed Within 12 Months by His Plan—Says $1,000,000 Would Be Saved.

Governor George W. Donaghey would appoint a commission of four of the best citizens of Arkansas, thoroughly competent to perform the duties of the position, for the purpose of completing the work on the new state house. This statement is contained in a special message sent to the Senate yesterday in response to a resolution directed to him asking for information as to the plans of the governor for the completion of the building. He states, also, that when all those who have been connected with the work up to this time have been discharged, he proposes to ask that he be authorized to appoint this committee, of which he would be an ex-officio member.

Much Interest in Senate.

Although nothing was done definitely yesterday in the Senate on the state capitol proposition the question was the absorbing one of the day. In the morning the Senate adopted a resolution asking Governor Donaghey to make formal answers to four questions, one being relative to the cost of completion under the contract with Caldwell & Drake, the cost of completion under the plan of the governor, figures in detail showing the difference between the two plans and just how long it would take to finish the building under the plan of the governor and what the saving would be to the state.

Governor Answers Quickly.

The resolution was submitted to Governor Donaghey yesterday morning and during the afternoon he sent a special message to the Senate giving answers to the questions. In brief, he said the Caldwell & Drake contract is no more than an employment or tentative contract and that it may be seen that under such management the supposed contract has nothing whatever to do with the cost of the work and that like the Pennsylvania capitol, the cost might run up to the enormous sum of $12,000,000.

As to the governor's plan relative to the cost of the completion of the building he says that first everybody connected with the work must be discharged and that the question of cost finally comes down to the matter of what the legislature desires to spend.

He says that no figures can be given in detail showing the difference between the two plans until it has been determined by the legislature just how it wants the capitol completed.

Sees Completion in Twelve Months.

The governor says the building can be completed in twelve months after the state takes charge of the work and organizes a new force of workmen. The message of the governor was read and ordered filed. The governor stands firm on the platform that everybody connected with the work on the capitol must be discharged.

The message of the governor follows.

The Governor's Message.

To the Senate of the Thirty-seventh General Assembly.

I herewith make formal answers to the questions contained in your resolution of this morning, as follows:

"1. What will be the cost to the state to complete the new capitol under the contract with Caldwell & Drake?"

Answer. The Caldwell & Drake contract is no more than an employment or tentative contract. There is nothing specified about it except that the state must pay the bills for alleged labor and material furnished when the contractors present them to the state, certified by the architect. Under existing conditions the architect always certifies to these bills. Of course there is a sum mentioned in the alleged contract for which the building is supposed to be completed. But this specific amount, when all of the terms of the contract, plans and specifications are considered, has really no bearing on the work except to confuse the minds of the people.

Specifications in Contract.

For instance, when the contract was awarded to Caldwell & Drake in 190[illegible], besides other things which have not been complied with the plans called for heavy steel beams, closely placed together throughout the floor construction. They also called for heavy columns to support all this construction. There were hundreds of sheets of drawings and details, all showing plainly that these things were to be done. But these plans and these specifications have been changed for others. The contractors themselves made and substituted other plans for the ones which cost the state nearly $50,000 and by the plans the contractors furnished the work has been done, and by them the work has been cheapened until the loss to the state has been enormous, considering only the expense of it.

But the difficulty is the greatest when it is found by the best expert in the United States that the floor construction is actually dangerous to life, and that it would not be safe to be in the building when a large crowd of people would be assembled on the floors. Such changes are justified by the contention that the architect is the sole judge of what materials and workmanship is to go into the building, and of what changes may be made in the plans and specifications.

According to these rulings, practically all of the work up to this time has been changed—all has been made cheaper—and yet the cost has been increased. The sum of about $800,000 has been spent on the building since the contract was let to Caldwell & Drake, and the work on it is not half completed. Yet the supposed contract for the completion of everything is $948,000. So it may be seen that under such management the supposed contract with the present contractors has nothing whatever to do with the cost of the work, and that, like the Pennsylvania capitol, the cost might run up to the enormous sum of $1[illegible],000,000.

The Governor's Plans.

"2. What will be the cost to the state to complete the building, under the plans suggested by your excellency?"

Answer. My plan to complete the building is, first, to discharge Caldwell & Drake and all others who are in charge of the work. If this is not done the matter will be left in a chaotic state and no one will be able to guess the result. I hear it urged as an objection to this idea that we might get into a lawsuit by such action, but I think the owner, or the state, has the right to discharge any of its employes or its contractors at any and at all times for cause. If there has not been sufficient cause in this case I fail to see why. The so-called contract with Caldwell & Drake has been broken by the contractors in every essential particular. They did not complete it within the time agreed upon. They did not use the kind of materials called for by the contract. They have not done their work in a substantial manner. Besides this, if the representatives of this state are powerless to protect it, its sovereignty must indeed be acknowledged to be weak, and its taxpayers might as well get down on their knees and plead to Caldwell & Drake for mercy.

Says He Wants to Be Fair.

I do not wish to deprive the contractors or any one else of their just rights, and for this reason I have outlined the plan of submission to arbitration to Judges Rogers and Trieber of the United States court in our state and the chief justice of our own Supreme Court. If any one doubts the fairness of this plan I cannot see upon what grounds he could base his objections. Besides, it absolutely avoids all chance of a lawsuit, for by the very terms of the bill there can be no arbitration without the consent of Caldwell & Drake.

Would Name Commission.

After the discharge of the contractors and all others now in charge of the work, which should be done at once, it is my plan to ask the General Assembly to pass a bill authorizing the governor to appoint, say, four from among the best citizens of the state who are competent in every way to perform the duties of the office, to form a commission similar to the one now in existence, the governor to be ex-officio a member thereof. This being done, it would be my purpose for the commissioners so appointed to come together at once; take an inventory of all the materials on hand at the building, make a survey of all work done; find the stability thereof, together with the amount of damage and the cost of replacing any defective work. Then a complete account of everything so considered and necessary to be considered should be set out in a full report to the General Assembly. This being done, it would then be for the legislature to decide upon the manner and extent of the additional work to be done. The General Assembly can pass an act providing just how the capitol should be completed, particularly as to what kind of a dome should be built.

Would Take Some Time.

It would take two or three weeks to do this. The matter of all details involved are indeed tedious, and no one unacquainted with the subject could by constant study arrive at it sooner.

The question of cost, after all, finally comes down to the matter of what the legislature desires to spend. This fact is made so on account of the change of plans as originally adopted by the state and the necessity of making future plans for the completion of the work. Before further construction is carried on you must determine just how you want the building completed, and when that is done, a reliable estimate of the cost of completion can be arrived at. If the work is to proceed under existing conditions, no one can tell definitely what the cost thereof would be, because, as before stated, the contractors are allowed to change the plans so they may suit their own purpose.

Figures Not Available.

"3. Give figures in detail showing the difference between the two plans."

Answer. Of course no figures can be given or even estimated until you determine just how you want the capitol completed.

Twelve Months for Completion.

"4. How long will it take by the adoption of your excellency's plan to complete the building, and what saving, if any, would there be to the state?"

Answer. The building can be completed in 12 months after the state takes charge of the work and organizes a new force of workmen; and if I were made responsible for the time of completion I would most positively have the state officials moved into the building within that time.

Conservatively speaking, I believe the state would save not less than one million dollars by taking charge of the work at once, besides having the use of the building.

IN THE SENATE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1909.

Bills Passed.

S. B. No. 90 (Slums), to regulate appeals in criminal cases; writs of error must be granted within 60 days and the case heard in 20 days in the Supreme Court. Vote, 22 to 3.

S. B. No. 144 (Bush), to amend section 3253 of Kirby's Digest. Vote, 24 to 0.

S. B. No. 75 (DeRositt), to establish a State Board of Embalmers and provide for the licensing of embalmers. Vote, 19 to 9.

S. B. No. 66 (Toney), to make the salary of the official stenographer of the Eleventh judicial district $1,800 per annum. Vote, 16 to 8.

S. B. No. 100 (Bush), to amend Act 112 of the last General Assembly so that conductors on trains may be peace officers for the purpose of enforcing the law which prohibits drunkenness on trains. Vote, 30 to 0.

S. B. No. 124 (Johnson), to require medical board to license applicants to practice medicine who have diplomas from any approved school in Arkansas. Vote, 19 to 10.

Bills Introduced.

S. B. No. 164 (Montgomery), to regulate sleeping car charges in Arkansas. Referred to Railroad Committee.

S. B. No. 165 (Edmondson), to regulate the practice of medicine in Arkansas, as regards the phisio medical branch. Referred to Public Health Committee.

S. B. No. 166 (Fletcher), to amend section 8 of Act 309, passed in 1905. Read once and placed on calendar.

S. B. No. 167 (McKenzie), to declare a four-barbed wire fence a legal fence in Nevada county. Placed on calendar.

S. B. No. 168 (Keel), to cure all defects in the laws creating Drainage Districts 1 to 6 in Poinsett county. Bondholders want some minor legal questions straightened out.

S. B. No. 169 (McKnight), to create the Tinsman Special School District in Calhoun county. Made a special order for Friday morning.

S. B. No. 170 (Turner), to amend Act 368, of 1905, to provide for a topographical survey of a drainage district for western Clay county. Made a special order for Friday morning.

Senate Bills Considered

S. B. No. 50 (White), to increase the salaries of the circuit judges to $3,000. Bill called up for reconsideration and defeated.

S. B. No. 77 (Patterson), to dismiss the state capitol contractors, etc. Amended so that the proposed arbitration commission may choose a successor in case of the death or resignation of one. Referred to Engrossing Committee.

S. B. No. 13 (Henderson), to enlarge the powers of the Railroad Commission. Amended so a trainman will not be liable to be arrested for a felony in case his train is wrecked and human life lost, unless he disobeys orders.

S. B. No. 156 (DeRositt), to appropriate $350,000 for the completion of the state capitol. Made a special order for Wednesday morning, February 17.

S. B. No. 18 (Holland), relating to the Chancery Court practice in Sebastian county. Read third time and then sent back to second reading.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 1 (Arnold), to establish the initiative and referendum. House amendment read twice and made a special order for Friday morning.

Privileged Business.

The Senate passed a resolution calling on the governor to furnish certain information relative to the state capitol and the resolution was answered by a message to the Senate from the governor.

IN THE HOUSE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1909.

House Concurrent Resolution (Parks), discharging George R. Mann as architect of the new state capitol. Adopted by a vote of 46 to 12, after an entire day was spent in discussing three other resolutions providing for state capitol investigations had been defeated, and after Mr. Parks spoke for 40 minutes at close of the day's session in favor of his resolution.

To License Medical Graduates.

During the afternoon a bill was passed which makes it lawful for the State Board of Medical Examiners to license without examination all persons who graduate from a reputable school of medicine in Arkansas. The bill to create the State Board of Embalmers was also passed.

MORNING SESSION.

The Senate, which had been in recess due to the death of Senator Nance, convened yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock, and after the journal had been read a privileged resolution by Senator White of Logan was adopted, which amounted to a demand on Governor Donaghey for certain information relative to the new state capitol. The governor is asked to inform the Senate what it will cost to complete the state capitol under the Caldwell & Drake contract; what it will cost to complete under the plans of the governor; and detailed figures for both plans. The resolution was not discussed, but was adopted without a dissenting vote.

DeRositt Bill Not Called.

As predicted yesterday by the Gazette, the DeRositt bill to appropriate $350,000 for the completion of the state capitol did not come up for consideration, although an attempt to call it up was made by Senator McKnight of Calhoun.

Senator Pindall of Desha moved that all action on the bill be postponed for 15 days.

Senator Toney of Jefferson moved the bill be set down for consideration on next Wednesday morning after the reading of the journal, and this motion was adopted.

Senator Patterson of Woodruff, chairman of the Capitol Committee, called up the bill which provides for the dismissal of the contractors and the State Capitol Commission and creates a new commission, and succeeded in having an amendment adopted. The amendment provides that in the case of the death or resignation of one of the commission, the remaining members of the commission shall choose a successor. The bill was ordered sent to the Engrossing Committee. This ended all discussion of the capitol question for the morning.

Fight Over Henderson's Bill.

There was a sharp debate during the morning over Senate Bill No. 58 (Henderson) over its consideration. The bill provides that the courtesy of a husband in the estate of his wife shall be limited to one third of all the lands. The bill passed the Senate last Monday and Senator Toney gave notice he would demand a reconsideration of the vote.

Senator Toney declared that the bill might result in a husband being forced from his home by his minor children at the death of his wife. Senator Henderson held that the bill sought to protect the rights of minor children. He said that as far as he knew there never had been any legislation on the courtesy rights of a husband, and that the bill should become a law. Senator Wingo asked many questions on the legal points involved. It was finally agreed to reconsider the bill and it was placed back on second reading and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Judge Salary Bill.

Having learned from the house that the bill which provides for the raising of the salaries of the circuit judges and chancellors of the state to $3,000, the constitutional limit, is having "tough sledding," Senator White called up S. B. No. 50 for the purpose of reconsidering the vote by which it failed to pass. This bill provided for a raise in the judges' salaries only.

Senator White explained that it might be well to pass the bill as it related to judges only, inasmuch as the house was fighting the other bill. Senator DeRositt on roll call voted for the bill, but before the vote was announced he changed his vote to "no," which defeated the bill. The senator said he was going to stand squarely on the proposition that the salaries of all the judiciary should be raised, and that he would not compromise at the circuit judges. The vote of Senator DeRositt has killed S. B. No. 50 for this session and the fight from now on must be on the bill raising all the salaries. The vote was 13 to 12 against the bill.

Liability of Trainmen in Wreck.

S. B. No. 13 (Henderson), to enlarge the powers and duties of the Railroad Commission, was amended so that a railway trainman will not be liable for an arrest for a felony in case his train is in a wreck and human life is sacrificed, unless the trainman violated orders in running the train, given him by the proper person in authority above him.

The bill to regulate sleeping car charges in Arkansas, introduced by Senator Montgomery, is similar to the one introduced at the last session and defeated. The bill was referred to the Railroad Committee. Senator Toney said he was for the bill and wanted it made a special order for Monday morning. Senator Montgomery objected, however, as he said the Pullman company desires to be heard on the bill.

As the last order of business for the morning S. B. No. 75 (DeRositt), to create a State Board of Embalmers, was called up and read the third time and the Senate took a recess until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The first order of business of the afternoon was Senator DeRositt's bill to create a State Board of Embalmers. Senator Toney of Jefferson made a speech on the bill and declared that the state should have licensed embalmers so that railroad companies will not be afraid to receive dead bodies for transportation out of the state. Senators Keel, Patterson, Yopp, McKenzie and Robertson made speeches favorable to the bill.

Senator Rowland was against the bill because he was afraid that in small towns undertakers would not qualify under the law and that it would be necessary to send many miles sometimes to get a licensed embalmer. The bill passed by a vote of 19 to 9.

Senator Toney's bill to increase the salary of the official stenographer of the Eleventh judicial district from $1,200 to $1,800 a year was passed by a vote of 16 to 8, but was fought by Senator Johnson of Lincoln county, a county in the Eleventh district.

Real Fight of Afternoon.

The real "scrap" of the afternoon came up over Senator Johnson's bill to require medical boards to license all applicants to practice medicine who have diplomas from approved medical schools of the state.

Senator Henderson of Randolph took the position that the bill is dangerous. Senator Hamiter of Pulaski wanted to know what would be the use of having medical boards to pass on the capacity of applicants to practice medicine when a law was passed making it compulsory that men with diplomas be recognized without examination. Senators Keel, Watson and Robertson made speeches against the bill.

Senator Wingo of Sevier spoke for the bill. He said that in his opinion the best doctors in the state would be on the medical boards and the best doctors at the head of the medical colleges. He thought it would be safe to assume that if a faculty of a school allowed persons diplomas who were not entitled to them it would also be right to assume that medical boards would, upon examination, issue license to those not entitled to them.

Author Closes Argument.

Senator Johnson, who introduced the bill, made the final argument for the bill. He said that he could not well understand how it could be argued that the passage of the bill would tend to reduce the standards of the schools. He claimed that all arguments against the bill were based on presumptions merely. He claimed that medical boards could be no better, perhaps not as good, as the faculties of the schools that passed on the applicant's right to a diploma. He maintained the passage of the bill would be an encouragement for all Arkansans to attend the medical schools of the state.

The bill was passed by a vote of 19 to 10, and at 4:15 o'clock the Senate adjourned until Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

THE HOUSE VOTES TO OUST G. R. MANN

By Vote of 46 to 42 on Parks Resolution, One Branch of Legislature Thus Expresses Its Opinion.

THE ROLLCALL IS DRAMATIC

Representative Parks, Author of Measure, Successfully Pleads for Immediate Action.

The concurrent resolution providing for the discharge of George R. Mann as architect of the new state capitol, introduced in the house late Wednesday afternoon, was adopted by that body at a late hour yesterday afternoon, after a strenuous fight which lasted throughout the entire day. The adoption of the resolution by a vote of 46 to 42 closed the hardest fought battle the house has seen this session, a battle which was won, practically all legislators conceded last night, by the individual efforts of one man, Representative Tillman B. Parks of Lafayette, the only man who spoke in favor of the resolution from the time it was introduced until the final vote was taken and who spoke for 40 minutes, closing the debate, yesterday afternoon.

Old and tried members of the house who have witnessed many battles on the floor of the north chamber estimated that there were not 20 votes in favor of Mr. Parks' resolution when he took the floor at 20 minutes of 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The same men did not hesitate in saying that the remainder of votes, or the other 26, were brought over to the resolution by the author of the measure in his closing appeal.

Roll Call Dramatic.

The situation during the roll call following the speech was the most dramatic seen in the house this session. The "ayes" and "nays" were neck and neck until the very finish.

In the "H's" both sides were a tie, each having 21 votes. In the "R's" both sides were a tie, each having 33 votes. In the "T's" the "ayes" had 43 and the "nays" 41, only two behind. Not until the second from the last name was called, that of Mr. Wilt of Montgomery, when the forty-fifth vote was cast for the resolution, was the contest decided.

A cheer went up from the supporters of the resolution who had watched with almost bated breath, the neck-and-neck race down the roll call.

The greater part of the day was spent in fighting over resolutions introduced providing various ways for an investigation of the state capitol matter. The first resolution was introduced by Mr. Holt of Hempstead. It provided for an investigation of the report of Major Sewell.

Mr. Brawner of Logan introduced a substitute providing that the two committees should investigate the matter jointly and also provided that a board of architects or engineers composed of one appointed by Caldwell & Drake, another by the governor and the third to be appointed by the other two, should thoroughly examine the building and make a report.

Mr. Warnock of Columbia introduced a second substitute providing that a joint special committee be appointed to examine all of the evidence and reports in the state capitol case pending before the legislature, and make a report with recommendations before the legislature within 10 days.

Three Pending at Noon

The house took a recess at noon with all three resolutions pending. They went down one, two, three, about the middle of the afternoon session, after about one-half the membership of the house had taken a hand at debating the question. Mr. Parks' resolution, the original measure which started the entire controversy, was then taken up, after all the others had been defeated.

Mr. Miller of Jefferson offered one amendment providing that Mr. Mann be discharged only as superintendent of construction and not as architect.

Mr. DuLaney of Little River spoke against the resolution, as did Mr. Little of Mississippi after which Mr. Parks took the floor in the defense of his measure.

Throughout the entire day speeches had been made on other resolutions, but practically every one alluded to the resolution introduced by Mr. Parks, the majority declaring that they believed it would be impossible to discharge Mr. Mann by resolution and others declaring that they believed it unwise to attempt to discharge him because of the possibility of a lawsuit. One or two defended Mr. Mann.

No Support for Parks' Measure.

Throughout the entire day, however, not a single voice had been raised in support of the Parks' resolution until the author took the floor. The adverse criticism and the untimely fate of three other resolutions, coupled with the fact that no one had championed the cause of the Parks resolution, led not only the members, but the gallery and lobby as well, to believe that the measure was doomed.

Mr. Parks Denounces Mr. Mann.

Mr. Parks denounced Mr. Mann and declared that he had been for the interests of Caldwell & Drake against those of the state throughout the entire history of the capitol. He urged that the house choose the state in a question of defending either the state or the man. He attacked the argument that Mr. Mann had a good bond by declaring that a good bond did not count for much in litigation. He declared that he believed the resolution would hold good and ridiculed those who would keep Mr. Mann rather than have a lawsuit.

He spoke in a quiet, matter of fact manner during the greater part of his speech. It was seen at the start that he intended to fight with matter-of-fact argument, and not by resorting to eloquence. He went over the matter from start to finish, replying to the argument of each man who had opposed him and when he concluded he was given the only ovation given any of the speakers at the close of their speeches.

The close attention paid Mr. Parks during his speech and the ovation at the close appeared significant to the spectators who filled the gallery and lobby throughout the afternoon. The significance developed when the roll call started, and long before the clerk had reached the middle of the roll call it was seen that the speech of Mr. Parks had brought about a decided change in the situation.

Simpson Voices Change.

The change in sentiment and shifting of opinion was expressed in the action of Mr. Simpson of Scott, who explained his vote by saying that "he was always open to conviction and that he had been convinced by Mr. Parks, and consequently voted aye." The reading of Mr. Simpson's explanation was followed by applause.

Vote Is Not Indicative.

The fact that Mr. Mann, so far as the house is concerned, stands discharged, is not significant of the strength of either Caldwell & Drake or Governor Donaghey in the house. The vote on the Parks measure does not indicate the strength of either faction, legislators say, as many voted against the resolution who declared that they were in favor of discharging Mr. Mann, but in a different manner.

Some voted for the discharge of Mr. Mann who have declared they would favor retaining Caldwell & Drake, and vice versa. As the result, the attitude of the house on the Caldwell & Drake question proper is still unknown as far as an exact vote is concerned.

MORNING SESSION.

Immediately after the reading of the journal at the morning session Mr. Kendall of Johnson offered a memorial from the Clarksville Board of Trade protesting against the passage of the shot firing bill unless provisions were made to exempt the anthracite coal fields. The memorial set forth that there was no danger in shot firing in anthracite mines.

A second memorial from the citizens of Johnson county asking that the mine run law or screening law be repealed, or that the Clarksville field be exempted from the provisions of the law by amendment, was also offered by Mr. Kendall. The petition also asked that the anthracite field be exempted from the provisions of the shot-firing bill.

A petition from citizens of Luxora protesting against the passage of the Pindall levee bill, introduced in the Senate, was offered by Mr. Little of Mississippi.

Want Saline Improved.

A memorial asking that representatives of Arkansas in Congress be requested to expend more money in the improvement of Saline river and extend the improvements already provided for by appropriation between the mouth and Turtle Bar, to Benton, was presented by Mr. Toler of Grant and adopted on a roll call vote, at the request of Mr. Toler.

State House Matter Comes Up.

Reports of committees were then read, immediately after which Mr. Holt of Hempstead started the state capitol discussion by offering a house resolution requiring the State Capitol Committee to investigate the report made by Major Sewell. Mr. Holt spoke in favor of his resolution, urging that the legislature could not be prepared to take definite steps in the state capitol controversy until it was better informed on the status of the situation.

Mr. Brawner of Logan offered a substitute resolution in the shape of a concurrent resolution providing that the two State Capitol Committees of the Senate and house jointly investigate the matter, examine the building and secure the reports on the building of a commission of three engineers or experts, one to be named by the contractors, a second by the governor and the third to be named by the two already selected. Mr. Brawner stated that "the legislature was surely not ready to vote on this most important question of disposal of the state capitol." He stated that he did not believe it sensible to go ahead and act on a report made by an engineer, referring to Major Sewell, who "made a report after an investigation lasting only two days and then he was not [illegible]

(Continued on page 10.)

STATEMENT OF CONDITION of the

Mercantile Trust Co.

At the Close of Business, February 5, 1909.

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts		$535,810 37
Bonds		18,290.00
Scrip		281.65
Overdrafts		11,852.82
Vaults, Furniture and Fixtures		8,785.50
Real Estate		1,339.92
Cash	$ 68,722.25	
Sight Exchange	130,241.85	$198,964.10
Total		$775,324.36

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$120,000.00
Undivided Profits	35,440.89
Reserved for Interest	1,565.20
Reserved for Taxes	1,335.25
Deposits	616,978.22
Dividends Unpaid	4.80
Total	$775,324.36

I, W. L. Hemingway, Secretary of the Mercantile Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. HEMINGWAY, Secretary.

Attest:
H. L. REMMEL,
MAX HEIMAN,
EMMET MORRIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of February, 1909.

(Seal.) F. J. SCHMUTZ, Notary Public.

My commission expires March 14, 1909.

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Arkansas Gazette

Established 1819.

Daily & Sunday, 6 months in advance $3 50
Daily & Sunday, 1 year, in advance $6.50
Sunday, 1 year, by mail, in advance 2.00
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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1909

A. H. GARLAND MONUMENT FUND

Previously acknowledged............$1,262.57
Interest earned to July 1............ 13.11

If Lincoln Had Lived.

"If Lincoln Had Lived" was the subject of a centenary address delivered at Philadelphia by John W. Frazier of that city, who was a member of the "California regiment," the 71st of the Pennsylvania line, before W. L. Curry Post, No. 18, Grand Army of the Republic.

Mr. Frazier said that if Abraham Lincoln had lived the full four years of his second term, instead of about four weeks only, there would never have been written into the political history of the United States that term "reconstruction of the seceded states," invented by Thaddeus Stevens, Edwin M. Stanton, Charles Sumner and Ben Wade; that there would have been no "carpet bag governments" in eleven of the Southern states.

In his inaugural address, on March 4, 1861, Mr. Lincoln said:

"Apprehension seems to exist among the people of the Southern states, that, by the accession of a Republican administration, their property and their peace and their personal security are to be endangered. There has never been any reasonable cause for such apprehension. Indeed, the most ample evidence to the contrary has all the while existed. It is found in nearly all the published speeches of him who now addresses you. I do but quote from one of those speeches, when I declare that 'I have no purpose, directly or indirectly, to interfere with the institution of slavery in the states where it exists.' I believe I have no lawful right to do so; and I have no inclination to do so. Those who nominated and elected me did so with the full knowledge that I made this and many similar declarations and had never recanted them."

Lincoln said in this address that the Union of the states is perpetual. In his message to the special session of Congress that met on July 4, 1861, President Lincoln said:

"Lest there be some uneasiness in the minds of candid men as to what is to be the course of the government toward the Southern states, after the rebellion shall have been suppressed, the executive deems it proper to say it will be his purpose, then, as ever, to be guided by the constitution and the laws, and that he probably will have no different understanding of the powers and duties of the federal government relatively to the rights of the states and the people under the constitution than that expressed in his inaugural address. He desires to preserve the government, that it may be administered for all, as it was administered by the men who made it."

With his annual message to Congress on December 9, 1863, President Lincoln sent a proclamation saying that if any of the seceded states should re-establish a state government, republican in form, it should be recognized as the true government of the state, and "the state shall receive thereunder the benefits of the constitutional provision which declares that the United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion and domestic violence." Of course such a state government could be formed only by persons who would take the oath and allegiance. This proclamation said further:

"And it is suggested as not improper, that, in constructing a loyal state government in any state, the name of the state, the boundary, the subdivisions, the constitution, and the general code of laws, as before the rebellion, be maintained, subject only to the modifications hereinbefore stated, and such others, if any, not contravening said conditions, and which may be deemed expedient by those framing the new state government.

"The proclamation is intended to present to the people of the states wherein the national authority has been suspended, and loyal state governments have been subverted, a mode in and by which the national authority and loyal state governments may be re-established within the said states, or in any of them; and, while the mode presented is the best the executive can suggest with his present impressions, it must not be understood that no other possible mode would be acceptable."

In the speech he made on April 11, 1865, President Lincoln said:

"We all agree that the seceded states, so called, are out of their proper practical relation with the Union, and that the sole object of the government, civil and military, in regard to those states is to again get them into their practical relation. I believe that it is not only possible, but in fact, easier, to do this without deciding, or even considering, whether those states have ever been out of the Union than with it. Finding themselves safely at home, it would be utterly immaterial whether they had been abroad. Let us all join in doing the acts necessary to restore the proper practical relations between those states and the nation, and each forever after innocently indulge his own opinion whether in doing the acts he brought the states from without into the Union, or only gave them proper assistance, they never having been out of it."

After presenting his case this Philadelphia speaker said that by a strange fatality, that policy of christianity, patriotism, statesmanship and, withal, American honor, was estopped by the hand of the assassin, John Wilkes Booth, and the policy of 'Malice toward none, of charity toward all,' was quickly superseded by the reign of the carpet bagger.

Perhaps matters would not have gone along quite so swimmingly for the South, if Lincoln had lived, as might be assumed from a reading of President Lincoln's utterances; for doubtless things would have come up that were not foreseen. But we believe there can be no doubt that the South would have been infinitely better off with Lincoln in the White House for nearly four years after Appomattox. We feel sure that his soul was above malice and hate, as his statesmanship was constructive and not destructive, his vision farsighted and his plans practicable and business-like.

That Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences expedition might excavate on the old penitentiary hill for relics of the early builders of the new Arkansas capitol.

The tellers at the joint session of Congress reported that Taft and Sherman received 321 votes and Bryan and Kern 162. We suppose the Democrats will now have to give up the fight of 1908.

Says the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences man, in speaking of finding Indian pottery in Arkansas:

"These fragments, carefully removed by us, are skillfully put together by our experts at the museum (sometimes 120 pieces to make a single pot).

As bad as a jig saw puzzle, isn't it?

During the counting of the electoral vote Senator Bailey called attention to the fact that a state cannot vote for a candidate for president and vice president from the same state. Considerations of political geography are quite as effective to this end as is the constitution.

The company that is asking a five-year franchise to put advertising billboard street signs on every corner would not make the city pay anything for the privilege of giving the franchise to the company.

When Vice President Fairbanks was presiding over the joint session to canvass the votes for president and vice president, maybe he could not help thinking of those saddest words of tongue or pen.

During the counting of the votes for president and vice president "A ripple of laughter swept over the chamber when the names of Bryan and Kern were again mentioned as having received the vote of Arkansas." Laugh, darn ye!

Now that Tennessee is going dry, they propose to move Whiskey Chute to West Memphis, and ferry boats would give East Memphians opportunity to shoot the chute.

However, when they make a big city out of West Memphis we trust they will not bring across the river the Memphis brand of politics.

The official certificate of the electoral vote of Wisconsin said the vote of that state was for "William H. Taft of New York." Wisconsin should consult a Who's Who.

Equilibrist tells how to balance yourself on one hand, but you had better not begin on the cornice of a five-story building.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals holds that three men, if they kick up enough fuss, may constitute a riot. This should put riots in the reach of all of us.

William H. Taft of Ohio and James S. Sherman of New York were officially declared to be the choice of the people—Washington dispatch.

Not officially the choice of the people. Officially the choice of the electors chosen by the people.

Still, the decision of the Kentucky Court of Appeals holding that three men may constitute a riot does not seem far-fetched when we remember the riot that is sometimes caused in a domicile by a man and one other person.

But before any of those great business buildings are erected at West Memphis we suppose ouster proceedings will have to be brought against the crayfish and snapping turtles.

O Captain! My Captain!
(By Walt Whitman.)

O Captain! my Captain! our fearful trip is done,
The ship has weathered every rack, the prize we sought is won,
The port is near, the bells I hear, the people all exulting,
While follow eyes the steady keel, the vessel grim and daring;
But O heart! heart! heart!
O the bleeding drops of red,
Where on the deck my Captain lies,
Fallen cold and dead.

O Captain, my Captain! rise up and hear the bells;
Rise up—for you the flag is flung—for you the bugle trills,
For you bouquets and ribboned wreaths—for you the shores a-crowding,
For you they call, the swaying mass, their eager faces turning;
Here, Captain! dear father!
This arm beneath your head!
It is some dream that on the deck
You've fallen cold and dead.

My Captain does not answer, his lips are pale and still,
My father does not feel my arm, he has no pulse nor will,
The ship is anchored safe and sound, its voyage closed and done,
From fearful trip the victor ship comes in with object won,
Exult, O shores, and ring, O bells!
But I, with mournful tread
Walk the deck my Captain lies,
Fallen cold and dead.
—Lines on the death of Lincoln

Short Stories

PUTTING THEM ASUNDER.

A man approached the box office of the Prince theater recently and requested two seats on the aisle, says the Houston Post.

The treasurer handed out Nos. 1 and 2 in H, and after scrutinizing the tickets closely a moment the purchaser remarked:

"This No. 1 means on the aisle, don't it?"

"Yes."

"What's No. 2, then?"

"That's the seat next to it."

"But I told you I wanted two seats on the aisle."

"But I can't give you the seats together, then," persisted the box office man.

"That's just the point, young man. I'm going to bring my wife and the farther apart you put those seats the better!" He got what he asked for.

THE SORT OF SOUP IT WAS.

The man at the saloon lunch counter watched the approach of the three men with defiance gleaming from his eye, says the New York Sun. He looked aggressive and apparently was just waiting for some one to say something as a starter.

Each of the men carried a glass of beer and the object of the trip to the counter was to get some lunch. The smallest of the three, with a twinkle in his eye, read the sign in back of the lunch man and then asked sweetly: "What kind of soup is that?"

Then he paused and smiled upon his friends as one who is about to spring a rarely merry jest.

The lunch man, surveying the small man with anger mingled with contempt, said: "You know right well from the sign what sort of soup that is. All you are waiting for is to have me say 'It's bean soup.' Then you will spring that terrible chestnut, 'I don't want to know what kind of soup it's been. I want to know what sort it is.'

"Can you guess how many people have tried to spring that on me today? Well, I'll let you know that I've reached the limit and the next joker will get something that isn't on the sign. See?"

The small man and his friends saw. They took their soup in silence.

AN EASY MARK.

Harvey B Stout, justice of the peace who was recently robbed in the lobby of the American National bank, says the Indianapolis Star, has found some consolation in the fact that, as he puts it, he is "not the only easy mark in the world." There are others. He has heard of it from them since his experience in which he lost $240. Justice of the Peace W. O. McKinney was telling him the other day how he had lost his overcoat not so very long ago. He was in St. Louis. "I took off my coat, for which I had just spent $35," McKinney told him, "and sat down on the coat to read a paper. I had been there about five minutes when some fellow came along and tapped me on the shoulder. 'I beg your pardon, sir, but you are sitting on my coat,' he said to me. I let him take it. When I started to leave I turned around to get my coat and it was gone. Then I remembered the incident, but, of course, it was too late then."

Odds and Ends

Quebec supplies 90 per cent of the world's supply of asbestos.

Mrs. Nancy C. Bush, postmaster at Charlotte, Vt., has just celebrated her seventy-eighth birthday. She has been in the postal service for 33 years, beginning as a telegraph operator and assistant postmaster. In response to a petition signed by almost every inhabitant of Charlotte, President Grant appointed her postmaster in 1875. Her office is said to be a model of neatness and her accounts always accurate to the last cent. She has never had a clerk and she superintends one substation and two carriers, besides attending to an extensive money order business and the regular duties of postmaster.

Camel steaks and roast camel are new dishes in Paris which have become popular because they were served at several dinners recently where novelties are usually introduced. People who saw two ships of the desert decorated with ribbons in front of a butcher's shop in Paris naturally asked questions and only those who had heard of the new fad were not surprised to learn that they were, as the placard on one of the animals stated: "For slaughter. Orders for prompt delivery taken here." It was at one of these novelty dinners in Paris that Welsh rabbits, the real cheese kind, were served as a substitute for the real game course.

David George Hogarth, the geographer and explorer, said that in western Asia there are vast areas on which no European foot is known to have trod, nor even any European eye to have looked. The greatest unseen area lies in Arabia. Almost all the southern half of Arabia is occupied, according to native report, by a vast wilderness called generally Ruba-al-Khali, "Dwelling of the Void." No European has ever entered this immense tract, which embraces some 600,000 square miles. It would take a bold man to venture out for the passage of either 850 miles west to east or 650 north to south in the isothermal zone of the world's greatest heat.

The illustrated visiting card which was introduced in Munich last year, under the patronage of several members of the royal family, has not yet shown any market popularity, says a Berlin paper. A number of artists have become converts to the fashion, and it has been noticed that the most elaborate designs appear on the cards of the least known painters, while people who have no claim on the public because of worth or standing also indulge in conspicuous pasteboards. It seems now as though the plain, modest visiting card could not be improved upon. When these are studied they usually indicate, despite their seeming similarity, the character of the owner quite as well as the illustrated or decorated kind.

A great deal of interest has been aroused in the proposition worked out by Thomas A. Edison for the construction of dwelling houses in a remarkably short time and at an equally remarkable decrease in the cost, as compared with the cost of construction today. The erroneous impression has gone out that an inexperienced person with a few barrels of cement and sand can build his own house in a few days. In order to carry out the Edison scheme it is necessary to make a set of molds in which the walls of the house may be shaped, and these molds will cost no less than $25,000. Thus it is evident that this idea can be economically made use of only when there are many houses to be erected on the same lines, such as the building of a new town like that in progress at Gary, Ind.

National Chauffeurs Meet Today

Schools Have Been Established to Teach Auto Drivers—Both Theory and Practice Are Included in the Instruction—In Some Places Chauffeur Must Pass Examination for License—Feminine Chauffeur May Be Good or Bad.

(Correspondence of the Gazette.)

Washington, Feb. 11.—The National Chauffeurs' Association will hold its first regular meeting in Chicago today. There have been other national gatherings of chauffeurs, more or less informal in character, in the past, but not until recently have they perfected an organization for their own mutual benefit. The Professional Chauffeurs' Club of America was organized in New York in 1904, but was limited in scope.

Profession Is New One.

The chauffeur and his profession have come into prominence within a decade. There now many thousands of the profession all over the globe. They are exploring the four corners of the earth. They are rivaling the lightning itself in the rapidity of their motion. They do some damage but are responsible for so much more pleasure and satisfaction that they are generally recognized as benefactors of mankind. The first professional chauffeurs in the United States came from Europe. France was a pioneer in the field. Italy and Germany were among the first countries to take up automobiling. Europe still excels in the racing automobiles and the racing chauffeurs it produces, but for purposes of pleasure and business in this country the American machine and its native driver are regarded as entirely satisfactory.

Not long ago anybody who could start an engine or turn a corner was classed as a chauffeur, but things have changed during the last few years. The demand of the automobilist for a chauffeur who knows his business and the increasing restrictions of state county and municipal laws and the regulations concerning the operation of motor cars account in part for the change. Another potent reason is the increasing pride of the chauffeur in his own accomplishments.

Schools Are Established.

The outgrowth of these sentiments was the establishment of schools and colleges throughout the country where men and women can be trained to become professional chauffeurs, or taught merely how to run their own autos to a limited extent—whichever they may elect. The first automobile school was probably established in New York. There are several such institutions now in that city. At Los Angeles, there are three or four large schools and hardly any large city in the United States is without a chauffeurs' college. These institutions are turning out hundreds of graduate chauffeurs every year, but the supply is not equal to the demand.

The Young Men's Christian Association, always to the fore when the welfare of men is concerned, has added courses in automobile instruction to its educational branch. One of the leading chauffeurs' schools in the East is maintained by the Y. M. C. A. at Boston. About 400 pupils attend the Los Angeles Y. M. C. A. auto school.

Most of the automobile schools have very thorough systems of instruction. The course varies in length from six weeks upward, according to the aptitude of the pupil and the degree of expertness he wishes to attain. Many of the schools have three classes daily—in the morning, afternoon and evening, so as to accommodate everybody. The cost of instruction is regarded as reasonable, ranging up from about $25. The plan of instruction usually followed is first to teach the pupil about the mechanical features of the automobile. This is done both in a theoretical and a practical way. An instructor lectures about the parts of an automobile, using a blackboard and a small engine model to illustrate his points. Next the pupil is turned loose in the workshop and told to take apart an auto and put it together again.

Gets Practical Schooling.

After the pupil is well grounded in the mechanical principles of the machine he is taught how to run it. This branch of the instruction is carried out differently by different schools. Some go on the theory that a pupil can learn perfectly well how to run an auto without leaving the shop. In these schools the back wheels of a car are raised off the floor, the pupil and instructor climb into the front seat, the engine is cranked up and the journey is begun—theoretically. The pupil is shown how to run the car at different speeds, how to steer, stop and so on, the car being stationary all the while. In a few schools this system is varied by having the pupil drive an auto around an inside track.

Another system of instruction will not permit the graduation of pupils until they have had considerable actual road work, holding that by experience only can a chauffeur learn. A road master sits beside the pupil making suggestions, while the pupil drives the machine 50 or 100 miles. Sometimes dummy men are located along the road to teach the pupils how to dodge pedestrians. Instruction is given in the management of gasoline, electric and steam autos. The last named require full fledged steam engineers to run them.

The auto schools give diplomas and maintain enrollment bureaus of available chauffeurs and of places to be filled, some of them guaranteeing positions for their graduates. Old and young, rich and poor, male and female, people in all walks of life, mingle in the chauffeurs' schools. The Persian minister, Gen. Morteza Khan, is one of the recently enrolled pupils at a Washington automobile college. A secretary of the Chinese embassy is taking private lessons at the same place. The diplomats are just as enthusiastic and get themselves just as grimy as any body else when working through their course.

Legal restrictions surround the chauffeur on all sides. He must not be deaf. Under many jurisdictions he must pass an examination before an automobile license is issued. His is a dangerous position. He is responsible for the safety of the occupants of his car and for possible damages caused to outsiders. Despite these difficulties, he has broken all human records for speed. He has crossed every continent and visited the remote isles of the sea. He defies, time, space—and sometimes the police—and is altogether an object of admiration and envy.

The Eternal Feminine.

The eternal feminine appears in the chauffeur's calling as everywhere else. There is one type of woman automobilist who insists that her car must match her new suit in color. This type rarely accomplishes anything, from the chauffeur's standpoint. On the other hand, there are many women who are practical automobile experts, who repair their own cars, participate in races and endurance tests, and who know, what is sometimes vastly more important, how to stop, as well as drive their cars. Women stricken with nervous prostration have been known to recover their health entirely under the soothing treatment afforded by driving a 40-horsepower machine under all sorts of circumstances. The somersaulting auto with its lady chauffeur has become familiar to American circus-goers during the last few years.

The chauffeur is worth a good salary and he receives it. It is said that the chauffeur of Charles M. Schwab, the steel magnate, receives $250 a month besides a number of perquisites. This, however, is a small remuneration compared to the fortunes made by the great racing auto drivers. If the dangers of racing are great, the rewards are commensurate. Twenty-five to fifty thousand dollars a year is a fair income for a racing chauffeur. The disappointments are also great. Hemery, the Frenchman, thought he had won a 400 mile race at Savannah recently, but learned that he had been defeated by 56 seconds. The success of many racers is due to the mechanics who accompany them. These mechanics repair the machines during races, sometimes while in motion. The friction and heat created by a speed of 75 or 100 miles an hour is so great that frequently rubber tires are melted and wheel rims torn to pieces. If these things are discovered in time they may be repaired at the cost of losing a race. If not noticed in time they are likely to end the earthly career of the racer.

Racing Fascinating and Dangerous.

Auto racing is probably the most fascinating and dangerous sport in the history of amusements. One critic has said that the casualties are as great as they were in Roman gladiatorial combats, but this is an exaggeration. The casualties are so great, however, that one of the prerequisites of the racing chauffeur is that he must be a fatalist with no nerves and with muscles of iron. He will need all of these qualities and more before he has won the race. Imagine whirling around a cement track at a speed of 121 miles an hour or 172 feet a second, a speed greater than that of a hurricane that levels forests. That is what was done in England by Felice Nazzaro, the Italian, who is generally regarded as the greatest of racers. At the end of the race, as he came off the track a blood stain was noticed on his coat. He had overtaken a bird in full flight and it was flattened against his chest.

This time was bettered on the Florida beach a year or two ago, when a freak cigar-shaped car made one mile in 28.5 seconds. At that rate the globe could be girdled in about a week if a good road were built along the line of the equator. Truly, the latter-day messengers of the gods are shod with wings of lightning. The force of an automobile going at very high speed is almost inconceivable. It has been calculated that a car weighing 2,200 pounds traveling at the rate of 60 miles an hour would have an energy in collision sufficient to move 264,500 pounds a distance of one foot. The force of a car traveling 120 miles an hour would be many times greater.

The New York to Paris and Peking to Paris automobile races are more or less fresh in the public mind. The journey over the wild steppes of Siberia was no more remarkable than the trip across the United States, where the cars were alternately dug out of snow drifts or swamped in raging torrents misnamed roads. An American car won between New York and Paris, 20,000 miles being covered in 169 days. This was as spectacular, though not so dangerous, as the famous Paris-Madrid "race of death" in 1903, when half a dozen drivers were killed.

(Copyright, 1909, by Frederic J. Haskin.)

Tomorrow—PROFESSIONAL BOXING.

The Jumping Off Place.

"Consumption had me in its grasp and I had almost reached the jumping off place when I was advised to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and I want to say right now it saved my life. Improvement began with the first bottle and after taking one dozen bottles I was a well and happy man again," says George Moore of Grimesland, N. C. As a remedy for coughs and colds and healer of weak, sore lungs and for preventing pneumonia New Discovery is supreme. 50c and $1, at all druggists. Trial bottle free.

The Remedy for Itch, Ring-Worm, eczema and stubborn skin diseases is Bracy's Germ Destroyer Ointment. The satisfaction and relief obtained from one application is worth the price—50c and $1 per jar. Ask those who have used it. For pimples, blackheads, dandruff scalp sores use the Germ Destroyer soap. Same composition as ointment. Not so strong—25c per cake. For sale by all druggists.

Arnold, Raines & Co., 114 West Second street, insurance.

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The Play of a Thousand Laughs. Five Months at the Garrick Theater, New York.

PRICES—Lower Floor. $1.50
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Tickets on sale February 17 to 22 inclusive. Ample return limit.

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Old Telephone, 276. New Telephone, 36.
Office and Warehouse, Foot East Sixth Street, Little Rock, Ark.

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Solicits a liberal share of business.
Prompt and satisfactory service guaranteed.

Railroads

MUCH SHIFTING IN EXPRESS BUSINESS

Wells-Fargo Loses Many Southern Lines, but Gets the Milwaukee and Will Get Mexican Lines.

Contemporaneous with the announcement that the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific will dispossess the Wells-Fargo Company of the express franchise of the Choctaw division of the Rock Island, comes the announcement of a large number of contracts made by the United States Express Company, which will give that concern the express service of half of the Western and Southern systems. Among the railroads embraced in the new contracts made by the company to take effect July 1 or shortly after are the following:

Beaumont, Sour Lake and Western, Chicago and Eastern Illinois, Chicago Rock Island and Pacific, Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf, Chicago, Rock Island and El Paso, Colorado and Southern, New Orleans and Pacific, Evansville and Terre Haute; Fort Worth and Rio Grande, Orange and Northwestern, Paris and Great Northern; St. Louis and San Francisco; St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas, Trinity and Brazos Valley.

While its loss of Southern and Western roads has been general, the Wells-Fargo Company has secured the service on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, which system has given up its plan for an express system of its own. The express service on the new line to the Pacific coast, as well as on the existing lines of the system will be furnished by the Wells-Fargo Company after May 1. The United States Express Company will continue to operate on the lines of the St. Paul proper until May 1. The Continental Express Company, organized by the railway company, and which is now operating the new Pacific coast extension as far as Butte, will be dissolved.

The Wells-Fargo Company, whose concession to operate over the Mexican Central expired January 1, is now operating under a temporary agreement made last October, with the understanding that at some time in the near future it will take over the express business on all government-controlled railroads in Mexico. The arrangement probably will become effective immediately after the merger of the national lines with the Mexican Central goes into effect.

TO USE ALL-STEEL PASSENGER CARS

Rock Island Takes Lead in Ordering New Style of Construction in Building Through Service Equipment.

After a careful investigation of the efficiency of the all-steel constructed cars, the management of the Rock Island has decided to adopt this style of car for all of its passenger service. Contracts were let yesterday to the American Car and Foundry Company for the immediate construction of 60 all-steel cars for service on the through trains of the Rock Island.

Delivery of these cars will begin early next May, and by the last of that month all of the order, which contemplates an expenditure of more than $1,000,000, will be in service. Following the adoption of the steel cars on through trains, that style of cars will be extended to the remainder of the Rock Island trains.

Other Western roads have been experimenting with all-steel cars for the past several years.

WILL MAKE GREAT KICK.

Special to the Gazette.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—Manufacturers of St. Louis will endeavor to demonstrate

Our grinding plant affords you the opportunity of having your Glasses ground while you wait. NO SENDING OUT OF TOWN. NO DELAY.

See our north window.

Albert Pfeifer & Bro.
Optical Specialists
408 MAIN ST.

to the Interstate Commerce Commission, at its hearing here February 18, that freight rates to Texas and the Southwest, which were advanced by the railroads last August, are making serious inroads into the business of this city to the advantage of New York and other centers of commerce and near the Atlantic seaboard. One representative manufacturer declares that he will show a loss of 50 per cent in his business with Texas, due to the unfair transportation rates.

STATION MASTER TAKES A RUN

Conductor Didn't Appear, So W. O. Smith Runs the Train.

Station Master W. G. Smith of the Rock Island is a versatile man. His accomplishments are not by any means limited to doling out information as to what train one should take to go to Punxsutawney or Tonganoxie or Kalamazoo, or to the more strenuous duties of helping overloaded travelers find their trains and hunting stray, hopefuls for fond mamas. Not at all. Mr. Smith knows the railroad game from A to Z and he's a great utility man, being able to play the infield, outfield, the box and often don the windpad and mask, according to the best revised baseball vernacular applied to railroad work.

A misunderstanding caused passenger No. 613, bound for Hot Springs, yesterday morning to be without a conductor. As the hour of departure drew nigh no conductor appeared, and Mr. Smith took up the punch and donned the conductor's cap and uniform. He used to be a conductor a few years agone and it was just like old times to him. He completed the run and returned at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Meanwhile, in the absence of Mr. Smith, Patrolman Bennett called out the arrival and departure of the trains.

THROUGH SHREVEPORT CARS

Iron Mountain Arranges a Service Out of Little Rock.

The local Iron Mountain passenger officials have received notice that beginning February 20, the Iron Mountain will establish a through service from St. Louis to Shreveport. Connections will be established with the Kansas City Southern at Texarkana. The train which will make this connection will be No. 7, the fast mail, which at present passes through Little Rock at 10.50 a. m. The new service will greatly better traveling conditions between Shreveport and vicinity and Little Rock.

LINCOLN MENU CARD.

The Rock Island system has issued a beautiful Lincoln Centenary menu card for use on all of the lines of the system today. It is one of the costliest souvenir menu cards ever issued by a railroad. At the top of the first page of the card are the dates 1809-909 and in the center of the first page is a striking likeness of the martyred president, finished in colors. Beneath the picture are the words: "With malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right."

F. A. MOLITOR GOES.

F. A. Molitor, formerly chief engineer of the Choctaw, the Midland Valley and other railroads in this section, and whose headquarters were located at Little Rock until 1903, left Little Rock last night for Hot Springs. Mr. Molitor has been in Little Rock for the past three days visiting his old friends and associates. He remained at the home of George H. Lee, general passenger agent for the Rock Island, while here.

After leaving the service of the Choctaw, Mr. Molitor became an expert engineer in the government service in the Philippine Islands. His work there was connected with the government railroads. He is now located in New York, his engineering office being situated on Wall street.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The state legislature of California is considering the constitutional amendment which, if adopted, would give the state the right to construct railways to be maintained for the common good. A similar measure introduced in the lower house of the same legislature several years ago was defeated.

The breaking down of a freight car at McRae, a small station 38 miles south of Little Rock, on the Iron Mountain, delayed No. 7, the fast mail, for two hours yesterday.

A. V. Brown, manager of the Missouri and North Arkansas at Eureka Springs, visited the offices of the Railroad Commission yesterday.

A. C. Anderson, traveling passenger agent for the Pennsylvania lines, was in Little Rock yesterday.

L. W. Price, division passenger agent for the Frisco, with headquarters at Joplin, visited the local railroad offices yesterday.

Owen Durham, traveling passenger agent for the Illinois Central, was in Little Rock yesterday.

R. H. Laing, assistant general passenger agent for the Cotton Belt, with headquarters at St. Louis, was in Little Rock yesterday.

W. C. Peeler, district passenger agent for the Cotton Belt, visited local railroad offices while in Little Rock yesterday.

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern's new extension from Ziegler, Ill., Joe Leiter's mining camp, to Benton, Ill., will be opened for traffic at once. The extension makes the Gould road a formidable rival to the Illinois Central, Chicago and Eastern Illinois and Burlington for the much-sought-after coal trade of Franklin county.

T. E. Brogan, soliciting freight and passenger agent for the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, with headquarters located at Joplin, arrived in Little Rock yesterday after a trip through the lumber regions of Arkansas. He will leave for Fort Smith this morning.

R. P. Mount, traveling freight agent for the Maple Leaf route, visited the local railroad offices yesterday. He is returning to his headquarters at St. Joseph after an extended trip through Arkansas and the Southwest.

HOW I MADE MY HAIR GROW

Woman With Marvelously Beautiful Hair Gives Simple Home Prescription Which She Used With Most Remarkable Results.

I was greatly troubled with dandruff and falling hair. I tried many advertised hair preparations and various prescriptions, but they all signally failed, many of them made my hair greasy so it was impossible to comb it or do it up properly. I think that many of the things I tried were positively injurious, and from my own experience I cannot too strongly caution you against using preparations containing wood alcohol and other poisonous substances. I believe they injure the roots of the hair. After my long list of failures I finally found a simple prescription, which I used with most remarkable results, and I can unhesitatingly state that it is beyond doubt the most wonderful thing for the hair I have ever seen. Many of my friends have also used it and obtained wonderful effects therefrom. It not only is a powerful stimulant to the growth of the hair, and for restoring gray hair to its natural color, but it is equally good for removing dandruff, giving the hair life and brilliancy, etc., and for the purpose of keeping the scalp in first-class condition; it also makes the hair much easier to comb and arrange in nice form. I have a friend who used it two months, and during that time it not only stopped the falling of his hair and wonderfully increased its growth, but it practically restored all his gray hair to its natural color. You can obtain the ingredients for making this wonderful preparation from almost any druggist. The prescription is as follows:

Bay rum, 6 ounces; Menthol crystals, 1-2 drachm; Lavona de Composee, 2 ounces; To-Kalon perfume, 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls.

Apply night and morning; rub thoroughly into the scalp.

Go to your druggist and ask for an eight-ounce bottle containing six ounces of bay rum; also one-half drachm of Menthol crystals, and for a two-ounce bottle of Lavona de Composee. Mix the ingredients yourself at your own home. Add the Menthol crystals to the bay rum and then pour Lavona de Composee, and add the To-Kalon perfume. Let it stand for one-half hour and it is ready for use.

State House

FLEMING FREEMAN APPOINTED SENATOR

Governor Donaghey Names Successor to the Late Senator Nance—Both Are From the Same City.

Fleming Freeman of Rogers was yesterday appointed to fill the vacancy in the Senate made by the death of Senator Robert L. Nance in the Thirty-fourth senatorial district.

A large number of petitions were sent to the governor suggesting the names of various persons for the place, but of all the recommendations, that sent by influential men of Benton county appealed to Governor Donaghey more strongly than any of the others, and the appointment followed.

Senator Freeman will probably arrive today in Little Rock and take up his duties in the Senate. He is widely interested in business in his section of the state and is directly in the lime business. He is from the same city as the late Senator Nance and was a close friend of the senator's.

$100,000 MINING COMPANY.

The Caddo Gap Mining and Smelting Company yesterday filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The company is incorporated to do a regular mining and lumber business with an authorized capital of $100,000. The stockholders have already paid in $51,000 of the capital. The corporators are J. Radcliff, president; H. F. Primm, vice president; G. L. Howell, secretary; L. C. Huey, treasurer, and G. A. Dreggars and J. W. Huey.

STATE HOUSE NOTES.

The Bank of Wheatley yesterday filed a copy of a resolution passed at its last meeting whereby the stock of the institution is increased to $25,000. The number of directors will in future be seven.

Transcript in the case of H. V. Scott vs. G. R. Blake and the city of Prescott was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday morning. The case is appealed by the defendants from the Circuit Court of Nevada county.

The total crop of the state cotton raised on the farm was 8,842 bales. The last of the cotton was warehoused yesterday, and it will be sold by the Penitentiary Board at its next meeting.

A cold, cough, sore throat, which might be cured by a simple remedy like Brown's Bronchial Troches, if neglected, may result in chronic throat trouble. For bronchitis, asthma and coughs, Brown's Troches are beneficial.

City Hall

TWELVE DELINQUENTS FINED

Police Court Collects $63 from People Who Didn't Pay Licenses.

There were 12 cases in the Police Court yesterday and fines aggregating $63 were turned over to the city for the failure to pay city licenses. The police officials have been instructed to bring in every man who cannot show he has paid his license. Two special officers will be appointed today to make a check of the business places and see if the licenses have been paid and three others will be engaged until Saturday, making cases against the delinquents.

After Saturday the fine will be increased from $2.50 to $10. It is expected Monday all licenses will be paid.

Among the list of delinquents that has been furnished the chief of police are several real estate dealers.

BURT BROOKS RETURNS.

City Attorney Burt Brooks, who has been out of the city on a 10 days' leave of absence, returned to Little Rock yesterday and will again assume his duties. Mr. Brooks visited St. Louis and several places in Illinois while away.

Suffering and Dollars Saved.

E. S. Loper of Marilla, N. Y., says: "I am a carpenter and have had many severe cuts healed by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It has saved me suffering and dollars. It is by far the best healing salve I have ever found." Heals burns, sores, ulcers, fever sores, eczema and piles. 25c, at all druggists.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM succeeds because it promptly fulfills every fraternal and financial obligation.

Arnold, Raines & Co., fire insurance 114 West Second street.

CATARRH COUGHS COLDS

HYOMEI

(PRONOUNCED HIGH-O-ME)

Cures all diseases of the respiratory tract, or money back. Just breathe it in. This pleasant, penetrating and antiseptic air kills all germs and allays the inflammation. Snodgrass & Bracy and Gibson Drug Co. sell complete Hyomei outfit, including inhaler, for $1. Extra bottles cost only 50 cents.

Check Up

Checks tell the tale. When a person has his bank book balanced at the end of the month and receives the canceled checks, he reads a chapter on his financial character. Generally he is somewhat embarrassed by his doings because he thought himself a better man. But there is nothing better than to look one's self in the face; and, compared with the person who never realizes his doings, there is an immense advantage to the check reader.

Reading checks makes people careful and, as there is nothing better for one's worldly welfare, we advise every one to keep up with himself (and with his enemies) through a checking account with the

Union Trust Company

Capital $250,000
Undivided Profits. 80,000

"Every Advantage of Any Bank."

SAM W. REYBURN, President.
E. O. THOMPSON, Vice President.
MOORHEAD WRIGHT, Treasurer.
C. P. PERRIE, Secretary.

Courts

WOULD KEEP ROAD OFF WALK

L. F. Moore Complains That Traction Company Is Encroaching.

An injunction against the Little Rock Railway and Electric Company to prevent it from occupying a portion of the sidewalk in making a turn at Twenty-third and Main, is asked by L. F. Moore in a suit filed in the Chancery Court yesterday afternoon. He avers the company in changing its tracks moved them so that they run over a portion of the sidewalk in front of his property at the northwest corner of the street intersection.

TO START NURSES' SCHOOL

New Department to Be Organized at St. Vincent's Infirmary.

A petition for articles of incorporation was filed in the Second Division of the Circuit Court yesterday by the St. Vincent's Training School for Nurses, an institution to be established in connection with St. Vincent's Infirmary. The incorporators are Mgr. J. M. Lucey, Father Fintan Kraemer, Father Patrick Enright, Father Daniel W. O'Horn, Father Winand Aritz, Sister Jovita, Sister Petronela, Sister Martina and Sister Bethildes. The school is to train and graduate nurses.

TRICE SUES FOR A FALL.

Averring that he slipped on some ice on the sidewalk in front of the Gleason hotel on West Second street on January 31 and severely injured himself, Blount C. Trice yesterday filed suit in the Second Division of the Circuit Court for $1,000 damages. He claims that his left shoulder was sprained and his left arm cut and bruised. The petition recites that in cleaning out the lobby of the hotel, an employe of Gleason's swept the water onto the sidewalk, where it froze and the next morning when the plaintiff passed by he tried to walk over the ice and fell.

IN CHANCERY COURT.

A. E. Treadway vs. Mary Jane Foster, et al., demurrer of defendants to complaint.

A. V. Rieff vs. American Insurance Company of Arkansas, intervention of Mrs. Lula Moore for $350 on an insurance policy on a house at 605 Bishop street, Little Rock.

Geo. M. Garvey vs. Berhard Corrigan et al., depositions filed.

Kurt Kotscher vs. Wilhelmina Graber et al., answers of defendants filed.

Judgment for $1,500 on notes given in payment for real estate and a lien on the land, is asked in the case of R. W. Porter et al. vs. G. B. Sawyer et al., filed in the Chancery Court yesterday.

The case of J. S. Smothers et al. vs. Mattie Simms et al., filed in the Chancery Court involves $265 on notes.

CLAIMS TWO BOUGHT SAME LOT.

In an answer filed in the Chancery Court yesterday in the case of Edward Simms et al. vs. James Coates et al., Charles Vestal, one of the defendants, claims that he purchased the lot sued for by the plaintiffs from Rev. Ben Cox for $900 and that Rev. Ben Cox had purchased it from another of the defendants and was innocent of any other sale.

If the court gives the property to the plaintiff on the ground of a prior purchase, Mr. Vestal asks that Rev. Mr. Cox be given judgment for what he paid and that he in turn be given judgment for $900.

DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS.

Abuse and desertion are the grounds named by Ella Foley in her suit for divorce from Geo. S. Foley, filed yesterday.

Sarah Harlin was given a decree of divorce against her husband, Jeff Harlin, by Chancellor Martineau. Desertion was the ground. The title to property jointly owned by them was vested in the defendant, by agreement of the plaintiff.

Maud J. Conklin filed suit for divorce from Edward Conklin and the custody of her child. She alleges abuse.

IN PROBATE COURT.

Mary E. Graham was appointed guardian of Bertha L., Maud L., Viola M. and Mollie Graham, by Judge Joe Asher yesterday to care for some property accrued to them.

A bond of $2,000 required of E. L. Stucher, administrator of the estate of Jas. P. Laug, was filed.

The petition of J. E. Arrington, administrator of the estate of Ella Arrington, for an order for final disposition was granted.

COURT NOTES.

A suit in unlawful detainer for possession of a house at 113 West Sixth street was filed yesterday in the Second Division of the Circuit Court by Bishop John B. Morris against Mrs. B. Hayes.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Reported by the Beach Abstract and Guaranty Company.)

Nan V. Cohen to Caroline S. Cohen, lots 7 and 8, block 88, Little Rock—$1.

A. B. Coleman to S. A. Douglass, 5 acres in southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 25, township 2 north, range 15 west—$25.

O. C. Ludwig, trustee, to A. Tourney, lots 13 to 16, block 13, Taft addition—$44.

Jas. E. Carden to Rufus Stout, trustee, 152 acres in west half of section 20, township 1 north, range 11 west—$6,595.

Rufus Stout, trustee, to W. E. Harrington, trustee, same—$6,595.

J. W. Crockett to W. J. Baylum, lots 11 and 12, block 34, Roosevelt Park addition—$21.

R. H. Barker to J. C. Lane, west half of lots 10, 11 and 12, block 18, Butler's addition—$800.

C. T. Lindsey and wife to Jno. Irvin, 1 1-2 acres in northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 4, township 1 north, range 12 west—$1.

H. P. Edmonson, trustee, to Harry M. Ramey, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 16, Fleming & Bradford's addition—$1,000.

The Daily Fashion Hint From Paris

Gray ottoman costume trimmed with chinchilla.

Keeping Open House.

Everybody is welcome when we feel good, and we feel that way only when our digestive organs are working properly. Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the action of stomach, liver and bowels so perfectly one can't help feeling good when he uses these pills. 25c, at all druggists.

PROTECT YOUR SKIN,

from the chapping, roughing and reddening that is likely to follow automobiling, driving and all forms of outdoor exercise. Rexall Cold Cream is an excellent skin food, and a perfectly safe protection to the most delicate skin. Price 25c the box. Gibson Drug Company, Markham and Center Sts.

CONGRESS HONORS LINCOLN

As Far as Possible Today Is Made a Special Holiday.

Washington, Feb. 11.—By joint resolution late today Congress made provision, as far as possible, for the observance of February 12, 1909, the centennial anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, as a special holiday and authorized the president to issue a proclamation making it effective in the District of Columbia and the territories of Alaska, Arizona, New Mexico and Hawaii.

In anticipation of the passage of such a resolution after he had departed for Lincoln's birthplace in Kentucky, the president had prepared and signed a proclamation which was issued as soon as the joint resolution had been signed by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the house.

While this proclamation applies only to the District of Columbia and the territories, fourteen states have, by legislation, made Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday.

FIRE IN MRS. HAMMILL'S HOUSE

Servant Badly Burned From Polishing Stove With Inflammable Substance.

After returning from the cemetery, where she had placed flowers on the grave of her husband, James T. Hammill, who died at El Paso and was buried here this week, Mrs. Hammill stopped at the house of a friend to take luncheon yesterday morning. While there she called up her home, 309 East Fourth street, by phone to inform the household where she was and to ascertain how things were going on at the house. She was informed over her phone by a neighbor that the house was afire.

The negro servant, "Maudy," in polishing a stove had used a mixture containing an inflammable oil. The rag caught fire and was dropped on the floor, setting fire to the carpet, on which some of the polish was strewn. In her endeavors to put out the flames, the woman's dress caught fire and she was badly burned. The damage to the furnishings was $150.

WHY

Bond's Pills

ARE THE BEST.

1. They never gripe or sicken.
2. They are very small and easy to take.
3. They act directly upon the liver.
4. They tone up the system.
5. The ingredients are scientifically proportioned to bring the best results.

BOND'S PILLS

Are made in this climate for the diseases of this climate. The dose is one pill at bedtime.

They cure Biliousness, Headache, Neuralgia, Malaria, Constipation, Indigestion, etc.

We do not claim Bond's Pills to be "just as good" as the ordinary patent pill, but we do claim them to be GREAT DEAL BETTER.

Sold by all druggists, 25c.

Embroidery Lessons Free

From 2 to 5 p. m.

TODAY

In

OUR ART DEPARTMENT

on

Second Floor.

MRS. VIRGINIA EDWARDS,

Instructor of Class.

Our stock of Art Materials is complete in every way, and for the Free Lessons we only ask that you buy your material from our stocks.

The M. M. Cohn Co.

ODD THINGS IN NEWS OF THE DAY

Watchdog Tied Tight to Safe—Safe Gone—$300 Gone—Dog Gone—Robbers Take Whole Thing.

Tacoma.—Tony Christi owns a candy store.

Once he owned $300.

Once he owned a watchdog—and other things.

In the palmy days Tony was just about the sunniest son of Sunny It. that ever struck these parts. But not now, not now.

Tony was flossy, all right. He makes money selling sweets to Tacoma belles and the senoritas of the Italian colony are numerous whenever he shows above the horizon.

After Tony had collected the $300 he got real proud of it. But he never let it get out of sight by day—only by night. When he departed for his home at midnight he used to nail the "wad" to the floor and then put the floor in the safe.

Then came the watchdog. Tony thought he could better guard the treasure house.

Last night he had a hunch to tie the dog to the safe, thereby to better insure the wealth hoarded therein.

He did. And then he departed in peace.

But in the morning—"Ah-h-h Sapristi!" Somebode got in da store in da night. Burglar man, he steal a ma safe; take a ma mon, run away wid ma watch adog. Ah-h-h h."

"Sapristi!"

TALES SCARED HIM TO SUICIDE.

Salem, N. J.—Brooding over stories which he had caused to be published during the past week, concerning an alleged murder and burial in Salem county several years ago, without any investigation by the authorities and fearing that he might be arrested as an accessory after the fact, John McPherson committed suicide here.

McPherson a few days ago aroused the people of the county by issuing a statement in which he declared that one night some five years ago, while he was on his way home, he was attracted by shots at the home of Albert and Eugene Hyde. He ran to the dwelling and saw a body of a man lying on the floor and several men and women were in the room quarreling. Some suggested, he said, that the body be cut up and this was subsequently done, the legs cut off, placed in a box and buried in the orchard on the place and the trunk of the dead man buried under the fireplace in the front room of the house. McPherson said that a party was in progress there and gave the names of several Lower Creekers who were present.

These persons denied all knowledge of the crime and made it so warm for McPherson that he threatened to commit suicide to avoid legal proceedings which the accused threatened to bring.

Because of what McPherson had alleged, the Hyde place, now owned by Theodore Smith, was thoroughly searched and some parts of the ground dug up, but nothing was revealed.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM was founded for benevolent purposes.

Backache

Is frequently caused by a disease of the kidneys or bladder. If it is accompanied with scanty or with high colored urine, or sediment of any kind, you can be sure that there is something wrong with one of these organs. For the symptoms mentioned,

BOND'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER REMEDY

has proved to be exceedingly valuable. From the many testimonials in our possession, we submit the following from an old and greatly honored citizen of Little Rock, whom everybody knows.

"Bonds Pharmacy Company,

"Gentlemen—I have used with great benefit your Bond's Kidney and Bladder Remedy at intervals for years, for a chronic kidney affection. I have repeatedly recommended it to others, and it has never failed to give benefit. It is my well considered opinion that this remedy is unequaled for the troubles for which you recommend it.

"Yours very truly,

THOMAS W. DOYLE."

Sold by leading druggists, 50c and $1.

PROBING RATES ON BANANAS

Rock Island and Burlington Are Defendants at Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Investigation of charges that the rate for shipment of bananas from New Orleans to various points in Iowa over the Illinois Central, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroads is exorbitant and higher than the rate charged for points in Illinois, was begun before Special Examiner Lyons of the Interstate Commerce Commission today.

The complainant company of Burlington, Ia., claims to represent most of the fruit dealers of that state.

CAPUDINE for THAT HEADACHE.

Out last night? Headache and nervous this morning? Hicks' Capudine just the thing to fit you for business. Clears the head—braces the nerves. Try it. At drug stores.

HIGH POINT FOR MAY WHEAT.

New York, Feb. 11.—The highest price of the season for May wheat was reached in the produce exchange today when that option sold at $1.17 3-8 per bushel.

A scarcity of cash wheat, good export demand, higher foreign markets and the strong position of the Chicago bull leaders furnished the basis for the advance.

New crop months, while strong, were not so buoyant as the May delivery.

CURES COLDS QUICKLY.

A never-failing home remedy for coughs and colds is made from the following formula to be mixed at home:

"Two ounces of glycerine, one-half ounce of Concentrated pine compound, one-half pint of good whiskey; mix and shake thoroughly; use in doses of a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful every four hours."

This will cure any cough that is curable or break up an acute cold in twenty-four hours. The ingredients all can be gotten at any drug store.

The Concentrated pine is a pine product refined for medical use and comes only in half-ounce bottles, each enclosed in a tin screw top case, which is air-tight, but be sure that it is labeled "Concentrated."

ROASTED COFFEE

Our Telephone and Brownie brands in barrels or sacks. The very best values, obtainable at the price we ask for them. Both are Dry Roasted Coffees, fresh, very sightly, but in the "drink" is where they please most. Market is higher—a good time to purchase a liberal supply of these brands. You will not regret it if you take our advice in this.

Chas. F. Penzel Grocer Co.

LITTLE ROCK, NASHVILLE, ARK.

A GOOD STOCK OF GREEN COFFEES, GROCERS' STYLES.

NEWS FROM ALL OVER ARKANSAS

Grover Ware, Thrown From a Mule and With Hip Broken, Crawls Up Mountain to a Friend's Home.

Omaha—Graver Ware, a young man of Omaha, Boone county, in riding down a steep mountain near his home Monday, met a serious accident. The mule he was riding became frightened and made a dash down the mountain, throwing Ware against a tree, breaking his thigh and otherwise injuring him. The place where the accident occurred is little frequented, and Ware lay for hours in the road suffering and calling in vain for help. Finally he pulled himself up the mountain to the home of a friend, who gave him shelter and relieved him, as best he could, of his suffering. In drawing himself up the mountain, by bushes and saplings, all the skin on Ware's hips and shoulders was worn off. He is in a critical condition, and it is not expected that he will recover from his injuries.

Paragould—George M. Jackson Convicted—George M. Jackson of Clay county was convicted in the Greene County Circuit Court at Paragould Wednesday on the charge of perjury and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Jackson is a man of some prominence in the eastern district of Clay county and in the recent campaign was the Socialist candidate for Congress against R. B. Macon. Jackson was recently sued in a justice of the peace court at Piggott by Roy Morrow on an alleged claim of $40. After judgment had been rendered against him he took an appeal, making affidavit that the appeal was not taken for the purpose of delay. Evidence contrary to the statements in his affidavit, it was alleged, was secured, upon the strength of which he was indicted and convicted, the case being tried at Paragould on a change of venue.

Rogers—Officers Elected—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rogers Wholesale Grocery Company Tuesday the following directors were elected: P. McKinlay, Fred F. Borden, H. L. Stroud, T. J. Keller, Ed C Baker, G. M. Snodgrass and J. C. McSpadden. The officers remained as they were, with the exception that Fred F. Borden was elected secretary, to fill the vacancy caused by Bryan Snyder's resignation.

Rogers—Trolley Route Selected—The committee appointed to investigate routes for the proposed trolley road from Rogers to Pea Ridge went over the ground Friday and inspected the routes. The committee was composed of A. R. Potter, W. B. Felker, J. F Walker, E. M. Funk, Bryan Snyder and J. M. McClelland. The route recommended covers a distance of about nine miles.

Huntsville—Road Tax Collection Enjoined—Judge Humphreys in the Madison County Chancery Court Tuesday granted an injunction restraining the collector from collecting the road tax in that county. It was contended that in the recent general election the necessary constitutional majority was not polled in favor of the tax. Collector W. C. Sharp gave notice that he would appeal the case to the Supreme Court.

Harrison—To Reopen Mine—The old Tomahawk copper mine in Searcy county, 30 miles southeast of Harrison, is to be reopened and the property developed. The mine was worked 20 years ago, but was abandoned on account of the lack of railroad facilities. Now there is a road within eight miles of the mine, and it is believed the ore can be mined at a profit.

Dunnington—To Colonize Italians—Seventy-five Italian families are to be colonized on the Dunnington farm in Oil Trough bottom, Independence county. Ten of the families are now living near Brownsville, Tenn., the others being at various points in Mississippi. Each family will cultivate from 15 to 25 acres.

Alonzo—Telephone Company Officers—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alonzo Telephone Company Saturday the following officers were elected: L. F. Hunt, president; J. B. Bailey, vice president; W. A. Lanier, secretary; E. F. Bickers, treasurer.

Bentonville—Preparing to Build Line—The Western Surety and Adjustible Company of Minneapolis has established its headquarters at Bentonville and is making preparations to begin the work of constructing the electric interurban railway from Bentonville to Joplin.

Herndon—First Union Hall—The Farmers' Union of Craighead county has built a hall 20x30 feet at Herndon, said to be the first hall built in Arkansas by the union. The first meeting in the new building was held Tuesday night.

Paragould—Residence in Ruins—E. N. Hartman's residence at Paragould and nearly all its contents were burned Wednesday. The loss is estimated at $1,000, fully covered by insurance.

Fort Smith—Residence Burned—Roy Coker's residence near Fort Smith, together with all its contents, was destroyed by fire Tuesday. The loss is estimated at $1,500.

Brookland—Cases of Smallpox—Several cases of smallpox have recently developed in Brookland. All the cases are of a mild nature and yield readily to treatment.

Mena—Announces for Mayor—J. P Davis announced Tuesday that he would be a candidate for re-election as mayor of Mena.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Gardner & Gardner, general merchants at Rogers, are building a two-story brick, which they will occupy as soon as completed.

W. M. Greeson of Prescott and Lawrence Perkins of Ashdown are preparing a set of abstract books of the lands in Little River county.

L. M. Miles of Sonora is making arrangements to establish a general store at Lowell.

The Farmers' Bank and Trust Company of Magnolia has decided to commence at once the construction of a $10,000 office building.

The Dierks Lumber Company at De Queen has restored the wages of their employes, reduced during the panic of 1907.

MARRIAGES.

Frank Jock and Miss Laura Morland, at Rogers, February 7.

J. B. Sampson and Miss Pearl Jasper, at Fort Smith, February 9.

Booker Milemon and Miss Rose Walker, at Fort Smith, February 9.

J. B. Mott and Miss Amy J. Troate, at Fort Smith, February 8.

S. P. Spears and Miss Georgia P. Smith, near Prescott, February 7.

Zelt Dees and Miss Lillian Shea, at Mars Hill, February 7.

DEATHS.

Mrs. J. W. Evans, at Desha, February 8.

S. L. Howerton, 80 years of age, at Jamestown, February 9.

Lillie Harrison, 18 years of age, at Nashville, February 7.

Walter Wood, 17 years of age, at Searcy, February 10.

William P. Lindblad, at Malvern, February 7.

Mrs. J. C. Gossett, at Marmaduke, February 7.

M. A. Embree, at Magnolia, February 10.

Mrs. Eleanor Cutts, 80 years of age, at Magnolia, February 8.

The Big Stick SALE IS NOW ON

All $14.99 Suits $9.99 — All $9.99 Suits $7.99

THE UNITED Clothing Co.

N. E. Cor. Fouth & Main

PRESCRIBED BY DOCTORS.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, an honest, tried and true remedy for feminine ills, holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of any similar remedy, and is prescribed and recommended by hundreds of fair minded doctors who do not fear to recommend a worthy medicine even though it is advertised.

Neighborhood Favorite.

Mrs. E. D. Charles of Harbor, Me., speaking of Electric Bitters, says: "It is a neighborhood favorite here with us." It deserves to be a favorite everywhere. It gives quick relief in dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney derangement, malnutrition, nervousness, weakness and general debility. Its action on the blood, as a thorough purifier, makes it especially useful as a spring medicine. This grand alterative tonic is sold under guarantee at all druggists. 50c.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM provides all the financial protection of a powerful life insurance corporation, without unnecessary expense or accumulation of capital.

BELIEVE KNOX CAN ACCEPT

Senate Passes Bill to Remove Disabilities to Next Premier.

Washington, Feb. 11.—In the belief of the Senate all constitutional objection to the appointment of Senator Knox as secretary of state in the cabinet of President Taft will be removed by the approval of the house to a bill reported from the Committee on the Judiciary by Senator Clark, its chairman, as a substitute for the Hale bill and passed by the Senate tonight.

The measure was reported early in the day and was placed upon the calendar, where it remained until the Senate was about to adjourn. In order that it might be before the House of Representatives as soon as it meets Monday, it was then passed without debate, many senators having left the chamber during the short executive session that was held, believing there would be no more legislative business transacted.

It appears to be the general impression in the house that when the bill reaches that body it will be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

HELPED TO CORNER LINCOLN'S SLAYER

Thomas Cox Knew John Wilkes Booth as a Boy and Was in Party of 100 Detailed to Capture Assassin.

Thomas Cox, of 503 East Seventh street, president of the Thos. Cox & Sons Machinery Co., who has been a resident of Arkansas and Little Rock for more than 30 years, was intimately connected with the capture of John Wilkes Booth, the slayer of Abraham Lincoln, and tells the story of the chase and capture of the actor-assassin.

At the time of Lincoln's death Mr. Cox was in the United States navy and was on the boat Gov. Buckingham. "Fighting Bob" Evans was then the ensign on the same boat.

Shortly after the battle of Fort Fisher the Gov. Buckingham became disabled near the mouth of the Cape Fear river and was ordered to the dry docks at Portsmouth for repairs. The Monticello was assigned to tow the other boat, but when the boats came near Cape Hatteras, the wind was blowing so hard they had to be cut free to keep them from being blown on the shore.

Detailed to Capture Assassin.

Shortly after the Gov. Buckingham anchored near the mouth of the river, the hands were called on deck and 100 men were ordered to go on board a Clyde steamer. Mr. Cox was among the 100 men chosen. As soon as they went aboard the steamer they were carried ashore and there thrown into a picket line and instructed to keep a sharp lookout for Booth. This was the first they had heard of the death of the president.

Two days later Booth was caught in a barn and the barn was set on fire in order to force Booth to come out. Booth had kept up a continual fight while he was in the barn and the soldiers who had him cornered were afraid to approach within his sight. In the squad was Jack Cannon, a chum of Mr. Cox. Cannon had been formerly a playmate of Booth and knew him well. Mr Cox also knew Booth, having been born and raised within a short distance of Booth's home in Baltimore.

Is Certain Booth Was Shot.

It has been claimed that Booth was never captured and that the man who was shot and taken to Washington as Booth was in reality another person. Some have gone so far as to claim they saw and talked with Booth two years after his supposed death, but the story of Jack Cannon would effectually contradict any such claim. Cannon stated to Mr. Cox that the man the soldiers fought in the barn and afterward killed as he attempted to rush from the burning structure, was the same John Wilkes Booth he had known since childhood.

When Booth rushed out of the barn in a final endeavor to get away from his pursuers, he was shot down almost as soon as he set foot outside the door, says Cannon.

Amusements

"Paid in Full" was repeated at the Capital theater yesterday afternoon and last night. The success of the piece is due not only to the clever lines and plot, but equally to the good acting and stage setting. It is one of those dramas which requires capable actors for all the parts and which, even though well acted, would still fall short if that more or less elusive quality we call "atmosphere" were not there. That atmosphere is lent by the scenery and for an attention to detail, a bit unusual in road companies, Wagenhals and Kemper, the producers of the drama, are responsible. This is in evidence in every scene alike in the genteel poverty of the flat, with garments of man and wife to match, the indications of prosperity in the second act and most of all in the finely conceived captain's land quarters in the third. There is the capstan for a table, the schooner wheel hung to the wall, models of ships, marine pictures, spears taken from head hunters, a bunk instead of a bedstead, and trophies of many voyages to strange lands. It is the sea captain's "cabin" ashore to the letter.

Sara Perry, as Mrs. Brooks, plays the part with an intelligent conception of its requirements, and it calls for some versatility. In the first act she is very natural as the loving, self-sacrificing wife, who, having married for love, makes the best of poverty and, because she loves her husband, she, of course, thinks he is badly treated by his employer and refuses to resent all her husband's petulance and ill temper. She is still ready with her sympathy when his wrongdoing is exposed and it is only when he makes the infamous proposal that she use her charms to cajole the captain into not prosecuting him that her eyes are opened to his ignoble character, and repugnance usurps the place of love. In the scene with the captain, first in the majesty of outraged womanhood and later in her breakdown, as she realizes the latent goodness of heart, she is equally capable of expressing the emotions each phase demands.

Albert Brown has a pleasing role as Jimsey, and he portrays it so admirably that the audience in recalling the principals is not satisfied until he is included in the honors.

Artistically the act of Mr. and Mrs. Jack McGreevy is the best thing on the Majestic bill this week. Their impersonation of a truly rural couple is true to life. Whether in vaudeville or the legitimate there is nearly always a tendency to caricature such characters. In the work of the McGreevys there is absolutely no exaggeration. Evidently it is the result of a study from real life, and it is admirably done. In garb, in mannerisms and language they represent just what may be seen in any rural community in every state in the Union.

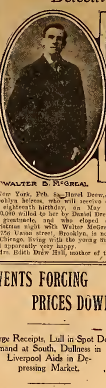
The bill is a good one generally. The other features consist of the Keatons and Buster, in their rough and tumble comedy acrobatic act; the A, B, C, D Girls, in songs and character changes, Zobedie, the great hand balancer; the Frey trio, wrestlers and exponents of physical culture. John and Mae Burke, in their comedy musical act, and Sarah Brandon and Ben S. Mears, in a farce.

The usual matinee tomorrow, when the smaller Keaton babies will appear.

Francis Wilson will be seen at the Capital theater tomorrow night, in Charles Marlow's (Mrs Jay) farce, "When Knights Were Bold." The New Orleans Item says of the piece, in part: "'When Knights Were Bold,' a scintillating farce by Charles Marlow (Mrs Jay), to the piece in which Mr. Wilson appeared. The Tulane audiences are frequently described by the adjective 'fashionable,' and consequently they feel that they are compelled to maintain a certain dignity. Sunday night the curtain had scarcely arose on the first act when suppressed mirth dominated the auditors. From smiles there gradually emanated ripples of laughter, and finally every one in the playhouse roared. Frequently Mr. Wilson was forced to pause before delivering his next lines.

"Mr. Wilson is supported by a notable company, including his daughter, Miss Adelaide Wilson. She has only a small part, but she is so sweet and winsome that she vitalizes it and makes it seem important when the play is viewed retrospectively."

Eloping Couple Who Evaded Detectives, Now in Chicago



WALTER D. McGREAL

MISS HAZEL DREW

New York, Feb. 11.—Hazel Drew, a Brooklyn heiress, who will receive on her eighteenth birthday, on May 1, $150,000 willed to her by Daniel Drew, her greatuncle, and who eloped on Christmas night with Walter McGreal of 758 Union street, Brooklyn, is now in Chicago, living with the young man and apparently very happy.

Mrs. Edith Drew Hall, mother of the girl, of 272 Sixth avenue, Brooklyn, who swore out a warrant for the arrest of McGreal on a charge of abduction and who sent detectives in search of the couple, failed to find any trace of them. The discovery of the whereabouts of the eloping couple came through a letter written by the young man to his father, T. J. McGreal, under date of January 10.

EVENTS FORCING PRICES DOWN

Large Receipts, Lull in Spot Demand at South, Dullness in Liverpool Aids in Depressing Market.

New York, Feb. 11.—Events of one kind or another have forced prices downward, but on every decline the market has encountered buying orders which have acted as a sort of automatic support. These are accounted for largely by reports of dry weather, both east and west of the Mississippi river. Spinners' takings have been increasing and once more visible supplies of all kinds of cotton have begun to decrease more rapidly after a brief lull, than a year ago. Some of the dry goods reports, too, have been rather more cheerful.

A sharp falling off in the crop movement is predicted by some for the near future.

At the moment, however, large receipts, the lull in the spot demand at the South—though liberal sales have been made at New York—dullness and depression in Liverpool and a very large stock have a more or less clogging if not depressing effect on the market. Weather conditions east of the Mississippi have latterly been relieved in a measure, at least, by rains. Heavy liquidation has taken place and prominent spot interests have been large sellers, it is understood, of May and July, even if they bought some October. Liverpool, the South and Wall street have sold, but Texas is dry and the whole South needs rain. A cold backward spring that might cut down the acreage is one of the existing bug bears. Heavy selling of March and May and buying of October were the features on Thursday.

BIG GIFT TO FUND TO DEFEND ENGLAND

Alarm Over Possible Invasion Causes Remarkable Contribution to Esher's Recruiting Fund.

London.—England apparently is in a panic over the possibility of invasion by a hostile army. Numerous incidents following the production of the play, "An Englishman's Home," built on such a possibility, show the state of mind of the general public.

Lord Esher, having appealed through The Daily Mail for 11,000 volunteers to complete the quota of the county of London in the territorial army, an anonymous reader has sent to him a check for $50,000 to assist in the work of recruiting this force.

The solemn warnings which Lord Roberts has been uttering for two years and the fervid speeches which Mr. Haldane, the minister of war, has been making all over the country, have done their work, and suddenly, under the influence of the realistic play, the whole people have awakened to a realization of what war would mean. Nothing is talked of in the street, the club, the home, except the defense of the island.

Efforts, which can be described only as frenzied, are being made to recruit the territorial army. The vaunted efficiency of the navy is more than suspected as its condition is closely inspected. The admiralty is asking the government for authority to lay down six dreadnoughts this year. This is a panic program, and, taken in connection with the fresh concentration of naval strength in the North Sea—most inopportunely announced on the eve of the king's departure for Berlin—is sufficient evidence of the hollow mockery of the pretense that England and Germany are prepared to abandon their mutual suspicions.

Among the declarations in Herr Stein's book on the kaiser which is exercising diplomatic circles here is one to the effect that the present home-defense agitation in England is really the consequence of a demand by France which requires England to create a big standing army before she will allow the entente to develop into a formal alliance. Herr Stein proceeds:

"The funds for augmenting the British army would certainly be granted by the British Parliament if the expenditure for the fleet could simultaneously be decreased without sacrificing the two power standard—that is, if Germany would agree to a mutual limitation of naval armament. This direct hint was given at Kronenberg in August, 1908, but Kaiser William was not romantic enough to agree to this method of making the world happy."

Walk to Your Meals Like a Man

Eat What You Will and Learn to Enjoy Food and to Digest It.

HERE'S THE SECRET, FREE.

Make up your mind after reading this that you will let the next meal hold no terrors for you.

You can enjoy it. You can digest it. All that is needed is to give nature the juices she lacks, to give the stomach a chance to remove the terrible irritating acids, alkalies and gasses which turn food and nourishment into gas and decomposition.

When a system is run down and depleted it needs building up. Ashes won't rekindle a fire and wrong digestive fluids will not take proper juices from food, no matter how good the food is.

Is this common sense? Men spend years and even life experimenting on the human system, what it lacks in disease and what it needs in perfection. This knowledge is known to every physician or should be. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are compressed natural vegetable and fruit essences which when mixed with the saliva of the mouth go into the stomach capable of digesting a full meal and they digest it to the uttermost shred. Then such a meal does a man good and it gives to him the means to overcome stomach troubles. Forty thousand physicians use these tablets and charge you for writing a testimonial of their merit which they call a prescription. Any druggist in America or Canada will sell you a box for 50c. Think of it. Every druggist carries them. Here's common sense again. Don't this tell you there is merit? Go to your druggist today, buy a package and walk up to your meals knowing that they will not cause you pain. Send us your name and address and we will send you a free trial package by mail. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

HAECKEL TO TALK ON DARWIN.

Berlin.—The one hundredth anniversary of Darwin's birth, February 12 will be widely celebrated in German scientific circles. Most interesting festivities will take place at the University of Jena, where Germany's greatest Darwinian professor, Ernest Haeckel, will deliver an address which will be notable because it will mark Prof. Haeckel's formal retirement from professional life.

There is said to be no connection between this circumstance and the charges of diagram "faking" recently launched against Prof. Haeckel. That the famous savant's reputation will not be seriously impaired by the attacks of his rivals is apparent from the interest being taken in the project to hold a national celebration in recognition of the glory his life and works have shed upon German science.

Scholars representing all branches of learning have joined the Committee of Arrangements. It is probable that the committee will decide to honor Prof. Haeckel in some enduring form, such as the creation of a museum, laboratory, or library, bearing his name at the Jena University.

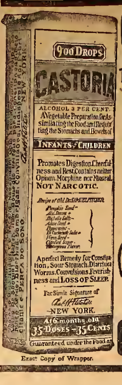
RIVER BULLETIN.

(1) Stations; (2) flood stage in feet; (3) height in feet; (4) change in 24 hours.

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)
Fort Smith	22	1.9	fall	0.5
Dardanelle	21	5.3		0.0
LITTLE ROCK	23	4.9	rise	[illegible]
Pine Bluff	25	0.0	...	[illegible]
Calico Rock	18	1.6	....	0.8
Batesville	18	3.3	fall	[illegible]
Newport	26	6.0	....	0.0
Clarendon	30	11.1	rise	0.1
Davenport	15	5.7	fall	0.1
St. Louis	30	10.2	...	0.0
Memphis	35	12.4	rise	0.1
Helena, Ark	42	15.0	fall	0.1
Vicksburg	45	23.5	fall	2.8

The Arkansas and the White will not change much during the next 24 hours.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM is established for the education of its members and to assist the widows and orphans of deceased members.



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The Kind You Have Always Bought

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Norton's Emery Wheels.
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Eureka Fire Hose.

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Coal! Coal! Coal!

We offer to deliver Coal at the following prices until further notice:

Bernice Grata Size	$7.00	per ton
Bernice Egg Size	7.50	per ton
Bernice No. 4 Size	5.00	per ton
Eureka Grate Size	6.50	per ton
Eureka Egg Size	6.75	per ton
Eureka No. 4 Size	7.25	per ton
Joany Land Forked Lump	6.00	per ton
Denning Forked Lump	6.00	per ton
Midland Valley Forked Lump	6.00	per ton
Big Muddy Egg	6.00	per ton
McAlester Egg	7.25	per ton
Gas Coke	6.50	per ton

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G. W. CLARK, President. LOUIS MEYER, Sec. and Treas. J. H. THALMAN, Manager. Capacity 70,000 Per Day.

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Manufacturers of FINE FRONT, COMMON AND FIRE BRICK AND MILLED FIRE CLAY

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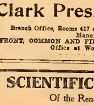
SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT

Of the Renowned Specialist DR. J. J. THOMAS



Dr. Thomas And Staff of Specialists.

Offer you the large and valuable experience of the longest established and most reliable specialists in Little Rock.

My success has come as a reward of ability and honest, earnest and scientific application of thorough understanding. There is not another physician or specialist anywhere who treats Diseases of Men and Women as I treat them. This is a fact that should be duly considered by those who have repeatedly been disappointed in their efforts to obtain a cure. In no other branch of practice has medical science so lagged and the forms of treatment now commonly employed among the profession are based upon theories that have been handed down through generations of doctors. As evidence of this is the prevalent inability to successfully cope with those ailments peculiar to men and women.

I SUCCESSFULLY TREAT BLOOD POISON, NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE AND ALL URINARY, KIDNEY AND BLADDER AND PRIVATE DISEASES.

FREE CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE AT THE OFFICE OR BY MAIL.

Office Hours: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m.

HOME TREATMENT. One personal visit is always preferred, but if you cannot call, write regarding our Home Cure.

DR. THOMAS CO., 303½ Main Street, (Over Foster Hdw. Co.) Little Rock, Ark.

Read the Gazette Want Ads.

WOMAN'S NIGHTMARE

No woman can be happy without children; it is her nature to love them as much so as it is the beautiful and pure. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass is so full of dread that the thought fills her with apprehension. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either very painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend prepares the system for the coming event, and it is passed without any danger. This remedy is applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the crisis with but little suffering.

Book containing information of value to all expectant mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

¶ The proudest products of past seasons are eclipsed with our spring showing of "Clothes for College Chaps."

¶ In designs more uniquely clever, in shades and tones more handsome, our exposition of garments carrying the atmosphere of the campus is highly interesting.

¶ Our south window, containing a show of these garments, is worth going out of your way to see.

¶ $15 to $30.

Pfeifers
ON MAIN AT 4TH
BEST KNOWN FOR BETTER CLOTHES

COUNTY OPTION LAW REPEALED

The Measure Is Compromise and Friends Believe It Will Pass Senate—Provides for Ward Option.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 11.—The Proctor-Tomlinston county option repeal bill was passed by the Indiana House of Representatives this afternoon.

The Kleckner bill, substituting township and ward local option for county option, and understood to be the Democratic platform measure, failed to pass for lack of a constitutional majority of 51.

The vote on this bill was 48 to 47.

Followed Hot Debate.

The passage of the Proctor-Tomlinson bill followed the hottest debate of the session. It was agreed upon as a compromise measure by the Democratic majority of the house. There were 10 Democratic representatives, however, who voted against the bill. Four Republicans voted for it.

Champions of the Proctor-Tomlinson compromise bill express confidence that their bill will pass the Senate, which is controlled by the Republicans. A few Republican senators are said to favor the repeal of the county local option law, but they have refused to make public their attitude on the Proctor-Tomlinson bill. Democratic house leaders expect to bring the Kleckner platform bill up for consideration again in the house, and, if possible, pass both bills to the Senate.

Provides for Ward Option.

The Proctor-Tomlinson bill which passed the house today provides for incorporated town and city ward local option. It would enforce prohibition in the rural districts. It allows but one saloon to 500 inhabitants and does away with saloons owned by breweries and operated by their agents. The bill increases the present license according to the class of city.

HAINS' LAWYER IS ARRESTED

Held in Connection With Plot to Release Mercer From Tombs.

New York, Feb. 11.—Investigation of the plot to release Remington Mercer from the Tombs prison, which caused the arrest last night of James A. Shay, formerly of counsel for Thornton J. Hains in the Annis murder trial, was begun today by the city authorities.

District Attorney Jerome, who caused Shay's arrest, said that no suspicion of any kind was attached to John F. McIntyre, who has been mentioned by Mercer in a statement made last night.

Commissioner of Corrections Barry and Warden Flynn of the Tombs prison, after an examination of the two keepers arrested by order of District Attorney Jerome on suspicion of connivance in the alleged plot for the escape of Mercer, declared late today that nothing in the evidence submitted had gone to prove participation in the jail delivery plot, if plot there had been, of the two keepers.

The case against Shay on the charge of aiding and abetting Mercer in an attempt to escape from prison was adjourned until Monday.

SOCIALIST BANNER REMOVED

No Trouble at Taft Visit to New Orleans.

New Orleans, Feb. 11.—There is no truth in the report emanating from New Orleans that there was a Socialistic demonstration here soon after Taft arrived. The removal by the police of an offensive Socialist banner before Taft arrived proved the only ground for rumors.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets, as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? Snodgrass & Bracy.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Swaim, 3202 High street, a son, February 11.

BUY THE BEST COAL AND DRY WOOD.—Cornish Coal and Wood Company. Old phone 1418.

BORN.—To Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lark, of 1216 Park avenue, at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a son.

NOTICE DANCERS.—Don't forget the dance of the Fraternal Dancing Club tonight, Maccabees hall. Gentlemen 50c, ladies free.

The Misses Hattie M. and Theresa Cohn start tonight for New York city, where they will purchase their spring stock of millinery.

A. O. U. W. WILL INITIATE 12.—The West End Lodge No. 13, A. O. U. W., will initiate a class of 12 candidates at their hall tonight.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.—If in trouble, call us. Will do your work promptly. Arkansas Pump and Pipe Company, 605 Main street. Both phones 578.

HUMANE OFFICER NAMED.—The State Humane Society yesterday appointed W. S. Rankin of Lake Village as humane officer for Chicot county.

DRY WOOD, COAL.—Leas Fuel Co.

For remnants of linoleums, mattings and carpets, less than one-half price, see Tom C. Adair Furniture Company, 115 West Fifth street.

West End Lodge No. 13, A. O. U. W., will meet tonight at hall, corner Markham and Chester streets. All members are urged to be present. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.—White—Paul V. Stanley, 25, Levy, Essie Love, 18, Argenta; Arthur Cecil Wilson, 28, Ina Sides, 24, Little Rock; D. J. Conner, 28, Little Rock, Annie J. Howard, 19, Morrell.

Members of the Lincoln Club and others who desire to attend the Lincoln anniversary banquet at the Hotel Marion tonight should apply to Capt. F. W. Tucker at once. A limited number of seats are left.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY WILL BE observed at the Hotel Marion in a befitting manner. A special table de hote dinner will be served between the hours of 6 and 8:30 p. m. Price, $1, including choice split of claret or sauterne.

ACTRESS IS WILLIAM ZEISLER'S COUSIN.—Edon Burns, a member of the Francis Wilson Company, which will present "When Knights Were Bold" at the Capital theater tomorrow night, is a cousin of William Zeisler of 413 East Third street.

OPERATION ON MRS. KINGSLEY.—Mrs. E. A. Kingsley, wife of the superintendent of public works, was operated upon yesterday morning at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and late last night it was stated that her condition was most satisfactory.

HOPE TO OPEN HOTEL FEBRUARY 20.—"It now seems that the Capital hotel will be ready for opening by February 20," said H. F. Auten, secretary of the Business Men's League, yesterday. "A large force of decorators and about 115 other workmen are at present working on the hotel. Every effort is being made to complete the work by this date."

SERVICES AT SYNAGOGUE.—Divine service will be held at the Synagogue tonight, as usual, at 8 o'clock. Mrs. L. Summerfield Frank will render a violin solo and Prof. Armellini will give a cornet accompaniment to the national anthem sung by the choir. Rabbi Witt will deliver an address on "Lincoln's Contribution to American Ideals." The public is invited.

ARRESTS ON CHARGES OF BURGLARY.—Two or three arrests have been made and men are being held under suspicion of having robbed the saloons of Miller & Ottenheimer on West Fifth and Fifth and Center streets. The thieves' hauls from the two places amounted to less than $15. Officer Pricur arrived on the scene just too late to effect the capture of the men, who ran as he approached.

DATE FOR HIGH SCHOOL MINSTRELS.—Friday, February 26, has been set as the date on which the minstrel show for the benefit of the High School Athletic Association will be given at the high school auditorium. The program will consist of athletic stunts, comedy and songs. About 30 high school boys will participate in the show. They will be assisted by entertainers from outside the school.

LYCEUM DEBATES BANK GUARANTY.—The question "Resolved, that Arkansas should have a bank guaranty law like that of Oklahoma" was debated at a meeting of the Gour Lyceum last night, with H. Blasdel and George B. McCarty on the affirmative and B. J. Engle and J. S. M. Cannon on the negative. The judges decided in favor of the affirmative. The program was opened by A. O. Andrews, who read a paper on the life of Daniel Webster. J. T. Whitaker followed with a paper on Abraham Lincoln.

S. I. A. RAISES PIANO FUND BY A PARTY.—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the School Improvement Association of the Robert E. Lee school gave a Valentine party at the residence of H. S. Turner, 3265 West Fifteenth street, last night. About 200 people were present. The proceeds of the entertainment will go to the piano fund of the Robert E. Lee school. The funds raised will nearly complete the payment on the instrument. The entertainment was in charge of Mrs. H. A. Pittard, president of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

W. O. W. COMMITTEE TO REPORT ON BUILDING PLANS.—The report of the committee having in charge the plans for the erection of the proposed $60,000 lodge home will be heard at the meeting of Forest Camp No. 5, Woodmen of the World, tonight. The camp purchased the southeast corner of Ninth and Scott streets at a cost of $8,500 a month ago and plans the erection of a three-story brick building to cost in the neighborhood of $60,000. The building would be equipped with lodge rooms, halls, bowling alley, pool and billiard and bath rooms. The committee having the matter in charge is composed of W. E. Lenon, Charles Hafor and E. M. Merriman.

POULTRY ASSOCIATION OFFICERS.—The Little Rock Poultry Association, which met yesterday, elected officers for the present year. At the next meeting of the association, which will be held February 25, the new officers will be installed and plans will be formulated for the state show to be held by the State Poultry Association in Little Rock next year. The following officers were elected yesterday: Z. B. Curtis, president; W. F. Overstreet, vice president; E. L. Rodman, secretary; J. M. Foster, treasurer. The members of the Executive Committee are: J. M. Cobb, Oscar Beadle, J. M. Foster, C. M. Connor, P. J. Janson, W. F. Overstreet and H. A. Chittenden.

CONFIDENCE.

We Back Up Our Statements With Our Personal Reputation and Money.

We are so positive that we can cure constipation, no matter how chronic it may be, that we offer to furnish the medicine free of all costs if we fail.

It is worse than useless to attempt to cure constipation with cathartic drugs. Laxatives or cathartics do much harm. They cause a reaction, irritate and weaken the bowels and make constipation more chronic. Besides, their use becomes a habit that is dangerous and often fatal.

Constipation is caused by weakness of the nerves and muscles of the large intestine or descending colon. To expect a cure you must therefore tone up and strengthen those organs and restore them to healthier activity.

The discovery of the active principle of our remedy evolved the labor of the world's greatest research chemists. It possesses all the best qualities of the remedial active principle of the best known intestinal tonics, and it is particularly prompt in its results.

We want you to try Rexall Orderlies on our guarantee. They are exceedingly pleasant to take and are ideal for children. They act directly on the nerves and muscles of the bowels. They have a neutral action on other organs or glands. They do not purge or cause any inconvenience whatever. They will positively cure chronic or habitual constipation and the myriads of associate or dependent chronic ailments. Try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. 36 tablets 25c, 12 tablets 10c. Snodgrass & Bracy and Gibson Drug Company.

ENGLISH DIPLOMAT SEES VON BUELOW

Much Curiosity in the Conference—Edward Slightly Ill, but Keeps Prearranged Engagements.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—Intense curiosity is being displayed by the German people concerning Sir Charles Hardinge's conference with Chancellor Von Buelow last night. The authorities, however, maintain the strictest reticence except to state that every subject was touched upon in which the policy of both nations is interested and that the result of the discussion was most satisfactory to both sides. It is understood that before the departure of King Edward, Sir Charles will have a conference with the chancellor.

The indisposition of the king, who was suffering today from a mild attack of bronchial catarrh, is so slight that he was able to carry out the greater part of the prearranged program without inconvenience.

Accompanied by the queen and emperor and empress, his majesty paid a lengthy visit to the Emperor Frederick museum. The royal party afterwards dined with the crown prince and crown princess at their palace, after which they attended a gala performance of Sardanapalus at the opera house.

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat, soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. Snodgrass & Bracy.

MISS GREEN TO WED.

Galt, Ont., Feb. 11.—Miss Kate Wilkes of this city is notifying her friends in Galt of the following announcement made this week to their family and intimate friends:

"Mrs. Hetty Green, New York, announces the engagement of her only daughter, Miss Silvia, to Dr. Matthew Astor Wilkes, New York, eldest son of the late Matthew Wilkes, Cruikston Park, Galt, Ont."

Farmers' Column

THEIR RELATIVE VALUES.

As to the relative feeding value of cottonseed meal at $25 per ton and oil meal at $30, it depends very much on what it is to be fed with, and whether the feeder has hogs to follow his cattle. If he is feeding corn alone he can get flesh-formers considerably cheaper from the cottonseed meal, even at the same price, than he can from the oil meal.

Cottonseed meal at the rate of 3 or 4 pounds per day can safely be fed to cattle, even if there are hogs to follow. Cottonseed meal fed exclusively, or more than 3 pounds per day, is likely in time to have some bad effects on the cattle, and most certainly on hogs.

In short, cottonseed meal is richer in protein than oil meal. Oil meal, however, is the most palatable and safest.

There appears to be quite a difference in the various brands of cottonseed meal, depending on the locality in which it is grown.

The meal from cotton grown in the western part of Texas is not as valuable as the meal from cotton grown in the central portion of the cotton belt.

Corn and clover pasture forms a nearly balanced ration and there will be little danger of injuring the breeding qualities of the pigs if they are allowed plenty of corn and the run of a good clover pasture.

CARE OF THE YOUNG HORSE.

Work with young horses intended for next season's work while you have time this winter. Halter and stall them, groom them daily and harness them frequently so that they become accustomed to your working with them. It requires time for the young horse to find out many things required of it in regular work. If it is first taught the feel of the halter and harness there will be less for it to think about when it is hitched up for work. A well broken horse is worth much more than one poorly broken. In selling the horse that is the first inquiry of the buyer.

FEEDING YOUNG TURKEYS.

For food the first few days give hard boiled eggs chopped fine, bread softened in milk, cornmeal wet up in milk, etc., three or four times a day. They must not be allowed to go hungry nor to eat food that has soured. Give milk to drink. If confined on floor by reason of cold weather or storms give green food chopped fine and mixed with their rations and hay seed to scratch in. As feathers begin to take place of the down they may be allowed to range somewhat.—W. T. Eastwood.

Englishwoman Arrives to Make Fight Against the Vivisectionists

Miss Lind-af-Hageby, who has arrived in New York from London to prosecute a campaign against vivisectionists. She is president of the International AntiVivisection Association.

LINCOLN DAY TO BE OBSERVED HERE

Exercises to Be Held in the Schools—Banquet at Marion Tonight Principal Feature of the Day.

The centennial anniversary of Abraham Lincoln will be observed in Little Rock quite generally. Appropriate exercises will be held in the schools, and flags will be floated from those school buildings which possess them. All federal offices will observe the anniversary of the birth of the martyred president. Members of the G. A. R. and the Woman's Relief Corps, the auxiliary body, will fittingly celebrate the day, and after nightfall an elaborate banquet and celebration, in which many of the prominent citizens of Little Rock will participate, will be held at the Hotel Marion.

Superintendent of City Schools B. W. Torreyson said yesterday that the schools would observe Lincoln's centennial anniversary by appropriate programs of recitations, songs, essays and readings about Lincoln. No holiday, however, will be allowed the pupils as a body.

The banquet at the Hotel Marion tonight will be generally attended by the members of the G. A. R. and the Woman's Relief Corps, as well as by many other prominent local citizens. Covers will be laid for 200 guests. Several of the persons who will participate in the banquet knew Lincoln during his lifetime and some of them were his close personal friends.

WOULD BUY PENITENTIARY.

Guthrie, Okla., Feb. 11.—An appropriation of $150,000 for the erection of a penitentiary and the purchase of 640 acres of farm land at McAlester is carried in a bill recommended for passage by the house in Committee of the Whole today.

"A Man's Window"

We are going to give you a strictly man's window for two days. Nothing but Fobs, with plain buckle or with buckle and seal, from $1 to $5. Vest chains, gold-filled, curb rope or fancy, from $1.50 to $10. Lockets and Charms, gold-filled, from $1 to $10.

These goods are popular priced and up-to-date.

You want to look at them, for it is no trouble to show you any article you select.

Spott & Jefferson
JEWELERS,
216 MAIN STREET,
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Obituary

PNEUMONIA TAKES MRS. LOUISE OLIVER

Widow of Col. William S. Oliver Dies at the Home of Her Daughter—Funeral Will Be Today.

Mrs. Louise M. Oliver, widow of the late Col. William S. Oliver, died yesterday at 2:30 p. m. at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John McClure Jr., 823 East Ninth street. Death was due to pneumonia, which developed into spinal meningitis.

The funeral will be held at the residence of Mrs. McClure this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The active pallbearers will be: O. H. Thomas, G. W. Clark, W. S. Holt, W. O. Akers, T. J. Gay and James A. Ginocchio. The honorary pallbearers will be: Fay Hempstead, E. Longley, C. C. Waters, James Coates, P. C. Dooley and Dill L. Phillips. The burial will be at Mount Holly cemetery.

Mrs. Oliver's husband commanded a regiment in Grant's army during the Vicksburg campaign. Twenty-five years ago he was prominent in Little Rock. He was sheriff of Pulaski county one term. Col. and Mrs. Oliver left Little Rock 18 years ago and lived on a ranch in Lower California, where Col. Oliver died. Mrs. Oliver returned to Little Rock when her daughter was married five years ago. Mrs. Oliver is also survived by a sister, Mrs. D. H. Barnes, of Port Arthur, Tex.

MISS MAY M'KENZIE.

The body of Miss May McKenzie, the only woman deaconess in Arkansas, who died recently at Crossett, was brought through Little Rock yesterday. It was taken first to the establishment of Healey & Roth and afterward to the home of Rev. J. M. Workman, 1305 Barber avenue. At 12:30 it was put on the train for Atlanta. Rev. J. D. Hammons, pastor of the Crossett Methodist church, accompanied the body to Atlanta.

HENRY MEADOWS.

Special to the Gazette.

Pine Bluff, Feb. 11.—Henry Meadows, 62 years old, a well-known resident of this section, died today. He leaves a large family.

J. H. HALL.

Special to the Gazette.

Kingsland, Feb. 11.—The body of J. H. Hall, a director of the Cleveland County bank, who died at Fort Townsend, Okla., last Sunday, arrived here at noon Tuesday and was met by the order of Woodmen of the World of Kingsland, of which he was a member. The W. O. W. lodges of several near-by towns also participated in the funeral ceremonies.

ARTISTIC FLORAL DESIGNS, also large assortment of Cut Flowers, at Vestal's, leading florist, 409 Main. Both 'phones 463.

HARRIS SUCCEEDS TRUMBULL.

New York, Feb. 11.—Geo. B. Harris, president of the Chicago Burlington and Quincy Railroad, was today elected president of the Colorado and Southern Railroad at a meeting of directors here. Mr. Harris succeeds Frank Trumbull, who resigned and was also elected to succeed Grenville M. Dodge, as chairman of the board.

Dr. N. S. Snyder
Hot Springs, Ark.

The England National Bank
IS MANAGED BY PRUDENT AND SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN.

Mighty Good Creamery Butter Today

We offer today a splendid quality of Creamery Butter, fresh from the creamery. Guaranteed absolutely pure and wholesome. Graded according to its real value at

40c, 37½c and 35c pound.

Do you know it is far better for you to eat less Butter and eat Good Butter than insist on quantity. No article of food is more injurious than bad Butter, so be sure it is pure. To insure purity buy it at

Kramer's

Phone 424. 319 Main Street.

The only place for valuable papers is in the safe deposit vaults of the

Little Rock Trust Co.

Capital and Surplus $150,000
Third and Main Sts.
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Most secure and convenient in the city. $3.50 per year and up. You are invited to call and inspect the same.

GLEASON'S EUROPEAN HOTEL
RESTAURANT IN CONNECTION.
Rooms $1.00 Up.
Electric Lights, Electric Elevator, Long Distance Telephone, Telegraph and Typewriting.
WE USE BOILED FILTERED WATER
Corner Second and Center streets, Little Rock, Ark.

PERSONALS.

A. E. Adams of Bluff City is the guest of N. E. Wall.

County Judge Asher spent yesterday morning on the Little Rock, Maumelle and Western, looking over some rock which it is proposed to furnish the county.

Road Commissioner Frank Nichols inspected the bridge across Leopard creek yesterday.

Ransom Gully, formerly state treasurer, has moved his family to 1021 Scott street to make his home with his son, L. C. Gully, superintendent of the Argenta postal station.

Max Fredick is suffering from a severe attack of the gout.

B. J. Cunningham of Helena is in the city.

N. C. Marsh and family of El Dorado are in Little Rock, en route to Fayetteville, N. C.

Rufe Williams of Forrest City, prosecuting attorney of his district, is in the city.

Sheriff C. L. Lewis of Marion, Crittenden county, is in the city.

E. M. Funk of Rogers, editor of the Rogers Democrat, is in the city to attend the Press Association.

W. B. Williams of Brinkley is in Little Rock.

C. B. Kyle of Magazine was in the city yesterday.

W. T. Echols of Cotton Plant, one of the oldest newspaper men in the state, is in Little Rock.

J. L. Crownover of Rover, Yell county, is in the city.

Joe Newman of Vicksburg, Miss., has moved to Little Rock and has taken charge of the Gleason cafe.

ARKANSANS AT HOTELS.

GLEASON'S—J. D. Perry, Forman; R. F. Bradford, Lonoke; James Thygnall, DeVall's Bluff; R. S. Rogers, Searcy; J. B. Alexander, Lonoke; W. T. Echols, Cotton Plant; W. L. Williams, R. C. Reynolds, Junction City; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Folsom, Brinkley; James P. Hoye, Fort Smith; F. P. Park, Brinkley; R. H. Harden, England; Mrs. Bessie Thuxen, Fort Smith; G. L. Smith, Newport; J. W. Bowman, Texarkana; C. A. Stuart, Powhatan; J. S. Enright, Pine Bluff; Jen Jinks, Searcy; J. L. Lewis, Marion.

MERCHANTS'—W. C. Walters, Pine Bluff; C. L. Davis, Roland; C. A. McCarthy, El Dorado; J. Swaim, J. W. Showmake, W. T. McClanahan, England; R. W. Robins, Conway; A. M. Shield, N. R. Clark, M. M. Williams, Spadra; J. F. Fairbanks, Malvern.

MARION—Edwin Berens, Helena; F. D. McCaffey and E. P. Shoffner, Newport; W. P. Weld, Marianna; Mrs. Waufman, N. C. Dunham, Dick Gill, Dardanelle; Mrs. Albert Black, Fort Smith; Carl Spellman, Helena.

METROPOLITAN—W. A. Ingrig, Conway; Mrs. T. C. Nelson, Texarkana; H. A. Nelson, Hot Springs; G. R. Brooks, Fowler; T. A. Turner, Hope; H. F. Closs, Mena; J. A. Burns, Wilmot; Adlai Searcy, Desha; G. A. Mosley, Perry; N. W. Boyd, L. M. Seaton, England; J. L. Smith, Bauxite; Ed L. Lucas, Ola.

The Merchants' Hotel.

European plan. Headquarters for commercial men. J. R. Frazier, proprietor, 18 years on the road. Rooms, $1 without bath. Rooms, $1.50 and $2 with bath. Phones in every room. Convenient to business center, state and court houses and to theater.

CASH PAID FOR SECOND-HAND FURNITURE AT EXCHANGE FURNITURE CO.'S, 123 W. FIFTH. OLD PHONE 3011.

Beautiful Valentine Candy Boxes

NOW ON DISPLAY

We have an exceptionally fine line of heart-shaped Candy Boxes.

You can get a nice box from $1 up to $5.

Heart Ice Cream and heart-shaped Cakes for Valentine parties. Large Candy Hearts for placecards.

Write, wire or phone your order to

Errett Hamilton

220 Main St.

Phone 94

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Falling Hair — Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly destroys the germs that cause falling hair. It nourishes the hair-bulbs, restores them to health. The hair stops falling out, grows more rapidly.

Dandruff — Ayer's Hair Vigor just as promptly destroys the germs that cause dandruff. It removes every trace of dandruff, and keeps the scalp clean and in a healthy condition.

We wish you to positively and distinctly understand that Ayer's Hair Vigor does not affect the color of the hair, even to the slightest degree.

Few Realize

How quickly money accumulates when saved systematically in small amounts. Open an account TODAY at our Bank if you can start with only $1, and see if you are not surprised at the large sum to your credit at the end of a year.

We add 4 per cent interest to the amount you deposit.

FOR SALE

EASTSIDE COTTAGE—8 rooms with every modern convenience; beautifully arranged; desirable neighborhood; near car and school; reasonable price and terms. See it AT 1517 Barber avenue.

CAN YOU BEAT THIS?—10-room, modern house; strictly up to date; good servants' room in yard, and plenty of stable room; nice lot with pretty lawn; excellent neighborhood; half-block from car line. You can see it at No. 1311 Welch street. Price, $4,650.

Citizens' Investment and Security Co.
210 W. Second Street.

CUMBERLAND PLANS A HARD SCHEDULE

Twenty-one Games to Be Played by the Clarksville School—Team Already Doing Light Practice.

Special to the Gazette.

Clarksville, Feb 11.—The Cumberland College baseball team has for the past two weeks been doing light practice work in order to fit them for the hard schedule that has been arranged. Edgar Cowan, who played with the Hot Springs team of the Arkansaw State League last season, has been coaching the team.

Coach Cowan has arranged a systematic course of exercise for the men to undergo each day, which will put them in the best condition for hard practice when weather conditions permit. There are about 30 men trying for places on the team and from this material Cowan expects to develop one of the fastest teams in the state.

The schedule arranged for the Cumberland team is long, consisting of about 25 games. Henderson College opens the season here on the 2d and 3d of April. The Cumberland team will then go to Fayetteville, where it plays the University on the 8th 9th and 10th of April.

Coach Cowan will bend every effort to have his team in such condition as to make a good showing against the University. The games with Henderson will be a great advantage to the local college men in their games with the state institution, as they are about one week before the games at Fayetteville.

RACING DATES FOR NEW YORK WITHHELD

Understood Jockey Club Will Postpone Action Until Status Is Cleared Up—Season May Open in May.

New York, Feb 11.—At the meeting of the stewards of the Jockey Club here today no action was taken in regard to the granting of racing dates for the coming season, it was announced. It is understood that the Jockey Club will postpone any action until the status of racing is more satisfactorily cleared up by the decisions in higher courts on appeals now pending from the lower courts. It is likely the coming racing season in this state will not open before May.

The Board of Directors of the Saratoga Racing Association met today and elected R. T. Wilson Jr. president in place of Francis R. Hitchcock, resigned, and J. Harry Alexandre, vice president, in place of Harry Payne Whitney.

The association will ask for the usual racing dates during August at Saratoga.

SURPRISES AT EMERYVILLE

Cleopatra Fell in the Stretch—Track Sloppy From Rain.

Oakland, Feb 11.—Rain fell during the greater part of the day at Emeryville, and the track was sloppy. There were several surprises, the favorites failing to show to advantage. In the first race, Cleopatra fell while running prominently in the stretch, but Deverich escaped injury and later rode Osceola to victory. Lens won the fourth race and was bid up from $400 to $805 by E. C. Marshall. Pat Dunne retained him. The Dunne colors were also carried to victory by the Peer.

First Race—Six furlongs. Hal won, Louis Strauber second, San Gil third. Time, 1:19 3-5.

Second Race—Three and one-half furlongs, selling. Judge Quinn won, Warfare second, Electrowan third. Time, 14 4-5.

Third Race—Six furlongs, selling. Osceola won, Ace of Diamonds second, Cuernavaca third. Time, 1:18.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs, selling. Lens won, Minol second, Brush Up third. Time, 1:17 3-5.

Fifth Race—One mile, selling. The Peer won, Steel second, Fool Loose third. Time, 1:47 1-5.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs, selling. Blameless won, Deacon second, Darrington third. Time, 1:16 2-5.

TONEY BONERO IS A WINNER

Taking Commanding Lead Early, He Gets Money Easily.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 11.—Tony Bonero, heavily played at 8 to 5, won the Linda Vista handicap, seven furlongs, at Santa Anita today. He was backed down from 11 to 5 to 8 to 5 at the post. Tony Bonero broke in front, and, taking a commanding lead early, won by six lengths. Three favorites won over a muddy track.

First Race—Five and a half furlongs. Great Heavens won, Pin second, Furnace third. Time, 1:07 2-5.

Second Race—Three and a half furlongs, purse. Sure Get won, Medallion second, Hindoo Star third. Time, :42.

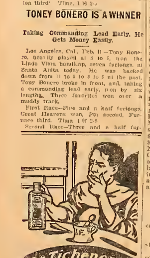
Third Race—Mile and Three won, Lawton Wiggins second, Marh Antony II. third. Time, 1:40.

Fourth Race—The Linda Vista handicap, seven furlongs. Tony Bonero won, Joe Madden second, Fleming third. Time, 1:26 1-5.

Fifth Race—Mile and an eighth. Capt Burnett won, Lord Stanhope second, Meniina third. Time, 1:56 1-5.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs, purse. Chitlo won, Lena Leech second, Almeda third. Time, 1:15.

Seventh Race—The mile and a half furlongs, selling. Milford won, Coupe second, Lachina third. Time, 1:48 1-5.



Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic

WELCOME RELIEF

Follows the use of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic on the face after shaving. Mix with five parts water and bathe the face well each time—and your shaving troubles will all be over.

No more *Chafing, Stinging, Chapping* or *Soreness* if you will do this.

"It's soothing coolness is delightful."

ALL DRUGGISTS · 25 AND 50 CENTS

ASK ANY ONE WHO HAS EVER USED IT!

AFTER-EFFECTS OF THE GRIP

This Elkhart Woman's Experience Is of Value to Those Who Still Suffer.

The danger from grip is seldom over when the characteristic symptoms, the fever, the catarrh, the headache and the depression of spirits pass away. The grip leaves behind it weakened vital powers, thin blood, impaired digestion and over-sensitive nerves—a condition that makes the system an easy prey to pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism, nervous prostration and even consumption. Too much stress cannot be laid on the importance of strengthening the blood and nerves during convalescence.

Mrs. Alfred Shook, living on R. F. D. No. 3, Elkhart, Ind., went through an experience which should be of value to many grip sufferers. She says:

"A year ago this winter I had an attack of the grip and was sick from its after-effects all through the summer. After about a month I became so weak and run down that I was obliged to go to bed where I stayed for three months. I suffered from pains in my head, through the temples, and in the back of my neck. I also had awful backaches. I didn't have any appetite and there was always a pain in my stomach. It seemed as though I was hungry all of the time but couldn't eat anything. I was completely run down and lost a great deal in weight.

"I tried several medicines with no help and was under a doctor's care but he did not cure me. My neighbors told me about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I gave them a trial. It was not many days before I felt better and I took the pills until I was entirely cured. I have gained in weight and do not have a sick day now."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain the elements necessary to make new blood and, as the nerves get their nourishment from the blood, have been found invaluable in a wide range of diseases of the blood and nerves, such as rheumatism, after-effects of the grip and fevers, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

SCHEDULE NOT ANNOUNCED

Committee Completes Its Sessions and Will Report at Spring Meeting.

Mobile, Feb 11.—The Schedule Committee of the Southern League met here this morning at 10 o'clock and went over a number of schedules that had been prepared for it and after remaining in session several hours announced that the committee would make a report to the Southern League at the spring meeting to be held in this city on February 22.

TRADESMAN'S REVIEW

New Industries and Industrial Development Is Noted.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Feb 10.—The more important industries located in the Southern states during the week ending today are indicated in the following list which is obtained from The Tradesman. With each succeeding week the list of new industries increases in number and amount of capitalization involved and this fact, taken in connection with the very optimistic reports received by The Tradesman from its correspondents throughout the South, would seem to be a strong indication of gradual and general improvement in business conditions. Glancing over the list of new industries for the week past it will be noticed that some of the more conspicuous items are as follows: An electric light plant and waterworks in Alabama, a $10,000 milling company and a $100,000 tire company in Arkansas, a $250,000 cotton mill in Georgia, two telephone companies in Kentucky, three oil companies in Louisiana, four lumber companies in Mississippi, several mining and construction companies in Missouri, a $125,000 hardware company and a $700,000 gas and electric company in North Carolina, a hardware company in Oklahoma, a $200,000 rendering plant, a lumber company and a grain elevator in Tennessee, four hardware companies in Texas, a $100,000 furniture factory and a $300,000 iron works in Virginia, and an ice factory in West Virginia.

Arkansas.

Warren—Box factory.
Lonoke—$100,000 milling company.
Benton—$10,000 pottery.
Des Arc—$65,000 lumber and handle company.
Lake City—Telephone company.
Little Rock—$50,000 land company, $100,000 tire company.
Fort Smith—$5,000 manufacturing company.
Texarkana—$50,000 land company.
Springdale—Manufacturing company.
Smithton—$60,000 lumber company.

Oklahoma.

Weatherford—Cement works.
Stigler—$20,000 hardware company.
Antlers—$10,000 paving company.

HARRIMAN MERGER CASE ON.

Cincinnati, Feb. 11.—After a routine session in order to have added to the record of the case certain desired excerpts from testimony given in the Harriman case before the Interstate Commerce Commission, Special Examiner Sylvester G. Williams adjourned his court of inquiry today to meet in Cleveland on Saturday, February 13, to hear witnesses that have been summoned there.

The Cleveland witnesses are expected to testify as to the effect in that district of the union of the Southern and Union Pacific interests, and whether there was evidence of a lessening of competition.

Favorite for the English Derby

H. B. FAIRIE'S BAYARDO
FROM ILLUSTRATED SPORTING AND DRAMATIC NEWS

New York.—Because of the unsettled condition of turf affairs in this country, more than the usual interest attaches to this year's English turf classic, the Epsom Derby, because of the presence in the race of several candidates owned by American turfmen. In the London clubs H. B. Fairie's Middle Park Plate victor Bayardo, is the favorite in whatever discussion has taken place.

He holds an unbeaten certificate, having won every one of his seven starts, culminating with the Dewhurst Plate, seven furlongs, in which he carried 131 pounds and was timed the distance in 1:29 1-5. Bayardo is by Bay Ronald, not a fashionable stallion, and one whose produce have not thus far been noted as stayers. In all but one of Bayardo's races he was ridden by the American jockey "Danny" Maher. There are several American bred colts in the Derby this year.

Some of the English turf critics did not like the manner in which Bayardo won the Middle Park plate. They thought he did not race like a game colt. To offset this, he is one of the few unbeaten colts of the last few seasons.

COLLEGE DEFEATS THE HIGH SCHOOL

Freshman Fall Easy Victims to the Catholic Lads in Basketball Game at New Gymnasium—19 to 5.

The High School freshman team was outclassed by the Little Rock College basketball team in a game played at the college gymnasium after the dedicatory ceremonies last night. The freshmen were defeated by a score of 19 to 5, the college team scoring 13 in the first half.

Ucker, Balch and Panlet were the stars on the college team, Panlet throwing six goals. Christian and Hartley played good ball for the freshmen.

The college line-up was: Field, left forward, Mahoney, right forward, Panlet, center, Ucker, right guard, Balch, left guard.

The freshmen line-up was: Wishendorff, left forward, Christian, right forward, Jones, center; Lelper, left guard; Hartley, right guard.

O'Rourke was referee and Ferry umpire.

CLASS BASKETBALL GAMES

High School Schedule Is Arranged—Begins February 17.

The schedule for the High School interclass basketball championship meet has been completed. The opening games will be played February 17. The match is for possession of the interclass championship cup, which is awarded in June. The cup is now held by the class of 1909. The games will be played in the Coliseum rink during the afternoons.

The teams are captained as follows: Senior, John Dickinson, Junior, Will Letson, Sophomore, Walter Terry, Freshman, Cabell Christian.

The schedule follows: February 17, Seniors vs. Juniors, Sophomores vs. Freshmen. February 24, Seniors vs. Sophomores, Juniors vs. Freshmen. March 3, Seniors vs. Freshmen, Sophomores vs. Juniors.

HIGH SCHOOL TRACK MEET.

The date of the High School indoor track meet has been set for Friday, March 19. It will be held either at the Auditorium or the Coliseum. The program will be completed soon.

TO HOPE EARLY TODAY.

The High School basketball team will leave at 7:30 this morning for Hope, where it will meet the Hope High School team this afternoon in an outdoor game. H. J. Bischoff, the coach, will accompany them. From Hope the aggregation goes to Texarkana, where it will play the Texarkana High School Saturday night.

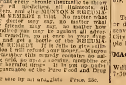
HOSS OPERATION NOT SERIOUS

Bishop Will Enter Hospital at Baltimore Sunday.

Baltimore, Feb. 11.—Bishop E. E. Hoss of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, who came here yesterday from Nashville, Tenn., for medical treatment, will undergo a surgical operation. He will enter Johns Hopkins hospital next Sunday and some time during the week will go under the knife.

The surgeon in attendance said today the operation would not be serious, and that he fully expected his patient to recover speedily. Bishop Hoss was reported today to be resting quietly.

RHEUMATISM



I want every chronic rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and give MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how prejudiced you may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the RHEUMATISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satisfaction I will refund your money.—Munyon.

Remember this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium, cocaine, morphine or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

JEFFRIES MAY MEET AL KAUFMAN SOON

Delaney Offers $10,000 Against His Former Principal—Jeffries Is Quietly Training, Is the Report.

Fresno, Cal., Feb. 11.—Jas. J. Jeffries, when informed of the offer of Billy Delaney to match him and Al Kaufman for a $10,000 side bet, expressed surprise that his former manager should offer to bet against him.

"Kaufman could not lick a postage stamp," was his laconic comment.

It was stated by Sam Berger, who is sparring partner for Jeffries, that the retired champion is training quietly before and after his performances and is of the opinion that the big fellow is getting ready to re-enter the ring.

DORANDO DEFEATS SMALLWOOD.

Philadelphia, Feb 11.—Dorando Pietrie, the Italian Marathon runner, defeated Percy Smallwood, the well-known distance runner, tonight in a twelve-mile race at the Third Regiment armory. The Italian led from the start and had gained a lap on the 14-lap track at the end of the first mile. His time for this mile was 4:54 4-5.

Smallwood stopped running in the eleventh mile, saying his leg had gone back on him. At this time Dorando was leading by four laps.

The winner's time for the 12 miles was 1 hour, 10 minutes, 16 1-5 seconds.

READ THIS.

Little Rock, Ark.

This is to certify I have sold Hall's Texas Wonder for nine years. I can say it is one of the best kidney, bladder and rheumatic medicines I have ever sold. Sixty days' treatment for $1. Snodgrass & Bracy, Gibson Drug Company.

Special Notices

DR. W. S. MAY.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT. Office rooms 14 and 15, Masonic Temple. Hours, 9 to 1, 2 to 5, Sunday, 9 to 11.

MRS. FONES—VOICE CULTURE.

Mrs. Fones announces the change of her studio to suite 32, fourth floor Masonic Temple. For appointments phone studio 1481, residence 222.

O. H. HOFFMAN, Ph.D.

Analytical and Consulting Chemist, 1300 Lincoln avenue. Old phones 878 and 150.

DR. CLIFTON E. WHITNEY.

The combined system of treatment, medicine, surgery, osteopathy and electro-therapeutics, acute and chronic diseases. 822 Main street, Little Rock, Ark. Old phone 106. Examinations free.

We want your residence repair work and ask for an opportunity to bid on making any kind of office fixtures. Quick-order work a specialty.

Mick & Skinner,
1300-1302 Main Street. Phone 23.

ADA B. GLENN,

The art teacher, whose work represents what art should be in drawing, charcoal, water colors, china and oils, is located at 930 Southern Trust building. Classes daily. Come and join.

DR. KASHBAUM

Treats Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat. Expert for Glasses. Catarrh successfully treated. Office, 321 Southern Trust building, third floor. Examination free.

LITTLE ROCK'S OSTEOPATH.

Dr. C. A. Dodson, successfully treats acute and chronic diseases without drugs. Phones 723. Rooms 300-1-2 Riegler building.

MISS BESS P. BOHLINGER,
At Studio, Room 310, Hollenberg Bldg.

Lessons in water colors and china, realistic and conventional. Firing at moderate prices.

SANITARY WORK.

For sanitary work call J. W. Glasco. Office 601 West Tenth. Old phone 3892, with Goodrich & Co., undertakers.

NOTICE!

To people having unsewered privies or dry closets, for $3 we will do your scavinger work for the entire year. City Garbage Company. Office, Whipple building. Old phone 2053, new 211.

MAGNOLIA LODGE, NO. 60, F. AND A. M.

Will meet this (Friday) evening at 7:30. Work in F. C. degree.

J. E. Thornburgh, Sec'y.

BROWN TO HEAR ELEVATOR CASE

Special Examiner Comes Instead of Interstate Commerce Commissioner Harlan to Take the Testimony.

George N. Brown, special examiner for the Interstate Commerce Commission, arrived in Little Rock yesterday afternoon and will today hear the evidence in the case of the Brook-Rauch Mill and Elevator Company against the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain Railroad to obtain use of the Bunch elevator. Commissioner James S. Harlan was reported to be the official before whom the case would be heard, but according to Judge Brown other business engagements connected with the affairs of the Interstate Commerce Commission rendered it impossible for Commissioner Harlan to leave Washington at this time. He will, however, conduct two cases at Memphis next Monday and Tuesday and will also preside at a hearing at St. Louis February 18. Judge Brown came directly from Washington to Little Rock.

"There is no real war against the railroads," said Judge Brown last night. "Although there is much legislation limiting certain powers and rights of the railroads at this time, I find that the majority of the railroads are willing to submit differences to the commission for settlement and accept the finding of that body without protest. There has been discrimination in the past which the railroads either were unable or did not care to avoid. There seems to be more of a tendency toward harmony just at present than during the past."

The seven members of the commission and the seven examiners are very busy men at present, according to Judge Brown. The docket contains about 500 cases which must be heard soon, and the entire corps of commissioners and examiners is constantly employed.

OPERATORS OBJECT TO THE MINE RUN LAW

Anthracite Men From Clarksville Offer Petition Against the Measure—Goes to Labor Committee of Senate.

In the Senate yesterday morning a petition from anthracite coal operators at Clarksville was read and then referred to the Committee on Labor, which has the coal mining bills under consideration. The operators are very much against the mine-run law passed in 1905 and request its repeal. They also want the Senate to appoint a committee to investigate the coal mining industry. The petition is as follows:

Clarksville, Ark., Feb 8, 1909.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Arkansas:

We, the undersigned, citizens and taxpayers of Johnson county, Arkansas, availing ourselves of our constitutional rights, respectfully represent that we are owners and operators of coal mines in said county, and that the conditions of coal mining in our district, produced by adverse legislation, is such as to almost destroy the business.

Unless the legislature calls a halt on further adverse legislation and comes to our relief by repealing the unjust and destructive "mine-run law," enacted in 1905, the only alternative left us as we now see it is to close our mines and abandon our property.

Before the passage of the said "mine-run law" the mine operator in this district was powerless to resist the enormous exactions of the Miners' Union and were by their exactions prevented from operating their mines advantageously either to the operator or to the miner digging the coal.

The mine-run law now in force adds to the exactions of the Miners' Union and requires the operator to pay for everything the miner sends up in his car, which includes slate, dirt, slack and all of the impurities produced in coal mining. These combined average about 50 per cent of the total tonnage produced.

On the "mine-run" basis there is no incentive for the miner to make marketable coal. The only incentive he has is to make tonnage, therefore, he shoots his coal hard, using double and treble the amount of explosives that should be used to make marketable coal, thereby shattering the coal that is left in lump form so that it will not stand handling and does not make good marketable coal.

In addition to this, the band rock is shattered and the draw slate is brought down by the force of the shot, blowing and mixing the rock with the coal and slack.

The mine-run law as it now stands is ruinous to the mine owner and destructive of property rights.

Because under it 50 per cent of the tonnage we have to pay for is waste and yields nothing.

Because 35 per cent of our property is blown into slack, thus destroying coal that if properly mined would be marketable coal and yield a profit.

Because the manner of shooting the coal now employed by the miners and over which we are powerless to control, is such that a very large per cent of the coal which is not blown into slack is so shattered that it is rendered practically unmarketable.

Because it increases the yardage expense 60 per cent.

Because it increases the dead work in the mines, which is a very expensive part of mining, 100 per cent.

Because more than 6 1-2 per cent of the tonnage sent out by the miner is slate and is not only a dead loss that we have to pay for, but is so mixed in with the slack that it is seriously damaged and is so mixed in with the coal that it entails a great expense to remove it, notwithstanding the fact that the Miners' Union recognizes the fact that the miner should mine his coal clean and so contracts.

Because so much slack is unnecessarily produced that we cannot find a market for it.

Because we cannot run our mines and pay for slate, dirt, slack and other impurities unless we can sell the slack.

Because we cannot find a market for our coal in the poor and shattered condition in which it comes from the miner.

Because these conditions not only confiscate from 25 to 35 per cent of our property, but increase the cost of production to such an extent that we cannot get upon the markets with our coal.

We have one of the best coals of the United States, capable of competing on the market with any coal when properly mined, but under this law, with the increased cost of production and poor condition in which the coal comes from the miner, we are helpless and are driven from the markets, not only of other states, but from our own state.

Today the mines from other districts and states are supplying practically all the coal used by the people of our own state.

During the past 12 months we were able to run our mines an average of only 72 days, and then at a loss. Is it right that our property should be destroyed as it is under the present law and that our mines should be idle as they now are?

Before the enactment of this law the miner in the Spadra field earned from $3 to $11 per day, the highest wages paid to coal miners in the history of the world, and certainly it can do them no serious injury to return to the plan that yielded them such handsome wages.

We earnestly ask that the "mine-run law" of 1905 be repealed and that if not repealed your honorable body enact a law exempting the anthracite coal fields of Arkansas from the provisions of said law.

We also respectfully petition you that the anthracite coal fields of Arkansas be exempted from the provisions of the bill now pending before your honorable body known as the "shot-firing" bill, because shot-firing is not hazardous in the anthracite coal fields.

Mines have been operated in the Spadra field for 30 years, and during that long time not a single explosion from shot-firing has occurred.

We assert that the coal dust in this field is nonexplosive and with proper ventilation no gas, therefore, no danger from shot-firing. There are quite a number of very small mines in these fields that employ but few men and the employment of shot-firers would entail an extra and needless expense upon them and in addition would result in the curtailment of the output of the mines, which would necessarily increase the cost of production, which is now burdened beyond endurance.

We assert that the representations we have herein made are true, and we believe that the anthracite coal industry of the state is of sufficient magnitude to require a full and thorough investigation at your hands before enacting any law affecting its interests.

Therefore we request your honorable body to appoint a committee of your members at as early a date as possible with power to summons witnesses, administer oaths and take testimony, to the end that you may ascertain the real facts and conditions with reference to this industry. Respectfully submitted.

(Signed) John C. Hill, M. L. Mardis, Samuel Laser, A. N. Rogan, J. A. Dowdy, M. Lemley, M. M. McWilliams, J. W. Sallis, C. N. Lankford, Joe B. King, G. O. Patterson, D. Ward Dunlap, Frank McWilliams, N. R. Clarke, Tom Clarke, Jno. M. Davis, A. M. McKennon, C. L. Pyle, J. H. Crenshaw, Jet Crenshaw, J. H. Rice, Mrs. J. B. Weatherton, C. E. Robinson, E. F. McConnell, Fremont Stokes, Jas. E. James, Mrs. Ray Thompson, F. L. Poynor, John E. Doley.

(FROM NEW YORK WORLD, JUNE 10, '08)

DRUGGIST SAYS COOPER WOKE UP RECENTLY

Westerner Claims Everybody Will Have to Take His Medicine Eventually.

New York has never before witnessed such a spectacle as may be seen every day at Broadway and Ninth street. It is here that L. T. Cooper, the Western stomachologist, who claims that stomach trouble is at the bottom of all chronic ill health, is meeting the public.

It would be difficult to estimate just how many people call to talk with Cooper during a single day. The store where he is holding forth seems to have become the Mecca for ailing people in New York, and the amount of medicine he is disposing is enormous. In addition to what he sells himself, druggists generally throughout New York are handing his preparations out in unlimited quantities.

A leading druggist said recently: "The public seems to have lost its mind over this man Cooper. Personally, I don't know anything about his medicine. We had nothing to do with his coming to New York and he has until recently sold his preparation entirely through one company. I suppose he thought New York was like one of his Western towns and everybody could be supplied from a corner drug store. He woke up about a week ago and put it on sale everywhere. Since then we have been selling it. I don't know how long this demand will last, but I have never before seen anything like it."

In an interview Monday afternoon Cooper said: "I am not making any wild claims for my medicine. All it does is to stimulate the gastric juices and regulate the digestive organs, but people do not realize how splendid their health would be if only their stomachs were not languid and enfeebled by years of abuse.

"Nine out of ten people who have called today have been sent here by others. Sooner or later every tired, half sick man and woman in New York is going to try my medicine. They can't help it. After I leave New York I shall take two months' rest and then go to London to introduce Cooper's New Discovery in England."

Among New Yorkers who have recently become enthusiastic on the subject of Cooper's medicine is George J. Scott, of No. 274 West Nineteenth street, who said Monday afternoon: "It is hard to realize that any medicine will do all that is claimed for it.

"I have taken all kinds of medicine for ten years and this is the first I have ever found that was worth two cents. I have had rheumatism constantly for ten years and have spent a quarter of what I made for doctors and medicines. I might have taken so much rain water for all the good they did me. Before I had taken this Cooper's New Discovery a week, I realized it was worth something. I have taken it a month and I am as well as I ever was in my life. I have no rheumatism and eat like a horse. I feel like doing something now, where a month ago I hated to walk a block. When I first bought it I thought it was another fake, but now I know better. All the other stuff I have taken was worth nothing; this is worth ten, yes, twenty times what they ask for it."

Cooper's New Discovery is now on sale at leading druggists the country over. We will send a booklet in which Mr. Cooper tells the reason for most ill health, to any one upon request. The Cooper Medicine Co., Dayton, Ohio.

For COLDS and GRIP.

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—relieves the aching and feverishness—cures the Cold and restores normal conditions. It's liquid—effects immediately. 10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

The Greatest Thing for the Appetite

Evangeline Syrup

Its flavor just coaxes you to eat.

For sale at all grocers.

SHREVEPORT SYRUP & MOLASSES CO., Ltd., Shreveport and New Orleans, La.

If you see a man happy, as the world goes—contented with himself and contented with what is around him—you may be sure he is a discriminating smoker and loves a good Cigar.—Frouda (amended).

"The Perfect Smoke."

"CORTEZ" CIGARS

are so excellently made and of such fragrant Havana Tobacco (of the last new crop) as to justify the addition to James Anthony Froude's reference to the contented man.

Made in all sizes.

Dealers: Send in your Orders.

Distributers: Bloch-Lyons Co., Little Rock

Abraham Lincoln Was Born One Hundred Years Ago Today

His Friendship for the South and His Respect for Southern Men

Abraham Lincoln, Born in Hardin County, Kentucky, Feb. 12, 1809. Died at Washington, April 15, 1865

...ties Warren Wilhelm, Author of "The Story Life of Abraham Lincoln."

Abraham Lincoln's grandfather came to Kentucky from Virginia with Daniel Boone, and is Kentucky—in the South —Abraham Lincoln himself was born. Col. Henry Watterson, today American's most famous Southern man of letters, in his splendid tribute to Abraham Lincoln, has this to say of the president's Southern connections:

"He was honored in Southern states. He and all his ...tes were Southerners. Although he left Kentucky when but a child, he was an old child; he never was very young and he grew to manhood in a Kentucky cabin; for when he left Illinois in those days it was a backwoods, rather, grown since somewhat out of proportion. He was in no sense what we in the South used to call 'poor white trash.' He was, perhaps, probably, perhaps, but assuring the appellation, of the class of small farmers, and at the end of a prosperous career, which swept away from the courage of a handful of those settlers, he was stripped and before he was of legal age, a freeholder again. The first boss was a Kentucky gentleman.

Lincoln's Brother Friends.

Lincoln's first friend in Springfield, Illinois, Joshua F. Speed, was a Southerner. Speed became his bosom companion. They shared a bed together and slept several nights. Mrs. Lincoln's first visitor was Mrs. Speed, a Southern woman, to visit Speed in Louisville. After Lincoln and Mary Todd were married they often returned to the "old Kentucky Home." Lincoln was presented by marriage with John C. Breckinridge, also a gentleman of Kentucky, and of whose ...e often took occasion to say he was "very dear."

In fact, while a member of Congress Lincoln made his ...le journey to the South on record.

Says Herndon: I take up my pen to tell you that Mr. Lincoln ...ed a speech, ...ritten, ...d very ...ly ...ed ...ver ...ere ...ere ...ere

THE HOUSE VOTES TO OUST G. R. MANN

(Continued from page 1.)

three all of the two days." The committees does everything in House on week's report," stated Mr. Bowser, "and now we are not intelligently on the question at this singer. You may say that this investigation will I presume would cost too much. It would surely not cost half as much as it will if we go ahead blindly and act finally in the committee."

Southern Assembly Criticisms.

Mr. Bowser is a member of the House of the Arkansas Legislature. Several years ago, stated that he wished to reply to the statement "of a gentleman from Logan to the effect that the Insurance Company withheld the report of trustees and commissioners. Mr. Smethers and Colonel Gregg. Mann and declared that he had "uttered, letter and true statements in the case. I have not taken any part in the matter. I have not taken any part in the matter. I have not taken any part in the matter

FOR SALE

$5,000 buys an interest in one of the best paying retail businesses in the city. If interested, call and see us at once.

FOR SALE—

We have a boarding house at Eighth and Scott Sts. We want to sell the furniture and lease. This is the best location for a boarding house in the city. If you want a bargain call and see us.

FOR SALE—

One of the handsomest residences in the city. Located on Arch St. between Wright Ave. and Nineteenth St. For particulars call and see us.

FOR SALE—

Five acres of land eight blocks west of Forest Park. Price, $7.50.

Southern Trust Company

COTTON MARKET HAS SUPPORT

Trading Was Nervous and Unsettled, However, With Close Barely Steady—Southern Spots Unchanged.

New York, Feb 11.—The cotton market had quite a good deal of support today, but continued nervous and unsettled with the close barely steady, at a decline of 2 to 6 points. Sales estimated at 160,000 bales.

The market opened steady, at a decline of 1 to 3 points, with the active months selling 2 to 4 points net lower right after the call, owing to disappointing cables, liquidation and local bear pressure. At the decline to 9.40c for July and 9.27c for October, there was active buying, both for the account of some of the large spot houses and through commission houses. These demands checked the downward tendency and during the middle of the day prices sold 1 to 5 points net higher, with late months relatively firm. Buying orders were withdrawn on the advance, however, and later the market again weakened, owing to talk of shipments here from the South for delivery on March contracts, liquidation by early buyers and a renewal of local bear pressure. The close was at very nearly the lowest of the day.

Southern spot markets officially reported early were generally unchanged to 1/8c lower. The report of the National Ginners' Association that 12,814,000 bales had been ginned to February 6, and that no cotton remained to be ginned except in a few counties of Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas and Oklahoma, together with continued dry weather in the Southwest, may have helped the rally after the opening, but did not figure largely in the market. The New York market will be closed tomorrow, reopening for business on Saturday, but Liverpool and New Orleans will be open tomorrow as usual.

Receipts at the ports today were 20,023 bales, against 36,003 bales last week, and 26,159 bales last year. For the week, 193,000 bales, against 251,633 bales last week, and 177,782 bales last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans, 6,554 bales, against 5,922 bales last year, and at Houston, 10,180 bales, against 6,659 bales last year.

Futures opened steady and closed barely steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Today.	Close Yes'dy.
Feb	9.50	...	...	9.42	9.48
March	9.53	9.55	9.45	9.43	9.54
April	...	...	...	...	9.48
May	9.45	9.50	9.41	9.43	9.47
July	9.43	9.47	9.30	9.39	9.44
Aug	9.62	9.57	9.32	9.31	9.35b
Sept	...	...	...	...	9.29
Oct	9.27	9.34	9.26	9.27	9.29
Nov	...	...	...	9.22	...
Dec	9.23b	9.29	9.22	9.22	9.25
Jan	9.22	9.25	9.22	9.20b	9.23

Cotton—Spots, closed quiet, middling uplands 9.85c, middling gulf, 10.10c, sales, none.

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Spots easy. Low ordinary, 5 5/8c; ordinary, 5 15-16c; good ordinary, 7 3/8c; low middling, 8 1/8c; middling, 9 3-8c; good middling, 9 3/4c; middling fair, 10 1/4c; fair, 11c.

Receipts, 6,544 bales; stock, 290,193 bales.

Spots, easy, 1-16c lower. Middling, 9 3-8c. Sales, 250 bales on the spot and 50 to arrive.

Futures opened steady at a decline of 2@3 points on disappointing cables, but after the first call braced up on past buying for wheat looked like the short account. On this movement prices were sent to a level 6 points over yesterday's closing. In the afternoon session bears applied pressure and prices fell rapidly until near the end of the day, when they stood at a net decline of 3@6 points. The close was steady at this level.

Futures closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Today.	Close Yes'dy.
Feb	...	...	...	9.29	9.33
March	9.45	9.54	9.44	9.44	9.48
April	...	...	...	9.44	9.48
May	9.50	9.58	9.47	9.47	9.52
July	9.59	9.63	9.57	9.57	9.62
Oct	9.25	9.33	9.24	9.24	9.27

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Feb. 11.—Closing: Cotton—Spots, moderate business done, 6 points lower. American middling fair, 6.07; good middling, 5.31; low middling, 4.91; middling, 5.11; good ordinary, 4.51; ordinary, 4.16.

Sales, 10,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export, and included 9,500 bales American.

Receipts, 22,000 bales, including 20,900 bales American.

Futures opened easier and closed steady.

	Today.	Yesterday.
February	5.04	5.03
Feb.-March	5.02½	5.02
March-April	5.03	5.02½
April-May	5.03½	5.03
May-June	5.01	5.04
June-July	5.05½	5.06
July-Aug	5.05½	5.06
Aug.-Sept	4.99½	5.00
Sept.-Oct	4.95½	4.97
Oct.-Nov.	4.93	4.93½
Nov.-Dec.	4.91	4.91½
Dec.-Jan	4.90	4.90½
Jan.-Feb.	4.89	4.89½

LITTLE ROCK.

Little Rock, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Tone, steady. low middling, 8¼c. middling, 9 1-16c. good middling, 9⅝c.

Receipts today—	1909	1908
By Iron Mountain	340	106
By Cotton Belt	22	52
By wagon	0	61
Total today	362	185
This week	3,445	2,439
Since September 1	223,946	138,368
Shipments today	928	9
This week	5,782	1,248
Since September 1	173,518	120,379
Stock	50,501	22,251
Middling	9 1-16	11⅛

GALVESTON.

Galveston, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Quiet, middling, 9⅝c, net receipts, 7,076 bales; gross receipts 7,078 bales, stock, 150,313 bales; exports to continent, 2,515 bales, coastwise, 4,107 bales.

AUGUSTA.

Augusta, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Quiet; middling 9⅝c, net receipts, 319 bales, gross receipts, 319 bales; shipments, 413 bales; sales, 632 bales; stock, 85,708 bales.

ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Dull; middling, 9 7-16c, net receipts, 130 bales, gross receipts, 2,477 bales, shipments, 2,6.. bales, sales, 65 bales; stock, 42,343 bales.

MEMPHIS.

Memphis, Feb 11.—Prime crude oil, 4.60@65c; prime meal, $23.50; linters, 1½@3c.

COTTON SEED AND PRODUCTS.

Seed—Nominal.

Oil—Prime crude, 4 1-2c per pound.

Meal—Prime, per ton, $23.50.

Hulls—$4 per ton.

Linters—2c per pound.

Receipts—Seed, today, 7 cars, last year, 15 cars; since September 1, 3,155 cars; last year to date, 2,331 cars.

Shipments—Hulls, today, 7 cars; last year, 3 cars, since September 1, 622 cars, last year to date, 305 cars. Meal, today, 7 cars, last year, 5 cars, since September 1, 1,125 cars; last year to date, 628 cars. Oil, today, 2 cars; last year, 1 car; since September 1, 262 cars, last year to date, 184 cars.

Memphis, Feb 11.—Cotton—Quiet, middling, 9⅝c; sales, 2,500 bales, including 2,000 bales previous evening.

Grain

Chicago, Feb 11.—Wheat for May delivery sold here today at $1.13 per bushel, the highest point touched since the famous Gates deal in 1906. All of the advance was held and the market closed strong at the top at net gains for the day of 1-2@⅝ to 1⅛c. Corn closed easy and oats and provisions steady.

Prodded on by additional purchases by leading bulls, numerous small shorts were active bidders for May wheat throughout the entire day, resulting in the price of that option advancing to the highest point recorded in more than three years. Offerings in the pit, however, were light. The opening bulge was due largely to an advance in Liverpool of ⅜@½d. The more distant deliveries also opened at moderate advances. With the exception of the September delivery prices during the day did not fall below the opening level, demand being sufficiently brisk to absorb all offerings at firm prices. The bulls were aided in their campaign by the continuation of an unusually lively demand by millers for cash wheat in this country. A fresh burst of bullish enthusiasm in the final half hour carried May to $1.13, where it rested at the close.

The bulge in wheat had no effect on the corn market, which was inclined to be weak.

Profit-taking by local longs had a weakening effect on the oats market, but prices held fairly steady throughout the day.

Despite selling by local packers, provisions held fairly firm all day on covering by shorts, who were actuated by decreased receipts of live hogs. The close was steady, with prices 2 1-2@5c higher than yesterday's close.

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	112@112⅛	113	112	113
July	100⅝@101	101⅛	100⅜	101⅛-¼
Sept	96⅝@97⅛	96⅞	96⅛	96¾
Corn—				
May	64⅛@64⅞	64⅞	64¼	64⅝
July	64⅝	64⅝	63⅞@64	63⅞
Sept	64¼	64⅛	63¾@63⅞	63⅞
Oats—				
May	52⅜@53½	53½	53⅜	53⅛@¼
July	48	48	47⅞	47⅞@¾
Sept	39⅞	39⅞	39⅜	39¾

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Firm.

Rye—No 2, 75½c; feed or mixing barley, 62@63c; fair to choice malting, 63@64c.

Flax Seed—No 1 Northwestern, $1.61; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.65.

Timothy Seed—$3.75.

Clover—$9.20.

Mess Pork, per bbl.—$16.75@16.87½.

Lard, per 100 lbs.—$8.75@9.00.

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mess Pork, per bbl—				
May	16.95	17.05	16.92½	16.97½
July	17.02½	17.15	17.02½	17.07½
Lard, per 100 lbs.—				
May	9.65	9.72½	9.65	9.70
July	9.77½	9.85	9.77½	9.82½
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs—				
May	8.85	8.95	8.85	8.90
July	9.05	9.10	9.05	9.07½

Total clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 121,000 bushels, exports for the week, as shown by Bradstreets, were —— bushels. Primary receipts were 415,000 bushels, compared with 705,000 bushels the corresponding day a year ago.

Estimated Receipts Tomorrow—Wheat, 6 cars, corn, 81 cars; oats, 72 cars, hogs, 25,000 head.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour—Barrels	27,400	19,100
Wheat—Bushels	27,600	15,200
Corn—Bushels	167,500	270,900
Oats—Bushels	183,200	142,600
Rye—Bushels	8,000	2,000
Barley—Bushels	97,500	24,900

Car of receipts. Wheat, 5 cars, with 3 cars of contract grade; corn 92 cars, 1 car contract grade, oats, 65 cars. Total receipts of wheat at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth today were 120 cars, compared with 283 cars last week, and 407 cars the corresponding day a year ago.

Butter—Steady, creameries, 22@30c, dairies, 21@25c.

Cheese—Strong, daisies, 16½c; twins, 14¾@15c; young Americas, 16c; long horns, 16½c.

ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Feb 11.—Close: Wheat—No 2 red, cash, $1.21@1.25, No 2 hard, $1.15½@1.20, May, $1.09⅝@¾, July, 95⅝c.

Corn—No 2 cash, 62½c; No. 2 white, 64½@65½c; May, 62⅞@63c; July, 63¼c.

Oats—No. 2 cash, 52½c, No. 2 white, 53½c; May, 52⅞c; July, 47¾c.

Lead—$3.90@95.

Spelter—$4.82½.

Chickens—11½c; springs, 13½c, turkeys, 17½c; ducks, 12c; geese, 6@7½c.

Butter—Creamery, 23@31c.

Flour—Steady.

Hay—Steady.

Whiskey—$1.38½.

Iron Cotton Ties—$1.

Bagging—6⅞c.

Hemp Twine—7c.

Receipts—Flour, 6,700 barrels, wheat, 50,000 bushels, corn, 69,000 bushels, oats, 29,400 bushels.

Shipments—Flour 9,700 barrels, wheat, 61,000 bushels; corn, 41,700 bushels; oats, 60,700 bushels.

KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Feb. 11.—Cash wheat: No. 2 hard, $1.06@1.10; No. 3, $1.03@1.08; No. 2 red, $1.25, No. 3, $1.17@22.

Corn—No. 2 mixed, 60½c, No. 3, 59c, No. 2 white, 61½c, No. 3, 61c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 51@52c, No. 2 mixed, 49@50c.

Close: Wheat—May, $1.03½; July, 93¾c; September, 90c.

Corn—May, 60¾c; July, 60⅝c, September, 59¼c.

Receipts—Wheat, 73,000 bushels; corn, 29,000 bushels; oats, 13,000 bushels.

Shipments—Wheat, 75,000 bushels, corn, 10,000 bushels, oats, 20,000 bushels.

EGGS.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Eggs—Easy at mark, cases included, 26@31½c; firsts, 31½c; prime firsts, 32½c.

St Louis, Feb 11.—Eggs—29½c.

Little Rock, Feb. 11.—Eggs—25½c.

GRAIN AND FEED MARKET.

(Official jobbing quotation by the Board of Trade Grain and Produce Committee.)

Wheat—$1.10.

Corn—72c.

Oats—60c.

Bran—$1.18.

Corn Chops—$1.35.

Corn and Oats Feed—$1.40.

Shorts—$1.40.

Hay—Arkansas, $8, Territory, $10, alfalfa, $16, timothy, $15.

Cottonseed Meal—$25.

Cottonseed Hulls (in sacks)—$7.50.

Corn Meal (48 lbs.)—$3.00.

Corn Meal (24 lbs.)—$3.10.

LOCAL FREIGHT STATEMENT.

Receipts Yesterday (cars)—Bran 1, building material 6, coal 14, cooperage 8, cotton seed 7, feed 1, flour 2, furniture 3, hay 5, hardware 2, liquor 1, logs 4, lumber 8, machinery 2, meal 1, oil 3, produce 4, wood 5, merchandise 61, miscellaneous 12; total, 159, against 81 last year. Cotton, 353 bales; corn, 22,000 bushels, oats, 5,000 bushels.

Shipments (cars)—Building material 6, cooperage 4, cottonseed hulls 7, cottonseed meal 7, cottonseed oil 2, feed 21, furniture 1, hay 3, ice 1, lumber 4, machinery 2, meat 5, produce 1, merchandise 90, miscellaneous 5; total, 159, against 113 last year. Cotton, 928 bales, corn, 3,000 bushels; oats, 4,000 bushels.

GRAIN STATEMENT.

Receipts—Hay, today, 60 tons; last year, 84 tons; since January 1, 2,032 tons, last year to date, 3,698 tons. Corn, today, 22,000 bushels; last year, 1,000 bushels; since January 1, 701,000 bushels; last year to date, 570,000 bushels. Oats, today, 5,000 bushels; last year, 1,000 bushels; since January 1, 121,000 bushels; last year to date, 154,000 bushels. Wheat, today, 0 bushels, last year, 0 bushels; since January 1, 1,000 bushels, last year to date, 22,000 bushels.

Shipments—Hay, today, 35 tons, last year, 36 tons; since January 1, 916 tons, last year to date, 948 tons. Corn, today, 3,000 bushels, last year, 5,000 bushels, since January 1, 445,000 bushels; last year to date, 227,000 bushels. Oats, today, 4,000 bushels; last year, 1,000 bushels, since January 1, 116,000 bushels, last year to date, 161,000 bushels. Wheat, today, 0 bushels, last year, 0 bushels; since January 1, 1,000 bushels; last year to date, 1,000 bushels.

HOLIDAY IN CHICAGO TODAY.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—There will be no markets here tomorrow, Lincoln's birthday.

Stocks

New York, Feb. 11.—The dull strength in today's market was ascribed in large part to foreign influences and was an echo of the rout undergone by the bear element in the speculation on the London stock market. The situation abroad has been cleared up materially by the international political adjustments which have been going on and which remove a weight of apprehension that has rested on the financial markets for many months past. Most of the business was done during the early part of the session, the activity declining after the London business hours had passed.

Bonds were firm, total sales, par value, $7,631,000.

United States 2's declined ¼, the 4's registered 3-8 and coupons 1-2 per cent on call for the week.

Closing Stock List.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalg Copper	52,400	77⅞	77	77⅜
Am Cotton Oil	700	51½	51	51¼
Am. Sug. Refining	2,100	132¾	131	131¼
Atchison	2,800	100¼	99⅞	99⅝
do pfd	...	...	...	101⅜
Baltimore & O.	4,900	105⅞	105½	105⅝
Brook R. T.	8,700	71⅜	71	70⅝
Chesapeake & O.	30,600	68⅜	65¼	67⅝
Chic. & N. W.	100	177½	177½	176
C., C., C. & St. L.	600	71⅞	71⅝	71⅝
Colo. F. & I.	2,600	40⅝	40	40⅝
Colo. & South.	1,000	67	66	66
Erie	5,800	31⅜	31¼	31¼
do pfd.	300	47	46⅞	46½
Ill. Central	1,900	143	142½	142¼
K. C. Southern	2,400	42⅜	42¼	42⅝
do pfd.	600	72¼	72	72
Louis. & N.	3,300	127⅞	124½	127
Mo. Pacific	3,200	72⅞	72¼	72¼
N. Y. Central	100	127½	127½	127
Norfolk & W.	3,900	91¼	91⅛	91¼
Pacific Mail	100	31½	31½	31½
Pennsylvania	3,400	132¼	132	132
People's Gas	15,700	111⅛	106⅜	110¼
Reading	40,900	133	132	132⅝
R. I. Co.	2,100	25⅛	21⅞	21⅞
do pfd.	3,500	61⅝	61⅛	61⅞
St. L. S. W.	...	...	...	23⅝
do pfd.	...	...	...	58½
South. Pacific	15,400	119⅛	118⅞	118⅝
do pfd.	600	122⅝	122	121⅞
South. Ry.	4,700	24⅞	26	25⅞
do pfd.	4,700	64⅞	63⅞	64⅞
Texas & Pacific	13,500	37⅛	36⅝	36⅝
Union Pacific	51,100	179½	178¼	179
do pfd.	...	...	...	91
U. S. Steel	18,200	52⅞	52½	52⅝
do pfd.	1,600	113⅝	113¼	113⅝
Va.-Car. Chemical	1,300	46⅛	45⅝	45⅞
do pfd.	100	115	115	114½
Wabash	300	19	15⅞	15⅝
Western Union	...	...	...	67

Total sales for the day, 395,600 shares.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb 11.—The men's wear trade for fall continues active and the larger producers have had a most successful volume of business tendered.

The jobbers are doing an active house trade in dress goods, wash fabrics, ginghams, silks and knit goods.

The primary market is strong on cotton goods, more particularly those sold under the best-known demands.

COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.

New York, Feb 11.—Sugar—Raw, steady, fair refining, 3.11; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.61; molasses sugar, 2.86; refined, steady.

Coffee futures closed steady net unchanged to 5 points higher, June being the only month to show a gain. Sales, 50,250 bags.

Spot coffee, steady, No. 7 Rio, 7⅞@8⅛c; No 4 Santos, 8⅝c, mild coffee, steady; Cordova, 9½@13c.

MONEY MARKET.

New York, Feb 11.—Close: Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.10@4.85.20 for sixty-day bills, and at $4.87.20 for demand, commercial bills, $4.84⅝@4.85; bar silver, 51⅝c. Mexican dollars, 44c; government bonds, weak; railroad bonds, firm.

Money on call, steady, 2¼@2½ per cent; ruling rate, 2¼ per cent; closing bid 2 per cent; offered at 2¼ per cent, time loans soft and very dull, 2½@2¾ per cent; 90 days, 2¾ per cent; six months, 2@3¼ per cent.

WEIGHT OF COTTON BALES

Secretary Hester Issues Statement on Southern Movement.

New Orleans, Feb. 11.—Secretary Hester today issued a statement of weights of 8,241,505 bales of cotton handled at ports and overland across the Mississippi and Potomac rivers to American manufacturers outside of the cotton belt during the months of September to January inclusive, showing an average per bale of 519 43-100, against 512 18-100 pounds per bale for the same period last year.

Detailed averages are:

Texas ports, 532 75-100, against 526 25-100 last year.

Louisiana ports, 522 41-100, against 519 76-100 last year.

Alabama ports, 521 92-100, against 521 13-100 last year.

Georgia ports, 505 65-100, against 501 69-100 last year.

South Carolina ports, 480, against 492 last year.

North Carolina ports, 507, against 485 last year.

Virginia ports, 485, against 485 last year.

Tennessee, etc., 521 70-100, against 509 50-100 last year.

These averages are based on official returns of the secretaries and superintendents of the exchanges and exports at ports, etc., in the states named.

Bargain

Ten acres of good tillable land on Nineteenth street pike: Will sell at bargain if sold in 10 days. Terms to suit. Address

P. O. BOX 256.

FOR SALE

The best farm in Pulaski county for truck gardening and small fruit and melons. Located within 7 miles of business center of Little Rock, ¼-mile from pike; 30 acres in cultivation; good improvements; apple, peach and plum orchards; good running water the year around; no rocks. Owner wants to sell quick and offers at a sacrifice. Let me show you this place. Address OWNER, Lock Box 146, City.

Arkansas Gazette Classified Columns

Rate: One Cent a Word.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—At once, a good house boy. Apply at 1201 CUMBERLAND. 67251

WANTED—Experienced bag sewers; good pay to good hands. ARK. FERTILIZER CO. 67195

WANTED—Three young men to sell goods on train. Apply O'BRIEN BROS., room 111, Fulk Bldg. 66747

WANTED—Young man for office work; must be able to take dictation. Call at 1415 W. MARKHAM. 57231

WANTED—Two solicitors of neat appearance, to travel; 20 to 25 years of age. Must be sober men and hustlers. See S. M. REAGAN, Torrey hotel, 1110 W. Markham. 67163

WANTED—Some one who can sell typewriters to represent us in Little Rock territory; $500 required to swing the proposition. We furnish stock, etc. Address G275, care Gazette. 67254

WANTED—One first-class night watchman, one assistant planing mill foreman, 6 bolt cutters, 4 stave makers, 5 tiemakers, 2 families for farm, 1 chef. Apply O'BRIEN BROS., 111 Fulk bldg. 67147

WANTED—Mill foreman, $100 to $150; gang sawyer, $3.50 to $4.50, lumber checkers, $60 to $75; bookkeepers, $35 to $125. Give age and experience. Apply AMERICAN OPPORTUNITY CO., Houston, Tex. 57002

WANTED—Five young men that can furnish good references to sell fruit, papers, books, cigars, etc., on trains; good day run that pays good money. Call or write the GLOBE OPPORTUNITY CO., rooms 305, 306 and 307 Riegler bldg., Little Rock, Ark. 66231

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade and take positions waiting our graduates. Few weeks completes. Constant practice furnished; scholarship includes tools, instructions, demonstrations, examinations and diplomas. Write for catalog. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Would $5 per day interest you for nice, clean genteel work, any good man can easily earn this much or may double it. Apply today. We want a man in every county and city in the state. RODGERS & HEATON, Room 631 Southern Trust Bldg., Little Rock. 67232

WANTED—Railway mail clerks. Salary, $800 to $1,400. No "lay-offs." Examination in Little Rock May 15. Common education sufficient. Candidates prepared free. Write immediately for full particulars. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Rochester, N. Y. 56831

WANTED—If you are out of a position or wish a better one, write us for our plan of securing you the employment you are NOW qualified to do and at the highest salary paid for such work. GLOBE OPPORTUNITY CO., rooms 305, 306 and 307 Riegler bldg., Little Rock, Ark. 66231

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS—Postoffice clerks and carriers, postoffice inspectors, motormen and conductors, firemen and brakemen. Large salaries paid. Sample questions sent free. AMERICAN STANDARD RAILWAY INSTITUTE, Kansas City, Mo. 67228 67226

WANTED—Men to qualify for paying positions as railway firemen, motormen, mail clerks. Many openings. Practical instruction at low cost. Write for free catalogue. State position desired. THE WENTHE RAILWAY CORRES. SCHOOL, Freeport, Ill. Dept. 618. 56390

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED—By reliable couple, furnished rooms for light housekeeping with private family, can furnish best references. Address F87, care Gazette. 67230

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Offices, Whipple building. Two good offices. All conveniences. Apply on premises. 67171

WANTED—A first-class grocery on Pulaski Heights. Brick store. Will be vacant December 5. Rent, $15 per month. H. F. AUTEN. Phone 1226. 63234

FOR RENT—Raise chickens. Chicken farm for rent on railroad, near Mabelvale. Good land and cheap rent. ENGLAND REALTY CO. 67243

FOR RENT—150 acres of river bottom land, 4 houses, $100. See A. E. Adams, 1820 Summit avenue, or call OLD PHONE 835. 66104

FOR RENT—Six-room cottage at 1805 West Tenth street, with electric lights, bath and sink in kitchen. Apply 1000 WOLFE. 67169

FOR RENT—Furnished, all or part of 6-room modern cottage, one 4-room cottage, near car line and Choctaw depot. Apply 1007 E. EIGHTH. 67228

FOR RENT—If you want to rent a house call at our office and get a list of what we have. New lists made every Monday. ENGLAND REALTY CO., 115 W. Second. 66039

FOR RENT—Two large rooms, neatly furnished for light housekeeping, every convenience, to couple without children. 415 BROADWAY. 67194

FOR RENT—To men only, three nicely furnished bedrooms, two en suite or two bedrooms and a sitting room. Furnace heated and all modern conveniences. 808 BATTERY, one block from Highland Park car line. 54493

FOR RENT—Please phone or call at our office for list of houses, flats, stores and office, etc. The most complete in the city. MERCANTILE TRUST CO. 66508

FOR RENT—1214 Scott, one-half of a cottage, 5 rooms, furnished, newly papered. Electric light and bath room. For a couple without children. Will be for rent February 10. Apply 313 Spring street. 56987

FOR RENT—One-half of residence at 1318 Center street, to married couple without children, either upstairs or downstairs rooms. Modern conveniences. Apply or address P. N. COPPEDGE, 1318 Center street. 57170

FOR RENT—Best equipped place in the city for dancing is the Turner hall, Fourteenth and Commerce streets. Parties contemplating giving a ball can get same at a reasonable figure by calling on FRED ROSSNER, Secretary, 309 W. Markham. 66708

FOR RENT—Three new modern 6-room houses (apartment plan), Spring near Sixteenth, to acceptable tenants at reasonable rental. Furnace, bath, basin in bedrooms, and hot water connections throughout from range and furnace. See them and phone me. L. E. HINTON. 66161

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for a small family. 1414 PARK LANE. 67237

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS and board; also a few table boarders wanted. 305 East Fifth street. 56916

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, with gas range. 823 CENTER. 57239

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, all modern conveniences; close in; on car line, no children. 823 CENTER. 57238

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished, furnace heated front rooms, single or en suite. 424 E. SIXTH. Phone 3421. 57238

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, with all modern conveniences; gentlemen only. Call 625½ MORRIS FLATS, corner Seventh and Center. 57114

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front rooms, with city heat and all modern conveniences. Apply at 906 CENTER. 57176

FOR RENT—Large, airy, elegantly furnished rooms, with or without board; desirable location; close in, references exchanged. 418 W. SECOND. 56951

FOR RENT—Rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping, gas lights and range; telephone, modern conveniences; close to car, no children. 719 E. THIRTEENTH. 67115

FOR RENT—Furnished room, bath, gas, electric lights, phone, half block from Main street. 113 E. NINTH, brick house. 671688

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board. All conveniences. References required. OLD PHONE 3348. 66238

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front rooms for housekeeping, all modern conveniences. Apply WOODS FLATS, Twelfth and Main. 56091

FOR RENT—One handsomely furnished room with all modern conveniences, with board, two minutes' walk from Main street. Apply 219 E. SIXTH. 45477

FOR RENT—To couple or gentlemen, elegant suite two rooms and private bath. Modern conveniences. Warm in winter, cool in summer. Close in. OLD PHONE 806. 52104

BOARDING.

FOR RENT—Well-furnished rooms, hot and cold bath, first-class table board. Call at 720 Center street. OLD PHONE 775. 57136

BOARDING—Nice rooms, all modern conveniences, with excellent table board, one and one-half blocks from Main street. 219 E. Fourth. Phone 2676. 57062

BOARDING—Elegantly furnished front room for two gentlemen or couple, in modern brick house. Block and a half from Fourth and Main. Also table boarders wanted. 217 E. FOURTH. Old phone 4696. 57147

FOR RENT—3 large, light and beautiful rooms, southern exposure, well-arranged for light housekeeping. One block from Fifteenth street car line. Also one good barn for rent. Phone 4265. 1323 State street. 57146

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS STAMP CO.—Rubber stamps, stencils, seals, etc., especially for banks, stores and mills. Store and factory, 114½ W. SECOND (Elks bldg.). Phone 4534. 52296

NOTICE TO TRAVELING MEN—The Gibson House, Beebe, Ark., is under new management, newly refitted and furnished. Meet all trains. Open day and night. Solicits your patronage. Strictly $2 per day. Free sample rooms and open parlor. F. W. BRADY, proprietor. 57034

LOST.

LOST—Lion head watch fob, monogram on back, E. S. R. Liberal reward. W. E. TAYLOR, Gus Blass Dry Goods Co. 57150

LOST—Lady's gold watch and heart, blue back and open face; engraved in gold, Bessie Ross, 413 West Fifth. Reward of $5 if returned to above address. 57249

LOST—Between Marion hotel and Ninth and Rock streets, a gold fob engraved with monogram, "F. L. R." Reward for its return to 900 MAIN. 57179

LOST—Gold glasses, between Eleventh and Barber and the High School. Finder please return to 1025 BARBER avenue and receive reward. 67233

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One share People's Laundry stock, par value, $25, for $22.50. PHONE 2529. 57266

FOR SALE—Arkansas prairie hay in car lots. Always write us for prices. J. H. SIMS & CO., Hazen, Ark. 53820

SLIGHTLY used furniture at less than one-half original price, at EXCHANGE FURNITURE CO.'S, 123 West Fifth. 59728

FOR SALE—Fresh milch cows, with calves. THALHEIMER & SON, Third and Spring. 57208

FOR SALE—New Oliver typewriter; late model, cheap. Phone 1004. P. O. BOX 227, city. 57240

FOR SALE—300 tons early cut prairie hay. For prices write D. W. SON, Melburn, Okla. 66775

FOR SALE—Furniture and lease of Planters' hotel. Inquire of J. A. INLOW, proprietor. 66237

FOR SALE—Pure bred S. C. Brown Leghorn eggs, 15 for $1.50. 2216 MAIN, old phone 1640, new phone 135. 57201

FOR SALE—25,000 feet mill cull oak lumber, various sizes, $7 per thousand feet. Inquire R. D. Leas Fuel Co. 56974

FOR SALE—Cheap, a beautiful downtown cottage; east front. Call 1158 OLD PHONE. 57251

FOR SALE—We have good paying restaurant for sale. Address O262, care Gazette. 57245

FOR SALE—Hotel outfit, best location in Little Rock, one block from Union depot. Ill health reason for selling. Address K232, care Gazette. 56479

FOR SALE—Pure black Minorca eggs, $1 per setting, all kinds of milk cows for sale or trade. S. W. BOYDSTUN, R. F. D. No. 5. New phone 455. 57143

FOR SALE—Furniture of a 16-room boarding house; house is for rent, 22 regular boarders. OLD PHONE 4772. 56859

FOR SALE—Complete job printing outfit. Will sell cheap for cash or part cash and balance easy to responsible party. Address V251, care Gazette. 56299

FOR SALE—A bargain, 1 lot on Pulaski Heights, 6 blocks from Oak street station, only $250. Must sell. Address P-231, Gazette. 57072

FOR SALE—Handle machinery, almost new, for making axe, adz, sledge, pick, hatchet and hammer handles. Address F. E. MATHENY, Norris City, Ill. 56780

SAFES—New and second-hand, sold easy payments. J. BAUM SAFE AND LOCK CO., 1027 Chestnut street, St. Louis, Mo. 53944

FOR SALE—Three fine gold fish for $1. They are from 3 to 4 inches long and are beauties. 117 RIVERSIDE. New phone 940. 57209

FOR SALE—Near car line and school, two choice lots, only $600, $60 cash, balance $10 per month. See CARTER JOHNSON, 205 W. Second. 57148

FOR SALE—Cheap, one piano-box top buggy. Rubber tires. CHATWIN BROS. SAND CO., foot of Cumberland street. 57122

FOR SALE—A 6-room house and 75-foot terraced lot at a bargain. 1222 Summit avenue. WM. KURTZ, Heber, Ark. 57212

FOR SALE—Dry goods, clothing store. Good stand, near Main street. Will sell at reasonable price. Reason, sickness. Address W266, care Gazette. 56995

FOR SALE—Two nice corner lots, facing east, for only $600; near car line and school, $50 cash, balance $10 per month. See CARTER JOHNSON, 205 W. Second. 57148

FOR SALE—Pea green alfalfa hay, good ear corn, grain of all kinds, cheap, at FARMERS' GRAIN CO., corner Seventh and Cross. Old phone 2816. 54686

FOR SALE—All kinds of red oak, white oak, maple, gum and pine lumber. Address B. T. MURPHY, El Dorado, Ark. 56182

FOR SALE—One $250 National cash register, been used only two months; good as new. Can be bought at a bargain. Call on C. L. JONES, 301 Main street, care Foster Hdw. Co. 57173

FOR SALE—A first-class drug business, in live town of 5,000; stock about $6,500. If you mean business, write and will give full particulars. BOX 711, Hope, Ark. 57121

I HAVE a good 6-room house, near Sixteenth and Barber; one full lot, 2 blocks of car line and 3 blocks of new school, price $3,000. O. E. WHITE & CO., 414 Main. 57210

FOR SALE—One bright sorrel horse colt 2½ years old, 15 hands high, broke single; real gentle. Call to see at SEVENTH AND GAINES WAGONYARD, until Saturday. 57205

FOR SALE—Two lots and 1-story stone building, renting for $70 per month, in good Oklahoma town, cheap for cash. Address L618, West Fifth, Little Rock, Ark. 57218

FOR SALE—The choicest 6-room cottage for sale in the city, near the Centennial school and Fifteenth street car line, only $2,650. See CARTER JOHNSON, 205 W. Second. 57148

FOR SALE—Three 4x8 pool, one 4x8 billiard tables, recovered, refinished; in first class condition, with full equipment, at a bargain; easy terms. THE GROSMAN CO., 306 Jackson street, Dallas, Tex. 56169

FOR SALE—700 cords 4-foot wood, mostly oak, about 2½ miles from Little Rock on pike, price on ground $2.40 per cord. Apply to CHAS. SCHATTLER, Argenta, Ark., or Frank Stanley, Levi postoffice, Ark. 57203

FOR SALE—Four million feet pine stumpage in Saline county, Arkansas; 2 to 4 miles of railroad. Address Lock Box 38, BENTON, Ark. 56542

FOR SALE—Can furnish improved farms 80 to 200 acres, 5 to 7 miles of Morrilton, at prices ranging from $10 to $15 per acre. ADAMS & BOYLE & COATES. 56929

FOR SALE—Farm, 2,400-acre, Red river bottom farm, at a bargain; 1,000 acres in cultivation. PERKINS-DULANEY LAND CO., Ashdown, Little River county, Ark. 57243

FOR SALE—I have for sale one of the best rentable propositions in the city, on colored property, will take about $6,000 to handle it. If you have money to invest, it will certainly interest you. O. E. WHITE & CO. 57210

FOR SALE—Something never heard of before. Three nice corner lots and 5-room cottage, new, good well of water and outhouses, for only $1,100. Be sure and see this home. CARTER JOHNSON, 205 W. Second. 57148

INFORMATION WANTED.

WANTED—Information concerning the whereabouts of Henry C. Mason, last located at Center Ridge, Ark., in 1900; any information concerning him will be rewarded by W. A. MASON, 312 East Eleventh, Little Rock, Ark. State papers please copy. 57256

TIMBER Arkansas and Louisiana pine and oak, 40 to 40,000 acres, on railroads. Deal with owners direct and save time and money. For list address "Timber," care this paper.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Slightly used furniture, stoves, carpets, etc., at bargain prices. Cash or payments. We buy and exchange. Call on MAITLAND FURNITURE CO., 717 Main street. Phone 2... 53940

FOR SALE—Nearly new 18-room hotel, opposite Iron Mountain depot, heavy transient trade, with fine shade; paying proposition, must sell, account of health at once. W. A. THOMPSON, Benton, Ark. 57244

FOR SALE—Farm, 80-acre farm 75 acres in cultivation, two sets of houses, on public road; two miles from county site, at a bargain. Price, $1,000. PERKINS-DULANEY LAND CO., Ashdown, Little River county, Ark. 57242

FOR SALE—Coal, no slate, no slack, prompt delivery. ADAMS FUEL CO., old phone 2177, new phone 155. 57235

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, a $3,500 law library. Call OLD PHONE 3126. 67178

FOR SALE—200 acres adjoining Hot Springs, Ark. A resort by nature. Near street car line, will make valuable addition to city, only $75 per acre. F. R. WEATHERSBY, 1113 1-2 Congress, Houston, Tex. 66750

FOR SALE—Make me your best offer either to buy or sell, on the following stocks. Great Western Oil Refining, Arkansas and Arizona Copper and Delta Consolidated G. M. Co. Address P. O. box 296, Little Rock. 56484

FOR SALE—Drug business in good county seat, southwest Arkansas, some cash, easy terms; fine cold drink business. Owner moving West. Address W273, care Gazette. 66961

FOR SALE—One second-hand 25-horsepower Arlington & Luis high-speed engine; first-class condition, with belts, pulleys and shafting. A bargain if taken at once. L. P. BOILER AND IRON WORKS. 60134

FOR SALE—Timber; 12,000,000 feet of hardwood timber, bargain in this, $8,500. PERKINS-DULANEY LAND CO., Ashdown, Little River county, Ark. 57247

FOR SALE—Send four one-cent stamps for catalogue illustrating eight varieties of standard-bred poultry and how to get 18 eggs for 65 cents. Address GRAND PRAIRIE POULTRY FARM, Stuttgart, Ark. 57259

FROST-PROOF cabbage plants for sale at $1.75 per 1,000, express charges prepaid to Mammoth Spring, Ark. Same should be planted in February. Address JAMES RAY GERATY, Young's Island, S. C. 57119

GET OFF

AT the West End Furniture Store. Every car stops in front of the door. We buy, sell and exchange furniture, stoves and all household goods. 824 W. MARKHAM. Phone 3564. 66197

FOR SALE—Timber Land. I own 2,000 acres of good timber land principally oak, situated below Little Rock on the Iron Mountain railroad, that I wish to sell. I am not an agent, but own the property. S. SAMPSON CARSON, Ripley, Tenn. 57204

FOR SALE—Best lumber sited in Arkansas; one-half mile sidetrack; will hold one million feet of lumber, town of 6,000 inhabitants; good country trade for 30 miles around, one other lumber yard in town; good lease and plenty of yard room, also up-to-date planing mill. J. O. BURGESS, Newport, Ark. 55783

DO YOU WANT a nice home, within 10 minutes' walk of Fifth and Main? One full lot and 9 rooms, brick, practically new; modern in every way. This is a beauty and should not be overlooked, price is $7,500; one-third cash. O. E. WHITE & CO., care American Bank. 57210

FOR SALE—My residence, 1518 Battery; 9 rooms; all modern conveniences, two lots, stable, servants' quarters, fine fruit, etc. No agent. DR. J. F. LEWIS. 57053

FOR SALE—Soda fountains. We have several bargains to offer, in both new and second-hand fountains; attractive prices, very easy terms. Write or phone THE GROSMAN CO., 306 Jackson street, Dallas, Tex. 56456

FOR SALE—Walnut bedroom suite, with ebonized iron bed, complete; walnut sideboard, card table, oak dressing table and chair, mahogany desk and chair, large leather chair, rocker. Call PHONE 590. 57207

FOR SALE—We have a nice bargain for you if you are looking for a small business location. Storeroom and full lot at 1411 Wright avenue. Price $1,300, on terms to suit. SANDEFUR-WATERS REALTY CO., 115 Louisiana. Phone 294. 57500

FOR SALE—A sacrifice sale if sold this week, a pretty 5-room cottage, bath, sewer, water, lights, in a block of the new depot. No. 1522 North street. Look at this place if you want a bargain. See CARTER JOHNSON, 205 W. Second. 57148

FARM LANDS FOR SALE—We now have 2,000 acres cut-over timber land. August, 1908, deadening ready for sale on very reasonable terms. This is high bottom land, cattle range year around, write us for particulars, will sell in any quantity. WRIGHT-BACHMAN LUMBER CO., Portland, Ark. 56976

FOR SALE—Wonderful bargain. Ten room dwelling, all nicely finished, barns and other outbuildings, store buildings, four comfortable tenant houses, nearly new, 15 acres of ground on railroad, with fine switch privileges; fine water, healthy location, postoffice in store. Worth $4,000, and cheap at that. For sale at one-half price. Address BOX 146, Benton, Ark. 57246

FOR SALE—Think over this, 150 feet on Victory and 100 feet on Tenth, five blocks from new state capitol, 3 brick stores and two cottages; all rented for $1,500 a year, will net 10 per cent on investment and will advance rapidly in value. This is a snap. Get busy if you want it. Address D265, care Gazette. 57241

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—To buy a good team of work mules 5 or 6 years old. Apply W. W. WILSON STAVE CO., Argenta. 57142

WANTED—Large tracts of gum timber land in Arkansas. Address W. W. RAINS, Box 145, Memphis, Tenn. 56934

WANTED TO BUY—I will consider buying grocery or other small business, well located, prefer grocery on car line. Might rent well-located store. Address M251, care Gazette. 57221

WANTED TO BUY—White oak, red oak and hickory logs, F. O. B. cars, in large quantities, in a radius of 100 miles of Little Rock. Must be on the Rock Island, Iron Mountain or Cotton Belt railroads. Write for prices and specifications to R. R. M'INTOSH, 3122 West Eighth street, Little Rock, Ark. Please do not write unless you mean business. OLD PHONE 4650. 56810

STRAYED.

STRAYED—From 1109 McGowan, black horse with white above left eye. Call old phone 1684 and give any information leading to his recovery. 57167

STOLEN OR STRAYED—One long haired, liver colored Irish setter, year and eight months old, two white front feet, slight white ring in breast, end of tail scant of hair. Finder will receive a liberal reward. Return to MONROE LEE (barber), Second and Louisiana streets. 57166

Stifft's for Diamonds.''

Two Days More for Valentine Buying

And this stock offers a beautiful selection of appropriate Valentines in heart-shaped Lockets, Charms, Sewing Sets, Book Marks, Belt Pins, Stick Pins, Brooches, Jewel Boxes, Watches, Cupid Clocks, etc.

THESE $3 JEWEL BOXES (illustration half-size), best quadruple silver plate,

$1.75

Double-Heart Pin Tray $1.50
Napkin Ring, heart shape base, wishbone on top and ring engraved, "Love's Token" $1.50
Heart shape Book Mark 50c
Heart shape Key Ring 75c
Heart shape solid gold Brooch $1.50
Heart shape Pearl Brooches . . . . . $10 up

CATALOG FREE BY MAIL.

CHAS. S. STIFFT, Main and Third

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

The wedding of Arthur Cecil Wilson and Miss Ina Sides, daughter of Mrs. Silas W. Sides took place at the family residence, 2315 Arch street. The house was arranged in spring blossoms, the reception hall being done in yellow jonquils and ferns, the parlors in palm groups and white hyacinths and the dining room in tulips and ferns. At 7 o'clock the maid of honor, Miss Keatis Sides, attended the bride to the altar, where they were met by the groom and his best man, John B. Woodson. Rev. Chas R. Hyde of the Second Presbyterian church said the ceremony. The bride wore her going-away gown of blue broadcloth. The maid of honor wore a toilette of primrose messaline and lace. The wedding luncheon was served. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have gone West for a bridal journey, after which they will be at home to friends at 2420 Gaines street, after March 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Churchill gave a cotillion at the Quapaw Club last night in honor of Miss Kate Martin and Miss Margaret Horte (Tennessee), at which time 100 guests were delightfully entertained. The parlors were beautifully decorated with cut flowers and palms. The stairways, corridors and ball room were palm decked. Punch was served throughout the evening and a course supper at midnight. The cotillion was led by Chas. K. Lincoln and J. H. Campbell, a number of novel figures being introduced. The receiving line included Mr. and Mrs. Churchill, Miss Annie Martin, Chas. K. Lincoln, Miss Kate Martin, J. H. Campbell, Miss Margaret Horte, Abner McGehee, Miss Rose Dickinson, Asa Gracie, Miss Louisa Gibson, Will Sutcliffe, Miss Laurita Tunrah. The occasion was one of the most pleasing of the midwinter functions.

Mrs. Gordon Greenfield celebrated the seventh anniversary of her marriage yesterday by giving a bridge party at which time the guests were the married women friends of the hostess. The drawing rooms were bedecked with quantities of pink and white carnations and ferns and a delicious luncheon was served after the game. Mrs. Ed Joyce and Mrs. J. R. Clarkson won the prizes.

Mrs. William A. Carraway, 516 High street, returned yesterday from a five weeks' visit to relatives and friends in North Carolina. The greater part of the time she spent at Kernersville, the guest of her brother, W. H. Leak. She also visited in Winston-Salem, Greensboro and High Point.

A delightful bridge-euchre and cotillion was given at Concordia Club last night. The hostesses were Mesdames Maurice L. Altheimer, Sidney Thalheimer and A. A. Ehrman. Refreshments were served at midnight. Seventy-five guests were present.

Mrs. George Vaughan, 500 Battery street, assisted by Mrs. John L. Clegg, entertained the Keller Chapter, U. D. C., yesterday afternoon at the home of the former. The rooms were arranged with cut flowers. A musical number was given by Miss Stephenson. A business meeting was followed by a hot luncheon. Guests of the chapter were Mesdames Hal Norwood and Springfield.

Mrs. Arnold Lange entertained the Book Club at 500 yesterday, complimentary to Mrs. Andrew Crow of Cheatham, Ontario. A hot luncheon was served after the game, in which the prizes were won by Mesdames John Hodges, Alfred Leymer and Janie Woolford.

Mrs. Harry Pfeifer and son, Harry Jr., left Wednesday for Louisville, Ky., to be present at the family reunion to celebrate her father, S. Kaufman's, birthday and spend a few weeks among her friends.

The Bon Ami Club met yesterday with Mrs. Cummins at the home of Mrs. R. E. Farrell. The best scores were made by Mrs. F. G. Blocher and Mrs. R. Lease. Mrs. Farrell will be the next hostess.

The Matrons' Whist Club met yesterday with Mrs. Jacob Blass. Mesdames B. Cohn, Jacob Blass and B. Franklin won the prizes. Mrs. Annie Bloom will entertain the club next Thursday.

Mrs. D. A. Hegarty has returned after an absence of several weeks in Chicago, where she was operated on at the Mercy hospital.

Miss Virginia Bernice Yeahle, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Virginia Greene, has returned to her home in St. Louis.

Mrs. Ashley Cockrill will give a luncheon today in honor of the Misses Wellington.

The dance to have been given this evening at Peterman's hall has been postponed.

Mrs. Irving Miller will entertain with a girls' card party this afternoon in honor of Miss Geraldine Owen.

Mrs. Dan Daniels will visit in Shreveport, La., next week.

Mrs. Max Gottlobt will entertain at bridge on February 18.

Mrs. M. C. Hutton is visiting friends in Pine Bluff.

Mrs. David J. Michael will entertain with a luncheon-bridge today.

Mrs. A. Frank of Nashville, Tenn., is the guest of Mrs. Baumgarten.

The Crystal Club will meet today at the home of Mrs. Al Shields.

NIGHT RIDER TRIAL ON AT WALDRON COURT

Five Men, Charged With Murder of Man by Band of Riders After He Was Ordered to Leave.

Fort Smith, Feb. 11.—Charged with murder in the first degree, five men, farmers of Scott county, were placed on trial today at Waldron, Ark.

The defendants are accused of membership in a mob which three months ago called out John Bailey and lynched him.

The murdered man had been warned to leave the county because of his refusal to hold his crops for higher prices.

A gang of 60 "night riders" visited his home several nights later, called out Bailey and his housekeeper, whipped the woman severely and lynched the man.

UTAH HOUSE IS PROHIBITION.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 11.—The state wide prohibition bill passed the House of Representatives today. Notice was given of a motion to reconsider the vote. If the bill reaches the Senate it will meet with strong opposition.

TO THE LADIES

Plumes and lores cleaned and dyed. 1619 Broadway. Phones 2454 or 1254.

THE BLENDING OF

LUZIANNE COFFEE

gives a blending of flavors into an exquisite bouquet, pleasing to connoisseurs.

SOLD EVERYWHERE, 25c

THE REILY-TAYLOR CO., New Orleans, U. S. A.

Argenta

PROF. SWEARINGEN IS REINSTATED

School Board Reaches Unanimous Decision After Long Session—Principal to Resume Duties Feb. 22.

The School Board voted unanimously at its meeting last night to reinstate C. S. Swearingen, principal of the High School, who was suspended Wednesday of last week, the reinstatement to be on February 22. Five members of the board were present, the sixth, P. D. Bolton, being in Missouri.

In reaching this conclusion the board discussed the matter until midnight. The members were placed in a delicate position, having to consider both the interests of the schools and the public. They recognized that the punishment given by Mr. Swearingen to Thomas Sharp, a school pupil, who is the son of Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Sharp, was severe. On the other hand they held that if the principal was dismissed it would have the effect of weakening school discipline.

47 DIFFERENT VARIETIES

Ways of Spelling Argenta That Are Not Correct.

Argenta is susceptible to a variety of spelling, judging from the list which a postoffice clerk has made up from letters received at the substation. The list follows:

Eargenter, Argenti, Orjentry, Argentin, Aregentur, Argentur, Argenter, Rgintery, Argentery, Argentry, Argeta, Orgenta, Argentine, Argenster, Argents, Aranta, Argenire, Orgentry, Argora, Argnela, Argentie, Aryenta, Argentia, Argentrar, Argnia, Argent, Argertas, Argenio, Argurala, Augenta, Argellta, Argantu, Arajentry, Argmetla, Rgentrer, Aiagenter, Eargenta, Argeta, Argentrla, Argeiner, Arfenter, Argnel, Rgenter, Hargenta, Argento, Argendu, Argiee.

MEXICAN IS SENT TO JAIL

In Contempt of Justice Court for Failing to Appear as Witness.

The third or fourth act in the seriocomic hold-up and weapon-carrying proceedings in Justice Roberts' court occurred yesterday when G. H. Remilous, a Mexican, was fined for contempt of court for failing to show up as a witness at the trial of M. L. Woodall on the day before. To convince witnesses that they must respect the orders of his court, Justice Roberts fined the Mexican $3 and sentenced him to five days' imprisonment in the county jail.

Remilous begged to be allowed to pay the fine and costs in consideration of escaping jailing, but Justice Roberts was obdurate, even though he lost his costs.

FINED FOR NOT PAYING BOARD.

Guy Harris, who has been acting as a special officer of the Humane Society in Argenta was fined $20 by Justice Ramsey yesterday on complaint of Mrs. Robinson, keeper of a boarding house, who alleged that he was owing her a board bill. Through his attorney, W. R. F. Paine, Harris appealed to the Circuit Court. His commission as humane officer has been revoked.

HURT IN A COLLISION.

A rig in which Clyde E. Lowery, a lawyer, whose office is over the Twin City bank, was run into by a wagon and overturned on East Washington avenue Wednesday night at 9 o'clock. Mr. Lowery was thrown to the ground and received a cut on his head, eight stitches being required to close the wound. In the wagon were two negroes, both of whom had been drinking. They righted the buggy and helped Mr. Lowery into it.

TO ORGANIZE CLUB TONIGHT.

The proposed athletic club, of which W. H. Ellis is the main promoter, will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the new brick building at 113 Maple street for formation. A. C. Gallagher of the Cleveland (O.) Athletic Club and Angelo Marre, a well-known athlete of Little Rock, will make short talks and suggestions. Some of the leading business men of Argenta will also be present. All interested in athletics are invited to attend.

STANLEY-LOVE.

Paul V. Stanley of Lory and Miss Elsie Love of Argenta were married yesterday afternoon at 5:30 at the residence of Rev. O. J. Wade in Little Rock. They will make their home in Argenta.

ARGENTA NOTES.

A Valentine social will be given by the Ladies' Aid Society of Gardner Memorial church at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Kavanaugh Saturday afternoon.

Mandy Devine and Bertha Bailey, negresses, were tried in Justice Ivy's court for disturbing the peace and discharged yesterday.

A. K. Burroughs, a Rock Island conductor, is seriously sick at St. Vincent's Infirmary.

H. C. Royston of Kansas City is a new employe in the Valley Savings bank.

J. C. Kesler has been called from Piedmont, Mo., by the sickness of his wife.

Walter Buchanan returned yesterday from McGehee, where he took a trial trip as brakeman. He will return today to take a regular run.

Six extra Iron Mountain engineers were given regular runs this week.

Miss Catherine Khamno of Little Rock will sing comic songs at the Star theater tonight.

The Argenta Collection and Investment Agency, of which Frank N. Henderson is attorney and C. J. Baker manager, had a large safe placed in their offices over the Valley Savings bank yesterday.

FOR MEN

People know the name ROYSTON for Men's Hats and Shirts, and as soon as they saw the first advertisement that we would close this stock out regardless of cost or values they began to buy, and we have had steady trade since we moved to the corner of Third and Louisiana Streets.

In 10 days we will move back to our old stand at the Capital Hotel, and the balance of this stock must be sold.

Wilson Bros.' or Cluett's Shirts, choice of any stock in the house, $1.00.

$18 Overcoats $9.85
$20 Black Raincoats $13
$25 Black Raincoats $14.85
$35 Black Raincoats $25
$4.00 Wellington Soft or Stiff Hats $2.95
$3.00 Hats $1.95

Royston's CASH SALE

Third and Louisiana Streets.

TO THE LADIES

Save your combings and have them made into the latest styles of hair goods. Work guaranteed. 1619 Broadway. Old phones 2454 or 1254.

LEMP CASE WILL PROCEED

Judge Will Overrule Motion for Decree—More Witnesses.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—Before the trial of the divorce suit of Mrs. Lillian Handlan Lemp adjourned today until Saturday, Mrs. Lemp's attorneys announced they will file a motion Saturday asking that a decree be entered in her favor as it now stands. It will bar out the testimony of William J. Lemp Jr. and all of his witnesses, if granted. Judge Hitchcock told the lawyers he would overrule the motion and would hear the case to the end.

More Witnesses Called.

A. H. Handlan, father of Mrs. Lemp, was called as a witness today. He testified that on several occasions Lemp had talked with him in reference to getting a divorce from his daughter.

"He told me he did not think my daughter could get a divorce because she was a Roman Catholic, but he was willing for her to have it," said Mr. Handlan, who was on the stand only a few minutes.

G. G. Pabst of Milwaukee, a brother-in-law of the defendant, was one of the witnesses to the ante-nuptial agreement between Mr. Lemp and Miss Handlan, that if children were born the mother would not attempt to influence them in a religious way.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Two houseboats and several small rowboats. Apply J. K. MASSEY'S FISHERY, foot of Sherman street. 4631

Drives Them Out of the House to Die

Stearns' Electric Rat and Roach Paste

is sure death to rats, mice, roaches, etc. 2 oz. box 25c; 16 oz. box $1.00. Sold everywhere or sent express prepaid on receipt of price.

STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE CO., Chicago, Ill.

LABOR LEADERS ON IMMIGRATION

Secretary Straus Says Work Is Not to Be Governed by Exigencies of the Movement.

Washington, Feb. 11.—At the conference of leaders of organized labor with Secretary Straus of the Department of Commerce and Labor today criticism of present immigration laws was made by nearly every speaker, including President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor; Warren S. Stone of the Locomotive Engineers, and President Valentine of the Molders' Union. Mr. Valentine declared conditions affecting unemployed workmen were worse now than in the panic years of 1873 and 1893.

He said that in Detroit 1,100 molders were walking the streets, while positions were being furnished all through the division of information to molders who just arrived in America. He urged restriction on immigration.

Straus Points Out Obligations.

Secretary Straus pointed out that the United States international obligations as old as the country itself, which could not be abrogated even when it might seem temporarily advantageous to do so.

"If we were to undertake that," said the secretary, "from the standpoint of amity and international intercourse our action might be tantamount to a declaration of war with a foreign power."

The sharp issue between Secretary Straus and Commissioner Neill in their views as expressed before the conference and a tribute paid to Secretary Straus featured today's session.

Straus Complimented.

President Gompers, speaking to the assemblage, expressed regret that Secretary Straus was not to continue at the head of the Department of Commerce and Labor in the incoming administration and on behalf of organized labor extended thanks to the secretary for his thoughtful consideration of laboring men and their interests.

Secretary Straus responded that he did not propose to relinquish the work entirely, but expected to continue it as a private citizen. He said he hoped at no distant time to see the National Council of Commerce, which had been organized through his efforts, brought into intimate relations with a similar organization of the representatives of labor.

JUSTICE GERARD HEARS CRIMINAL LIBEL CASE

Reserves Decision of Rockefeller-Star Suit—Justice Dowling Overrules Demurrer to Indictment.

New York, Feb. 11.—Decision was reserved by Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court today after he heard arguments upon the writ of habeas corpus obtained by counsel for Samuel S. Carvalho, Bradford Merrill and Edward Clark, the officers of the Star Company, publishers of the New York American, in the prosecution for criminal libel instituted by John D. Rockefeller Jr. It was contended that the defendants as officers of the corporation could not be legally held as responsible parties for the alleged libel in any criminal effect it might have.

Justice Gerard said he considered that criminal intent or actual participation must be proved and that unless it be held that the mere publication of a newspaper was criminal, the contention that actual specific intent need not be proved would hardly hold good. The court said he would receive briefs and reserve decision.

Corporation Cannot Commit Libel.

While the argument upon the writ of habeas corpus was proceeding in Justice Gerard's court Justice Dowling in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court was passing upon another feature of the case. He handed down a decision that a corporation can commit the crime of libel within the meaning of the law and overruled a demurrer to an indictment charging libel against the Star Company.

An indictment was filed on January 6 last, after John D. Rockefeller Jr. had testified that an article printed in the American about him was untrue. Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for the company, contended in a lengthy argument that a corporation could not commit the crime of libel while District Attorney Jerome argued that it could. Voluminous briefs with authorities on the subject were presented.

By the overruling of the demurrer the corporation will be called upon to plead to the indictment within a few days.

SUES FOR LIQUOR PENALTY

Oklahoma Prohibitionist Asks $38,000 From Hotel Company.

Guthrie, Okla., Feb. 11.—State Prohibition Enforcement Attorney Caldwell today filed suit against the Lone Hotel Company, proprietors of the Lone hotel, for $38,000 at the rate of $1,000 per day, accruing for alleged violations of the prohibition law.

The Lone is the headquarters for politicians, members of the legislature and lobbyists.

TWO INDIANANS MEET BY CHANCE

Ex-Governor Durbin and Rhody R. Shiel Pass Time of Day in Little Rock Hotel—Say It's Accidental.

By an accidental till of the die of chance, two men of national prominence in political and business affairs, who were companions in younger days and have been life-long friends, met in Little Rock yesterday. Rhody R. Shiel—everybody calls him Rhody, for all his gray hairs—a millionaire and master politician of Indianapolis, Ind., and ex-Governor W. T. Durbin of Anderson, Ind., a man known all over the country, happened into the city yesterday. Both went to the same hotel and both happened to pass through the lobby at the same time. Then, of course, fate itself would have had a job stopping the meeting.

Mr. Shiel has been in Helena, and has only recently come from Cuba and South America, where he has been spending the winter, investigating his favorite hobby, farm and stock improvement. Governor Durbin has been in the West on business and was passing through here on his way to St. Louis. He arrived here yesterday morning and Mr. Shiel came in at 2 o'clock from Helena, where he has been visiting a friend. Governor Durbin left at 7:45 o'clock last night for St. Louis.

"It's the second time recently I have met Durbin in the South by accident," said Mr. Shiel last night, shaking his head at a question that the meeting might have some political significance. "Two months ago I met him in Vicksburg, when I was on my way to South America. We are great old friends, you know. He was my colleague from Indianapolis to the Republican national convention in 1888, and we have been to several conventions since. I'm a dead one now in politics. I'm retired. Don't intend to do another lick of work. Got all the money I want and am satisfied."

Is a Prominent Republican.

Mr. Shiel has been a big figure at every Republican national convention for 31 years. He figured prominently in the last convention at Chicago. While he was not a delegate, he favored the nomination of Taft.

Recently he has been connected in an unofficial way with the Country Life Commission of the federal government, and has assisted the commission in many ways. A recent booklet written by him at the request of the commission has been circulated all over the country.

Limit Your Spending

And SAVE the balance. That is a better way to get a start financially than to limit your saving and SPEND the balance.

It is surprising how quickly you can create capital when you go about it in the proper way and with determination.

With capital—reserve funds—you are ready for business opportunities which will surely come to you. Remember, it is

NOT YOUR SAVING

alone that will make you independent. Your money must be in a safe place and must work for you.

Commercial, Savings and Bond Departments.

Capital paid in, $500,000.

State National Bank

CORNER FIFTH AND MAIN STS, LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

MGR. KENNEDY MAY GET POST

Congregation of Cardinals Is Said to Favor Him for Cleveland.

Rome, Feb. 11.—A consistory of the congregation of cardinals was held this morning under Cardinal Delai. It is reported that the vacancy in the bishopric of Cleveland, O., was discussed and it was decided to propose that the pope appoint Mgr. Kennedy, rector of the American College here, to this post. The rumor, however, is impossible of verification, as all members of the congregation from cardinal to clerks, are under oath of secrecy.

According to reliable reports the consistorial congregation deferred making any appointment to the bishopric of Cleveland until a later meeting. The election of a bishop for this diocese, it is stated, is an extremely delicate matter owing to racial antagonisms.

SHOE NEWS FROM KEMPNER'S

Friday and Saturday Specials

About 300 pairs of Men's $3.50 to $5 Oxfords, all leathers, **$1.95**	250 pairs of Ladies' $4.00 and $5.00 Oxfords, all leathers, **$1.95**
About 200 pairs of Regal Tan Shoes, $3.50 and $4 values (this season's Shoes), **$2.75**	200 pairs of Ladies' $3.50 to $5, French heel Shoes, sizes 1 to 4, **95c**
75 pairs of Ladies' Felt Slippers, all colors, **95c**	Boyden's Patent Leather Button Oxfords, **$2.95**
Baby Soft Sole Shoes . . . . 29c 25c Polish . . . . 12c 10c Polish . . . . 4c Baby Moccasins 25c	BESIDES THESE SPECIALS WE HAVE 24 TABLES LOADED DOWN WITH RARE BARGAINS.

YOU MUST HAVE THE CASH TO BUY THESE SHOES

SEE WINDOWS. **KEMPNER'S** SEE WINDOWS.

418-420 Main Street

DICKINSON COUGH SYRUP

Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Price 25c, 50c and $1. For sale by the following:

Pat W. McLendon Co., 403 Main street.
J. F. Dowdy, 204 Main street.
Beidelman Drug Co., 216 Main street.
F. W. McClerkin, Seventh and Main streets.
Snodgrass & Bracy, 120 Main street.
Read-Hegarty Drug Co., 501 Main street.

Manufactured by John B. Bond Jr., Wholesale Druggist.

!!! The Very Name of Stratman Has for Years Been a Synonym of the Highest Quality !!!

Up-to-Date Women and Men, Up-to-Date Gowns and Suits, Call for Absolutely Up-to-Date Shoes. No Has-Beens Here. This Accounts for Our Immense Business During This Historic and Remarkable Sale of High-Grade Shoes. NOTE THE PRICES. THE LAST GREAT CUT. BUY NOW AND HERE. NOTE THESE PRICES.

Extra Cut on All Ladies' and Children's Shoes

LADIES' SHOES.

All Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $5.50, now $4.10
All Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $4.50, now $3.85
All Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $3.50, now $2.35
All Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $3.00, now $2.10
All Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $2.50, now $1.95

EVERY PAIR Must Be Sold COST CUTS NO FIGURE

Every Pair Shoes Must Be Sold Regardless of Cost

MEN'S SHOES.

All Men's Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $6.50, now $5.10
All Men's Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $5.50, now $4.10
All Men's Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $3.50, now $2.35
All Men's Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $3.00, now $2.10
All Men's Shoes and Oxfords, regular price $2.50, now $1.95

EVERY PAIR Must Be Sold COST CUTS NO FIGURE

GEO. H. STRATMAN & SON, 207 Main St., Little Rock, Ark.